

Converting Colors

XYZ(57.6102, 61.3818, 64.4387)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(57.6102, 61.3818, 64.4387)
contains.

XYZ(57.6338, 61.2443, 64.6608)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(57.6338, 61.2443,
64.6608)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CCCECA
RGB	204, 206, 202
RGB Percent	80%, 81%, 79%
CMY	0.2000, 0.1921, 0.2078
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.02, 0.19
HSL	90°, 4%, 80%
HSV	90°, 2%, 81%
XYZ	57.6338, 61.2443, 64.6608
YIQ	204.9460, 0.0920, -1.6680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

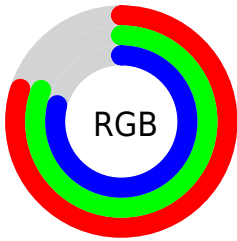
Format	Color
RYB	202, 206, 204
Decimal	13422282
CIELab	82.51, -1.41, 1.74
CIELCh	83, 2.235, 129.041
Yxy	61.2443, 0.3140, 0.3337
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291612362 (0xFFCCCECA)
YUV	204.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296
Hunter-Lab	78.2587, -5.4961, 5.7931

Details

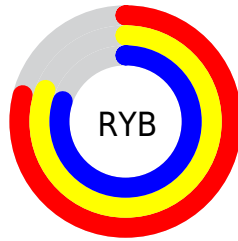
The XYZ color **57.6338, 61.2443, 64.6608** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **57.1654, 59.5364, 66.8745**, and the grayscale version is **58.0044, 61.0251, 66.4564**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **29.1512, 31.0786, 32.4793** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.6228, 58.9261, 52.5324**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63.1610, 63.7945, 78.5156**.

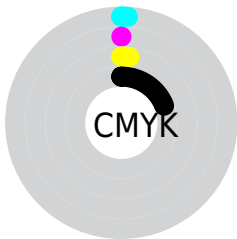
Distribution



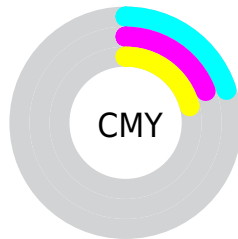
- Red (80%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 57.6338, 61.2443, 64.6608 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 57.6338, 61.2443, 64.6608 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57.6338, 61.2443,
64.6608

■ 57.6338, 61.2443,
64.6608

405.7959,
429.1692, 459.8448

■ 41.7564, 44.4224,
46.7365

100.5154,
106.6326, 113.1707

■ 29.1009, 31.0027,
32.4745

128.2504,
135.9677, 144.5933

■ 19.3018, 20.6009,
21.4564

160.6686,
170.2427, 181.3524

■ 11.9939, 12.8326,
13.2635

198.1355,
209.8419, 223.8666

■ 6.8117, 7.3134,
7.4774

241.0162,
255.1498, 272.5544

■ 3.3899, 3.6588,
3.6795

289.6763,

■ 1.3631, 1.4846,

306.5507, 327.8344

1.4512

344.4811,
364.4290, 390.1250

■ 0.2297, 0.2779,
0.1812

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 57.6338, 61.2443,
64.6608

■ 57.6338, 61.2443,
64.6608

■ 52.6228, 58.9261,
52.5324

■ 63.1610, 63.7945,
78.5156

■ 48.1066, 56.8250,
42.0588

■ 69.2150, 66.5755,
94.1568

■ 44.0694, 54.9363,
33.1694

■ 74.3621, 69.0162,
104.0099

■ 40.4927, 53.2522,
25.7866

■ 77.8648, 70.8219,
104.1738

■ 37.3569, 51.7643,
19.8267

■ 81.3625, 72.6251,
104.3375

■ 34.6402, 50.4634,
15.1975

■ 32.3190, 49.3397,
11.7962

■ 30.3665, 48.3818,
9.5047

■ 28.7512, 47.5767,
8.1818

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.0665, 61.2443, 64.1185



57.6338, 61.2443, 64.6608



57.3567, 61.2443, 65.7474

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.6338, 61.2443, 64.6608



57.8827, 61.2443, 69.1733



59.1234, 61.2443, 66.2718

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.6338, 61.2443, 64.6608



57.1654, 59.5364, 66.8745

Split Complementary

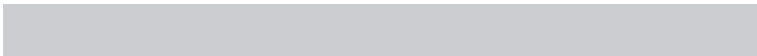
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.0735, 61.2443, 67.6307



