

# Converting Colors

XYZ(57.5303, 27.7761, 87.7134)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(57.5303, 27.7761, 87.7134)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(57.5691, 27.7917,  
87.9180)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF00F4
RGB	255, 0, 244
RGB Percent	100%, 0%, 96%
CMY	0.0000, 0.9998, 0.0431
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.04, 0.00
HSL	303°, 100%, 50%
HSV	303°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	57.5691, 27.7917, 87.9180
YIQ	104.0610, 73.6560, 129.9440

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

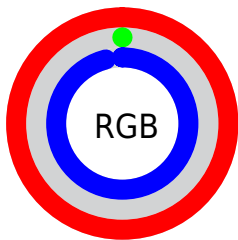
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	255, 0, 244
Decimal	16711924
CIELab	59.70, 96.75, -55.72
CIELCh	60, 111.650, 330.062
Yxy	27.7917, 0.3322, 0.1604
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294902004 (0xFFFF00F4)
YUV	104.0610, 68.9899, 132.3735
Hunter-Lab	52.7178, 102.6699, -61.9760

# Details

The XYZ color **57.5691, 27.7917, 87.9180** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF00FF**. The color can be described as light saturated magenta. A complement of this color would be **35.8213, 71.5446, 12.2397**, and the grayscale version is **12.9901, 13.6666, 14.8829**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64.3416, 38.5832, 98.6639**, and **30.9620, 14.9253, 48.2627** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57.5689, 27.7915, 87.9165**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58.0963, 28.5778, 88.9207**.

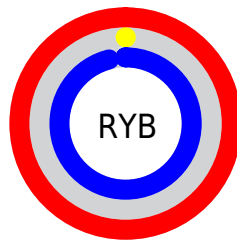
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (0%)

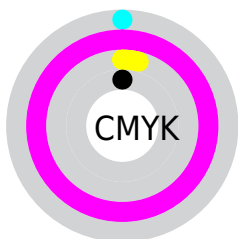
Blue (96%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (96%)

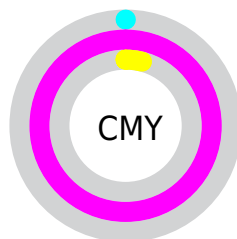


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)


Yellow (4%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 57.5691, 27.7917, 87.9180 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 57.5691, 27.7917, 87.9180 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 57.5691, 27.7917,  
87.9180


 57.5691, 27.7917,  
87.9180


405.5582,  
291.4702, 541.6290


 41.7042, 18.1687,  
65.6912


 100.4217, 56.1517,  
146.3531

 29.0599, 11.0712,  
47.5669


 128.1401, 75.6575,  
183.3985


 19.2706, 6.1147,  
33.1265


 160.5405, 99.2264,  
226.2206

 11.9712, 2.9150,  
21.9514

 197.9881,  
127.2427, 275.2378

 6.7961, 1.0875,  
13.6232

 240.8483,  
160.0908, 330.8687

 3.3801, 0.0000,  
7.7234

289.4865,

 1.3578, 0.0000,

198.1552, 393.5318

3.8332

344.2680,  
241.8202, 463.6458

■ 0.2259, 0.0000,  
1.5343

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.2433

■ 57.5691, 27.7917,  
87.9180

■ 57.5691, 27.7917,  
87.9180

■ 57.5689, 27.7915,  
87.9165

■ 58.0963, 28.5778,  
88.9207

■ 59.0915, 30.2983,  
90.0841

■ 60.6976, 33.2392,  
91.4560

■ 63.0020, 37.5751,  
93.0657

66.0780, 43.4525,  
94.9375

69.9895, 50.9993,  
97.0928

74.7938, 60.3301,  
99.5506

80.5432, 71.5495,  
102.3284

87.2859, 84.7539,  
105.4424

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.4598, 27.7917, 159.5158



57.5691, 27.7917, 87.9180



63.8680, 27.7917, 30.1769

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.5691, 27.7917, 87.9180



26.3860, 27.7917, 0.0000



9.2107, 27.7917, 88.2131

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.5691, 27.7917, 87.9180



35.8213, 71.5446, 12.2397

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



7.5194, 27.7917, 30.3441



57.5691, 27.7917, 87.9180



15.0271, 27.7917, 0.4404

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.5691, 27.7917, 87.9180



42.3904, 27.7917, 0.4320



9.1963, 27.7917, 5.6952



15.0619, 27.7917, 159.7691



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.5691, 27.7917, 87.9180



60.9497, 27.7917, 10.6737



9.1963, 27.7917, 5.6952



8.2540, 27.7917, 65.4814

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.5697, 27.7928, 87.9185



74.7831, 60.3094, 99.5453



18.1576, 7.2763, 95.0552



15.5492, 12.0189, 21.0769



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.5697, 27.7928, 87.9185



57.5689, 27.7915, 87.9165



44.5720, 22.5937, 19.4732



18.7568, 18.2860, 22.6025



30.0959, 14.5276, 46.0169



2.9404, 1.4185, 4.5336



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.5697, 27.7928, 87.9185



57.5689, 27.7915, 87.9165



40.2063, 73.2986, 35.3305



18.7568, 18.2860, 22.6025



30.0959, 14.5276, 46.0169



2.9404, 1.4185, 4.5336



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.5691, 27.7917, 87.9180 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

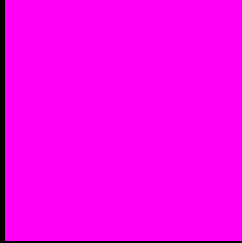
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.5691, 27.7917, 87.9180 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 57.5691, 27.7917, 87.9180**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.5691, 27.7917, 87.9180.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.5691, 27.7917,

87.9180.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

57.5691, 27.7917, 87.9180

### Protanopia

31.7913, 28.4434, 98.4223

### Deuteranopia

29.3053, 28.5046, 78.0861



## Tritanopia

42.5163, 27.8503, 15.7052

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

57.5691, 27.7917, 87.9180



## Protanomaly

33.6464, 20.7614, 93.5008



## Deuteranomaly

32.1960, 20.5634, 80.1141



## Tritanomaly

45.1577, 25.0831, 33.0333

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

57.5691, 27.7917, 87.9180



## Achromatopsia

13.1579, 13.8432, 15.0752



## Achromatomaly

22.1627, 13.6339, 32.4739

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 57.5691, 27.7917, 87.9180 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 0, 244)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 0, 244)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 0, 244) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 0, 244) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 57.5691, 27.7917, 87.9180 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 0, 244) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 0, 244) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 0, 244) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 0, 244); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 0, 244);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 0,  
244) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 57.5691, 27.7917, 87.9180 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 0, 244) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 0,  
244) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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