

# Converting Colors

XYZ(57.5357, 49.8872, 53.4807)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(57.5357, 49.8872, 53.4807)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(57.6053, 49.9995, 53.6284)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(57.6053, 49.9995,  
53.6284)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EBAABB
RGB	235, 170, 187
RGB Percent	92%, 67%, 73%
CMY	0.0784, 0.3333, 0.2667
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.20, 0.08
HSL	344°, 62%, 79%
HSV	344°, 28%, 92%
XYZ	57.6053, 49.9995, 53.6284
YIQ	191.3730, 33.2830, 19.0670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

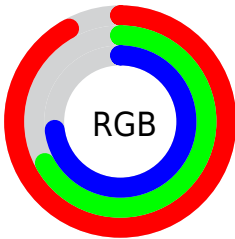
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	235, 170, 187
Decimal	15444667
CIE Lab	76.07, 26.29, 0.79
CIE LCh	76, 26.297, 1.730
Yxy	49.9995, 0.3573, 0.3101
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293634747 (0xFFEBAABB)
YUV	191.3730, -2.1559, 38.2609
Hunter-Lab	70.7103, 21.6748, 4.5303

# Details

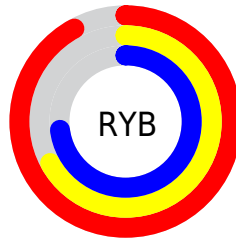
The XYZ color **57.6053, 49.9995, 53.6284** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **58.9429, 73.0259, 77.3221**, and the grayscale version is **49.7376, 52.3278, 56.9850**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84.6140, 82.1238, 96.1859**, and **29.0245, 23.9088, 25.6394** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.8404, 41.2652, 43.0875**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64.3850, 60.4030, 65.6165**.

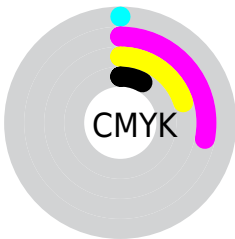
# Distribution



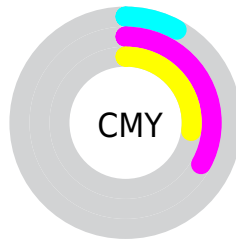
- Red (92%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (8%)




- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (27%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 57.6053, 49.9995, 53.6284 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 57.6053, 49.9995, 53.6284 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 57.6053, 49.9995,  
53.6284

 57.6053, 49.9995,  
53.6284


405.6912,  
386.6640, 417.8259

 41.7334, 35.4130,  
37.9135


 100.4741, 90.1741,  
96.9793

 29.0828, 23.9812,  
25.6143


128.2018,  
116.5311, 125.4524

 19.2881, 15.3197,  
16.3121


160.6122,  
147.5803, 159.0153

 11.9839, 9.0440,  
9.5885

198.0705,  
183.7061, 198.0866

 6.8048, 4.7699,  
5.0250

240.9423,  
225.2930, 243.0847

 3.3856, 2.1129,  
2.2029

289.5927,

 1.3608, 0.6719,

272.7254, 294.4283

0.6761

344.3872,  
326.3876, 352.5358

■ 0.2280, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 57.6053, 49.9995,  
53.6284

■ 57.6053, 49.9995,  
53.6284

■ 51.8404, 41.2652,  
43.0875

■ 64.3850, 60.4030,  
65.6165

■ 47.0361, 34.1061,  
33.9349

■ 72.2217, 72.5495,  
79.1015

■ 43.1397, 28.4295,  
26.1117

■ 81.1602, 86.5167,  
94.1346

■ 40.0911, 24.1300,  
19.5537

■ 88.0711, 96.4023,  
108.5734

■ 37.8230, 21.0881,  
14.1908

■ 36.2569, 19.1638,  
9.9454

■ 35.2900, 18.1694,  
6.7267

■ 35.1156, 18.0040,  
6.1029

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.3385, 49.9995, 68.2876



57.6053, 49.9995, 53.6284



56.0197, 49.9995, 41.4154

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.6053, 49.9995, 53.6284



42.7257, 49.9995, 34.5186



43.1874, 49.9995, 81.9159

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.6053, 49.9995, 53.6284



58.9429, 73.0259, 77.3221

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.9321, 49.9995, 69.9459



57.6053, 49.9995, 53.6284



39.6787, 49.9995, 42.6053

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.6053, 49.9995, 53.6284



47.2385, 49.9995, 31.6278



38.6917, 49.9995, 55.2617



47.8087, 49.9995, 86.2103



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.6053, 49.9995, 53.6284



53.6179, 49.9995, 35.8420



38.6917, 49.9995, 55.2617



41.9085, 49.9995, 78.5654

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.6067, 50.0018, 53.6294



86.5524, 86.7352, 94.5667



58.1857, 49.6042, 85.1055



18.2043, 18.0650, 19.6931



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.6067, 50.0018, 53.6294



65.3840, 54.1729, 57.3771



58.9022, 55.3344, 45.6093



15.2271, 15.1187, 16.4815



19.5878, 10.0378, 3.6307



1.5766, 0.8036, 0.4876



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.6067, 50.0018, 53.6294



65.3840, 54.1729, 57.3771



57.1242, 65.6448, 88.2576



15.2271, 15.1187, 16.4815



19.5878, 10.0378, 3.6307



1.5766, 0.8036, 0.4876



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.6053, 49.9995, 53.6284 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

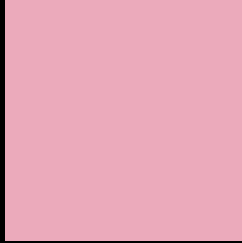
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.6053, 49.9995, 53.6284 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

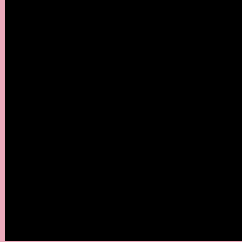
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 57.6053, 49.9995, 53.6284

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.6053, 49.9995, 53.6284.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.6053, 49.9995,

53.6284.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

57.6053, 49.9995, 53.6284

### Protanopia

48.8346, 50.3907, 59.9758

### Deuteranopia

51.2170, 50.2241, 52.8937



## Tritanopia

57.4756, 50.2487, 52.0171

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

57.6053, 49.9995, 53.6284

## Protanomaly

51.6031, 50.0198, 57.3871

## Deuteranomaly

53.3986, 50.1377, 53.3175

## Tritanomaly

57.5808, 50.2908, 52.5712

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

57.6053, 49.9995, 53.6284

## Achromatopsia

49.5206, 52.0996, 56.7364

## Achromatomaly

51.9599, 50.8501, 55.7917

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 57.6053, 49.9995, 53.6284 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 170, 187)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 170, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 170, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 170, 187) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 57.6053, 49.9995, 53.6284 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 170, 187) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 170, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(235, 170, 187)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 170, 187); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 170, 187);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 170,  
187) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 57.6053, 49.9995, 53.6284 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 170, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
170, 187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor