

# Converting Colors

XYZ(57.5486, 61.0681, 67.0042)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(57.5486, 61.0681, 67.0042)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(57.5690, 61.1554, 67.1625)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# **Color**

**XYZ(57.5690, 61.1554,  
67.1625)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CACECE
RGB	202, 206, 206
RGB Percent	79%, 81%, 81%
CMY	0.2078, 0.1921, 0.1922
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	180°, 4%, 80%
HSV	180°, 2%, 81%
XYZ	57.5690, 61.1554, 67.1625
YIQ	204.8040, -2.3840, -0.8480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

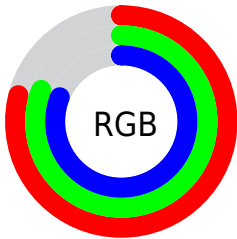
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">202, 204, 206</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">13291214</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">82.46, -1.36, -0.49</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">82, 1.445, 199.688</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">61.1554, 0.3097, 0.3290</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291481294 (0xFFCACECE)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">204.8040, 0.5896, -2.4591</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">78.2019, -5.4491, 3.8210</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **57.5690, 61.1554, 67.1625** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **57.2370, 59.6287, 64.3729**, and the grayscale version is **57.9027, 60.9182, 66.3399**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **29.1085, 31.0194, 34.1589** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.3613, 58.4727, 66.9090**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63.5243, 64.2269, 67.4535**.

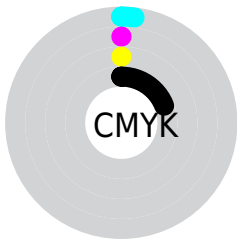
# Distribution



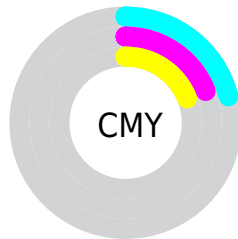
- Red (79%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (19%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 57.5690, 61.1554, 67.1625 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 57.5690, 61.1554, 67.1625 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 57.5690, 61.1554,  
67.1625

■ 57.5690, 61.1554,  
67.1625

405.5578,  
428.8436, 469.0402

■ 41.7042, 44.3506,  
48.7543

100.4215,  
106.5039, 116.7961

■ 29.0598, 30.9462,  
34.0604

128.1399,  
135.8164, 148.8585

■ 19.2706, 20.5579,  
22.6622

160.5403,  
170.0669, 186.3094

■ 11.9711, 12.8012,  
14.1414

197.9878,  
209.6398, 229.5674

■ 6.7961, 7.2918,  
8.0792

240.8480,  
254.9196, 279.0509

■ 3.3801, 3.6453,  
4.0572

289.4862,

■ 1.3578, 1.4772,

306.2905, 335.1785

1.6568

344.2676,  
364.1370, 398.3688

■ 0.2259, 0.2726,  
0.3308

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 57.5690, 61.1554,  
67.1625

