

Converting Colors

XYZ(57.4447, 60.3617, 64.8148)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(57.4447, 60.3617, 64.8148)
contains.

XYZ(57.5492, 60.4767, 65.1399)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

**XYZ(57.5492, 60.4767,
65.1399)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CDCCCB
RGB	205, 204, 203
RGB Percent	80%, 80%, 80%
CMY	0.1961, 0.2000, 0.2039
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.01, 0.20
HSL	30°, 2%, 80%
HSV	30°, 1%, 80%
XYZ	57.5492, 60.4767, 65.1399
YIQ	204.1850, 0.9170, -0.0990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	205, 205, 203
Decimal	13487307
CIE Lab	82.10, 0.17, 0.61
CIE LCh	82, 0.631, 74.717
Yxy	60.4767, 0.3142, 0.3302
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291677387 (0xFFCDCCCB)
YUV	204.1850, -0.5842, 0.7148
Hunter-Lab	77.7668, -3.9977, 4.7736

Details

The XYZ color **57.5492, 60.4767, 65.1399** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **57.2409, 60.2892, 66.3785**, and the grayscale version is **57.5161, 60.5114, 65.8970**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **29.0937, 30.5619, 32.7994** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.9183, 54.8689, 52.3297**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62.6658, 66.5373, 79.7072**.

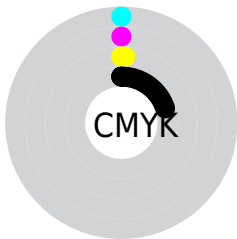
Distribution



- Red (80%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 57.5492, 60.4767, 65.1399 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 57.5492, 60.4767, 65.1399 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57.5492, 60.4767,
65.1399

■ 57.5492, 60.4767,
65.1399

405.4850,
426.3526, 461.6145

■ 41.6882, 43.8030,
47.1225

100.3928,
105.5209, 113.8662

■ 29.0473, 30.5157,
32.7774

128.1062,
134.6601, 145.4121

■ 19.2610, 20.2303,
21.6863

160.5010,
168.7233, 182.3046

■ 11.9642, 12.5626,
13.4305

197.9427,
208.0949, 224.9622

■ 6.7913, 7.1280,
7.5914

240.7966,
253.1592, 273.8034

■ 3.3771, 3.5423,
3.7506

289.4281,

■ 1.3562, 1.4210,

304.3007, 329.2469

1.4896

344.2024,
361.9037, 391.7110

■ 0.2247, 0.2321,
0.2101

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 57.5492, 60.4767,
65.1399

■ 57.5492, 60.4767,
65.1399

■ 52.9183, 54.8689,
52.3297

■ 62.6658, 66.5373,
79.7072

■ 48.7524, 49.6950,
41.2055

■ 68.2778, 73.0535,
96.0914

■ 45.0366, 44.9460,
31.6970

■ 72.8330, 79.4110,
106.0969

■ 41.7534, 40.6097,
23.7273

■ 75.8354, 85.4157,
107.0977

■ 38.8838, 36.6733,
17.2133

■ 78.9872, 91.7193,
108.1483

■ 36.4074, 33.1230,
12.0640

■ 34.3016, 29.9441,
8.1780

■ 32.5407, 27.1205,
5.4392

■ 31.0952, 24.6340,
3.7099

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.6645, 60.4767, 65.3312



57.5492, 60.4767, 65.1399



57.4159, 60.4767, 65.1380

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.5492, 60.4767, 65.1399



57.2326, 60.4767, 66.0364



57.6627, 60.4767, 66.3744

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.5492, 60.4767, 65.1399



57.2409, 60.2892, 66.3785

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



57.5467, 60.4767, 66.5648



57.5492, 60.4767, 65.1399



57.2985, 60.4767, 66.3692

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.5492, 60.4767, 65.1399



57.2332, 60.4767, 65.6546



57.4134, 60.4767, 66.5629



57.7301, 60.4767, 66.0435

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.5492, 60.4767, 65.1399



57.3347, 60.4767, 65.2444



57.4134, 60.4767, 66.5629



57.6281, 60.4767, 66.4570

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.5509, 60.4793, 65.1412

95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000



57.4327, 60.0516, 65.6917



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.5509, 60.4793, 65.1412



94.2382, 99.0290, 106.6174



57.7885, 60.9544, 65.2204



12.5291, 13.1671, 14.1879



18.7807, 14.2943, 1.7692



1.0448, 0.8892, 0.1166

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.2409, 60.2892, 66.3785



93.7112, 98.7058, 108.7208



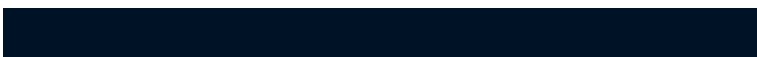
57.0049, 59.8171, 66.2998



12.4641, 13.1273, 14.4473



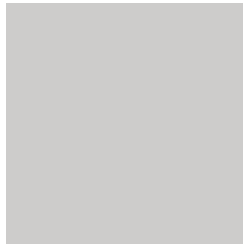
9.9204, 8.8648, 37.1445



0.5877, 0.6091, 1.9415

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.5492, 60.4767, 65.1399 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

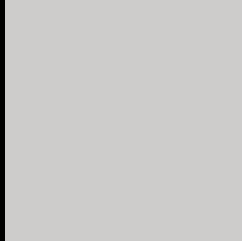
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.5492, 60.4767, 65.1399 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

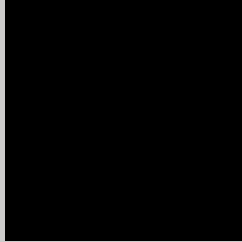
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

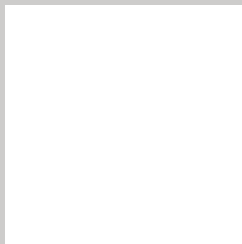
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 57.5492, 60.4767, 65.1399

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.5492, 60.4767, 65.1399.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.5492, 60.4767,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57.5492, 60.4767, 65.1399

Protanopia

58.0290, 60.3860, 64.4743

Deuteranopia

61.8336, 60.5951, 65.5638



Tritanopia

59.5075, 60.5684, 74.8842

Trichromacy



Original Color

57.5492, 60.4767, 65.1399

Protanomaly

57.7487, 60.2415, 64.4612

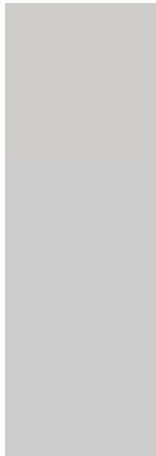
Deuteranomaly

60.1686, 60.4199, 65.6177

Tritanomaly

58.8198, 60.6378, 71.5549

Monochromacy



Original Color

57.5492, 60.4767, 65.1399

Achromatopsia

57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568

Achromatomaly

57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 57.5492, 60.4767, 65.1399 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(205, 204, 203) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 204, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 204, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 204, 203) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 57.5492, 60.4767, 65.1399 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 204, 203) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 204, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(205, 204, 203)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 204, 203); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 204, 203);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 204,  
203) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 57.5492, 60.4767, 65.1399 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 204, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205,  
204, 203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor