

# Converting Colors

XYZ(57.5130, 46.1529, 45.5406)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(57.5130, 46.1529, 45.5406)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(57.6219, 46.2340,  
45.4222)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F79BAD
RGB	247, 155, 173
RGB Percent	97%, 61%, 68%
CMY	0.0314, 0.3921, 0.3216
CMYK	0.00, 0.37, 0.30, 0.03
HSL	348°, 85%, 79%
HSV	348°, 37%, 97%
XYZ	57.6219, 46.2340, 45.4222
YIQ	184.5600, 49.0540, 25.1020

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

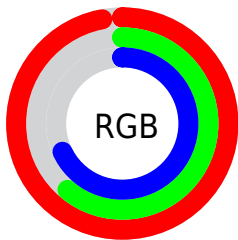
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	247, 155, 173
Decimal	16227245
CIE Lab	73.70, 36.55, 5.21
CIE LCh	74, 36.919, 8.113
Yxy	46.2340, 0.3860, 0.3097
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294417325 (0xFFFF79BAD)
YUV	184.5600, -5.6991, 54.7599
Hunter-Lab	67.9956, 32.2750, 7.9902

# Details

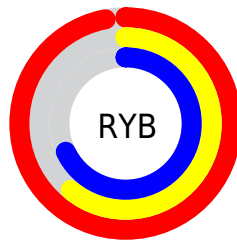
The XYZ color **57.6219, 46.2340, 45.4222** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **60.9233, 79.1482, 86.1990**, and the grayscale version is **45.8825, 48.2720, 52.5682**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.2902, 72.9546, 83.3541**, and **29.1888, 21.7020, 20.7397** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.1420, 38.1254, 34.8052**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64.2310, 56.1428, 57.8271**.

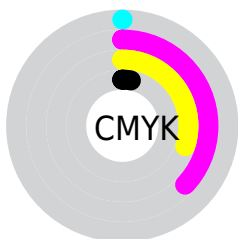
# Distribution



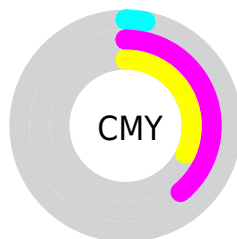
- Red (97%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (3%)




- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (32%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 57.6219, 46.2340, 45.4222 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 57.6219, 46.2340, 45.4222 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 57.6219, 46.2340,  
45.4222


 57.6219, 46.2340,  
45.4222


405.7522,  
371.7486, 384.6907

 41.7468, 32.4305,  
31.4447

 100.4982, 84.5691,  
84.6788

 29.0934, 21.6905,  
20.6764


 128.2301,  
109.8695, 110.7949

 19.2961, 13.6297,  
12.6988


160.6451,  
139.7710, 141.7944

 11.9897, 7.8636,  
7.0932

198.1083,  
174.6579, 178.0958

 6.8088, 4.0078,  
3.4411

240.9853,  
214.9148, 220.1176

 3.3881, 1.6779,  
1.3240

289.6414,

 1.3622, 0.4093,

260.9259, 268.2783

0.0814

344.4419,  
313.0757, 322.9965

■ 0.2290, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 57.6219, 46.2340,  
45.4222

■ 57.6219, 46.2340,  
45.4222

■ 52.1420, 38.1254,  
34.8052

■ 64.2310, 56.1428,  
57.8271

■ 47.7233, 31.7021,  
25.8899

■ 72.0245, 67.9443,  
72.0951

■ 44.2962, 26.8463,  
18.5869

■ 81.0585, 81.7326,  
88.3003

■ 41.7812, 23.4223,  
12.7975

■ 91.3844, 97.5936,  
106.5118

■ 40.0857, 21.2706,  
8.4113

■ 92.1678, 98.5142,  
108.7651

■ 39.0926, 20.1863,  
5.3001

■ 38.8978, 19.9902,  
4.6388

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.6909, 46.2340, 65.0118



57.6219, 46.2340, 45.4222



54.6114, 46.2340, 31.2062

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.6219, 46.2340, 45.4222



36.6230, 46.2340, 26.9693



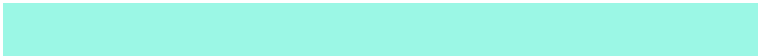
39.4164, 46.2340, 91.7532

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.6219, 46.2340, 45.4222



60.9233, 79.1482, 86.1990

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



34.7649, 46.2340, 76.0334



57.6219, 46.2340, 45.4222



33.2672, 46.2340, 38.0620

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



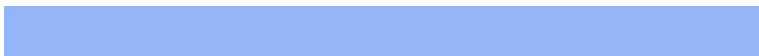
57.6219, 46.2340, 45.4222



42.1912, 46.2340, 22.4197



32.6224, 46.2340, 55.6026



45.7448, 46.2340, 95.1327



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.6219, 46.2340, 45.4222



50.9349, 46.2340, 25.5145



32.6224, 46.2340, 55.6026



37.6240, 46.2340, 87.5777

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.6232, 46.2362, 45.4231



83.3230, 82.0219, 88.1098



60.6970, 46.7528, 93.8208



17.5501, 17.1217, 18.3494



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.6232, 46.2362, 45.4231



57.2383, 42.7228, 39.7371



61.1268, 55.8451, 38.5707



16.6316, 16.5355, 17.8066



20.6109, 10.5878, 2.6596



1.8461, 0.9444, 0.4161



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.6232, 46.2362, 45.4231



57.2383, 42.7228, 39.7371



55.7439, 64.5577, 97.5186



16.6316, 16.5355, 17.8066



20.6109, 10.5878, 2.6596



1.8461, 0.9444, 0.4161



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.6219, 46.2340, 45.4222 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.6219, 46.2340, 45.4222 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

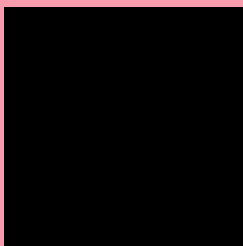
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 57.6219, 46.2340, 45.4222**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.6219, 46.2340, 45.4222.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.6219, 46.2340,

45.4222.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

57.6219, 46.2340, 45.4222

### Protanopia

45.0220, 46.7029, 53.6554

### Deuteranopia

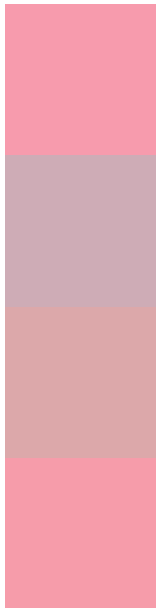
47.3932, 46.3619, 43.9870



## Tritanopia

56.9624, 46.1969, 42.9604

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

57.6219, 46.2340, 45.4222

## Protanomaly

48.6496, 46.0043, 50.5716

## Deuteranomaly

50.7735, 46.1232, 44.2568

## Tritanomaly

57.1502, 46.2720, 43.9495

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

57.6219, 46.2340, 45.4222

## Achromatopsia

46.1135, 48.5150, 52.8328

## Achromatomaly

49.4890, 47.0182, 50.1831

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 57.6219, 46.2340, 45.4222 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(247, 155, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 155, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 155, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 155, 173) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 57.6219, 46.2340, 45.4222 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 155, 173) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 155, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(247, 155, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(247, 155, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 155, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 155,  
173) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 57.6219, 46.2340, 45.4222 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 155, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247,  
155, 173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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