■ 57.5690, 61.1554,  
67.1625

■ 52.3613, 58.4727,  
66.9090

■ 63.5243, 64.2269,  
67.4535

■ 47.8667, 56.1559,  
66.6876

■ 70.2495, 67.6937,  
67.7793

■ 44.0558, 54.1916,  
66.4981

■ 74.4596, 69.8638,  
67.9875

■ 40.8950, 52.5624,  
66.3391

■ 74.4617, 69.8647,  
67.9986

38.3481, 51.2496,  
66.2089

74.4639, 69.8655,  
68.0098

36.3751, 50.2328,  
66.1055

74.4660, 69.8664,  
68.0210

34.9316, 49.4888,  
66.0268

74.4681, 69.8672,  
68.0322

33.9663, 48.9915,  
65.9706

74.4702, 69.8681,  
68.0434

33.4182, 48.7091,  
65.9339

74.4723, 69.8689,  
68.0545

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.5440, 61.1554, 66.2838



57.5690, 61.1554, 67.1625



57.7430, 61.1554, 67.8932

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.5690, 61.1554, 67.1625



58.5804, 61.1554, 67.6943



58.2327, 61.1554, 64.9284

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.5690, 61.1554, 67.1625



57.2370, 59.6287, 64.3729

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.5114, 61.1554, 65.2993



57.5690, 61.1554, 67.1625



58.7126, 61.1554, 66.8928

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.5690, 61.1554, 67.1625



58.3267, 61.1554, 68.2021



58.6873, 61.1554, 66.0165



57.9265, 61.1554, 64.9992



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.5690, 61.1554, 67.1625



57.9205, 61.1554, 68.1957



58.6873, 61.1554, 66.0165



58.3328, 61.1554, 65.0055

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.5707, 61.1580, 67.1638



94.1177, 99.5194, 108.8546



57.1089, 60.9754, 64.6374



20.1549, 21.3063, 23.2998



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.5707, 61.1580, 67.1638



93.1978, 99.0452, 108.8097



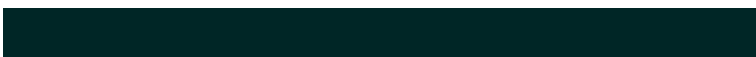
57.1081, 60.2322, 67.0117



12.4007, 13.1691, 14.4582



20.4380, 29.9205, 40.5869



1.0545, 1.5436, 2.0946



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.2370, 59.6287, 64.3729



92.6349, 96.4652, 104.1011



57.6935, 60.5424, 64.5230



12.3312, 12.8508, 13.8774



15.6743, 8.0803, 0.7376

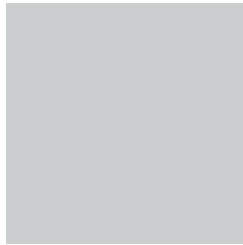


0.8088, 0.4169, 0.0388



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.5690, 61.1554, 67.1625 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

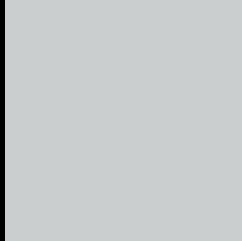
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.5690, 61.1554, 67.1625 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

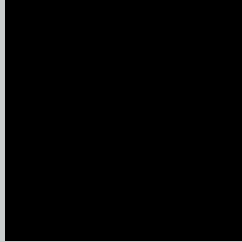
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

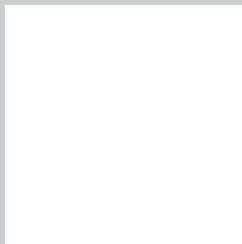
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 57.5690, 61.1554, 67.1625

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.5690, 61.1554, 67.1625.



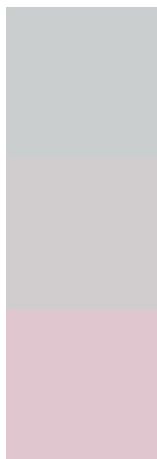
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.5690, 61.1554,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

57.5690, 61.1554, 67.1625

### Protanopia

58.9068, 61.1488, 66.4558

### Deuteranopia

62.4264, 61.1991, 67.5539



## Tritanopia

59.4130, 61.1904, 76.3897

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

57.5690, 61.1554, 67.1625

## Protanomaly

58.3044, 61.1922, 66.4959

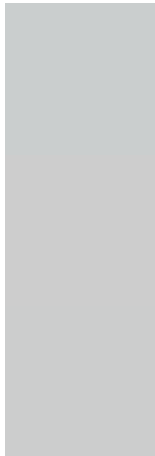
## Deuteranomaly

60.7019, 61.3450, 67.6729

## Tritanomaly

58.7257, 61.2654, 73.0202

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

57.5690, 61.1554, 67.1625

## Achromatopsia

58.0276, 61.0496, 66.4830

## Achromatomaly

57.7526, 60.9078, 66.4701

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 57.5690, 61.1554, 67.1625 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(202, 206, 206) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(202, 206, 206)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(202, 206, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(202, 206, 206) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 57.5690, 61.1554, 67.1625 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(202, 206, 206) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(202, 206, 206) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(202, 206, 206)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 206, 206); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 206, 206); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 206, 206) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 57.5690, 61.1554, 67.1625 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(202, 206, 206) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(202,  
206, 206) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor