

# Converting Colors

XYZ(57.4456, 49.4291, 42.4693)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(57.4456, 49.4291, 42.4693)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(57.3196, 49.2679,  
42.5650)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2A7A6
RGB	242, 167, 166
RGB Percent	95%, 65%, 65%
CMY	0.0510, 0.3451, 0.3490
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 0.31, 0.05
HSL	1°, 75%, 80%
HSV	1°, 31%, 95%
XYZ	57.3196, 49.2679, 42.5650
YIQ	189.3110, 45.0210, 15.5890

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

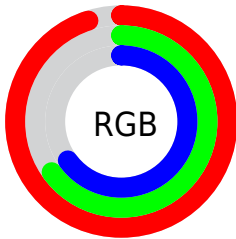
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	242, 167, 166
Decimal	15902630
CIE Lab	75.62, 27.53, 11.72
CIE LCh	76, 29.922, 23.066
Yxy	49.2679, 0.3843, 0.3303
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294092710 (0xFFFF2A7A6)
YUV	189.3110, -11.4923, 46.2083
Hunter-Lab	70.1911, 22.9326, 13.1794

# Details

The XYZ color **57.3196, 49.2679, 42.5650** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **63.2070, 77.4256, 95.6177**, and the grayscale version is **48.5947, 51.1254, 55.6756**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80.6788, 79.2558, 79.4523**, and **28.8217, 23.4399, 18.9249** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.3270, 40.5072, 30.6265**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64.5403, 59.8158, 56.9746**.

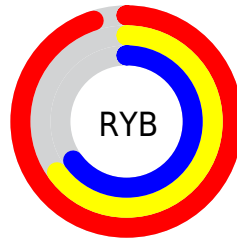
# Distribution



Red (95%)

Green (65%)

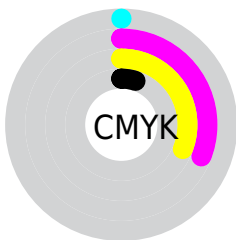
Blue (65%)



Red (95%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (65%)

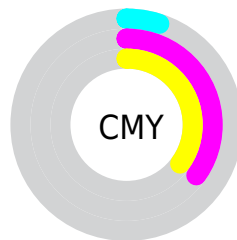


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (31%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (5%)

Magenta (35%)


Yellow (35%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 57.3196, 49.2679, 42.5650 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 57.3196, 49.2679, 42.5650 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 57.3196, 49.2679,  
42.5650


 57.3196, 49.2679,  
42.5650


404.6407,  
383.7960, 372.6883

 41.5030, 34.8320,  
29.2151


 100.0600, 89.0892,  
80.3333

 28.9018, 23.5335,  
18.9966


 127.7146,  
115.2435, 105.5888

 19.1504, 14.9880,  
11.4910


160.0459,  
146.0726, 135.6499

 11.8837, 8.8109,  
6.2798

197.4193,  
181.9611, 170.9351

 6.7361, 4.6181,  
2.9444

240.2001,  
223.2933, 211.8630

 3.3425, 2.0250,  
1.0663

288.7537,

 1.3374, 0.6219,

270.4536, 258.8522

0.0000

343.4454,  
323.8264, 312.3211

■ 0.2109, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 57.3196, 49.2679,  
42.5650

■ 57.3196, 49.2679,  
42.5650

■ 51.3270, 40.5072,  
30.6265

■ 64.5403, 59.8158,  
56.9746

■ 46.4905, 33.4282,  
21.0175

■ 73.0479, 72.2348,  
73.9800

■ 42.7369, 27.9253,  
13.5870

■ 82.9021, 86.6118,  
93.7012

■ 39.9827, 23.8780,  
8.1646

■ 90.4280, 97.6173,  
108.6837

■ 38.1326, 21.1486,  
4.5550

■ 37.0725, 19.5727,  
2.5238

■ 36.6527, 18.9467,  
1.7253

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.2089, 49.2679, 57.4092



57.3196, 49.2679, 42.5650



53.5194, 49.2679, 32.7803

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.3196, 49.2679, 42.5650



38.8242, 49.2679, 37.3324



45.5544, 49.2679, 89.9532

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.3196, 49.2679, 42.5650



63.2070, 77.4256, 95.6177

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.7184, 49.2679, 81.8876



57.3196, 49.2679, 42.5650



37.0360, 49.2679, 50.0478

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.3196, 49.2679, 42.5650



42.7798, 49.2679, 30.2011



37.7012, 49.2679, 66.4966



51.1231, 49.2679, 86.8639



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.3196, 49.2679, 42.5650



49.9969, 49.2679, 29.4469



37.7012, 49.2679, 66.4966



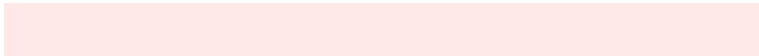
43.7953, 49.2679, 88.4112

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.3209, 49.2703, 42.5660



84.7688, 85.0015, 88.3203



66.2814, 52.5610, 90.6563



17.8136, 17.7117, 18.2432



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.3209, 49.2703, 42.5660



59.8840, 48.6598, 38.6289



65.0941, 64.8165, 45.1570



15.7896, 15.7923, 16.3657



19.6978, 10.1937, 0.9294



1.6445, 0.8597, 0.0793



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.2070, 77.4256, 95.6177



67.5228, 85.2043, 107.4950



53.3462, 57.7040, 92.3308



16.2284, 17.8910, 20.3196



25.1687, 36.5616, 50.8584



2.0995, 3.0530, 4.2329



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.3196, 49.2679, 42.5650 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

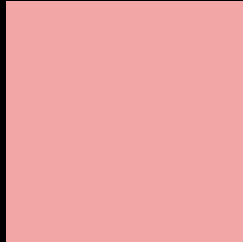
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.3196, 49.2679, 42.5650 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

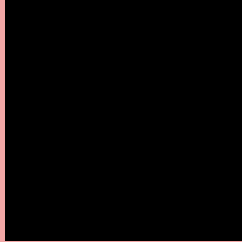
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 57.3196, 49.2679, 42.5650**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.3196, 49.2679, 42.5650.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.3196, 49.2679,

42.5650.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

57.3196, 49.2679, 42.5650

### Protanopia

47.3877, 49.5899, 48.1485

### Deuteranopia

50.4627, 49.4690, 42.0108



## Tritanopia

58.4532, 49.1793, 48.5312

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

57.3196, 49.2679, 42.5650

## Protanomaly

50.4305, 49.0676, 45.8428

## Deuteranomaly

52.8620, 49.2239, 42.3123

## Tritanomaly

58.2383, 49.3831, 46.5068

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

57.3196, 49.2679, 42.5650

## Achromatopsia

48.3692, 50.8881, 55.4172

## Achromatomaly

50.8768, 49.7938, 50.6457

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 57.3196, 49.2679, 42.5650 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 167, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 167, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 167, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 167, 166) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 57.3196, 49.2679, 42.5650 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 167, 166) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 167, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 167, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 167, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 167, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 167,  
166) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 57.3196, 49.2679, 42.5650 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 167, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
167, 166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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