57.6338, 61.2443, 64.6608



58.3554, 61.2443, 69.3184

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.6338, 61.2443, 64.6608



57.4998, 61.2443, 68.3566



58.7918, 61.2443, 68.7503



58.9277, 61.2443, 65.0402

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.6338, 61.2443, 64.6608



57.2966, 61.2443, 66.6406



58.7918, 61.2443, 68.7503



59.1348, 61.2443, 66.7287

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.6355, 61.2469, 64.6621



94.1741, 99.5956, 106.7302



57.7095, 60.5742, 64.5284



20.1664, 21.3218, 22.8675



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.6355, 61.2469, 64.6621



93.3067, 99.1949, 104.5890



57.0909, 60.9662, 64.6366



12.4142, 13.1876, 13.9376



17.1392, 29.0109, 4.6963



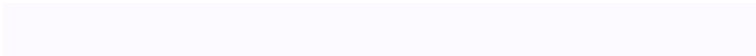
0.9717, 1.5418, 0.2464

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.1654, 59.5364, 66.8745



92.5136, 96.3092, 108.3213



57.7171, 59.8208, 66.9003



12.3163, 12.8316, 14.3980



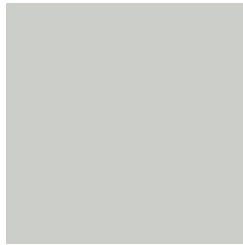
10.4241, 4.5814, 36.2912



0.6253, 0.2815, 1.8763

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.6338, 61.2443, 64.6608 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.6338, 61.2443, 64.6608 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

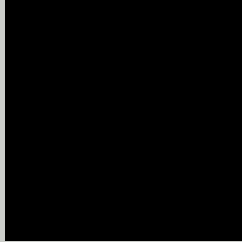
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

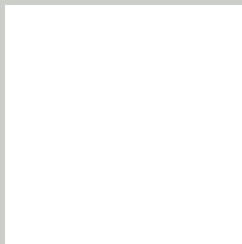
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 57.6338, 61.2443, 64.6608

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.6338, 61.2443, 64.6608.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.6338, 61.2443,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57.6338, 61.2443, 64.6608

Protanopia

58.7138, 61.1044, 63.9581

Deuteranopia

62.5669, 61.3274, 65.0397



Tritanopia

59.8742, 61.0917, 75.6540

Trichromacy



Original Color

57.6338, 61.2443, 64.6608

Protanomaly

58.3864, 61.2896, 64.0111

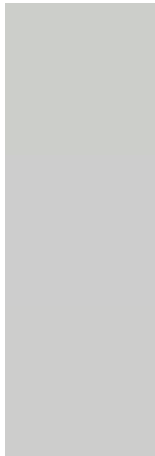
Deuteranomaly

60.8135, 61.4583, 65.1573

Tritanomaly

59.0567, 61.1116, 71.6339

Monochromacy



Original Color

57.6338, 61.2443, 64.6608

Achromatopsia

58.0276, 61.0496, 66.4830

Achromatomaly

57.9072, 61.0014, 65.8492

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 57.6338, 61.2443, 64.6608 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(204, 206, 202) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 206, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 206, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 206, 202) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 57.6338, 61.2443, 64.6608 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 206, 202) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 206, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(204, 206, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 206, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 206, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 206,  
202) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 57.6338, 61.2443, 64.6608 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 206, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204,  
206, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor