

# Converting Colors

XYZ(57.7377, 66.7458, 59.6182)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(57.7377, 66.7458, 59.6182)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(57.6133, 66.5943,  
59.6866)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C3DCC0
RGB	195, 220, 192
RGB Percent	76%, 86%, 75%
CMY	0.2353, 0.1372, 0.2471
CMYK	0.11, 0.00, 0.13, 0.14
HSL	114°, 29%, 81%
HSV	114°, 13%, 86%
XYZ	57.6133, 66.5943, 59.6866
YIQ	209.3330, -5.9120, -14.0080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

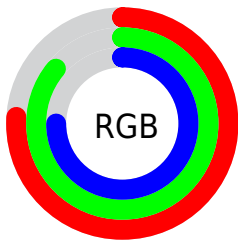
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	192, 220, 217
Decimal	12836032
CIELab	85.30, -13.48, 10.97
CIELCh	85, 17.379, 140.857
Yxy	66.5943, 0.3133, 0.3621
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291026112 (0xFFC3DCC0)
YUV	209.3330, -8.5452, -12.5700
Hunter-Lab	81.6053, -16.7885, 13.7587

# Details

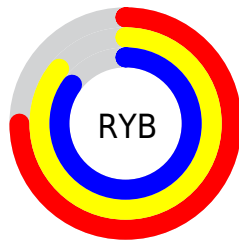
The XYZ color **57.6133, 66.5943, 59.6866** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **60.3859, 57.6202, 75.6528**, and the grayscale version is **60.8801, 64.0507, 69.7512**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.8482, 98.9928, 103.0208**, and **29.0998, 34.4371, 29.5394** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.6098, 63.2467, 47.5712**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.6526, 70.4376, 73.7554**.

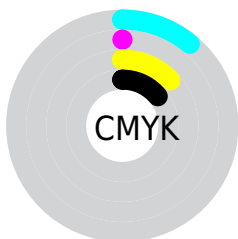
# Distribution



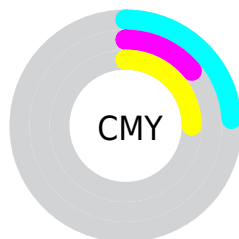
- Red (76%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (25%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 57.6133, 66.5943, 59.6866 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 57.6133, 66.5943, 59.6866 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 57.6133, 66.5943,  
59.6866

■ 57.6133, 66.5943,  
59.6866

405.7206,  
448.4993, 441.2142

■ 41.7399, 48.7550,  
42.7424

■ 100.4857,  
114.3389, 105.9138

■ 29.0879, 34.4252,  
29.3532

128.2155,  
145.0130, 136.0340

■ 19.2919, 23.2204,  
19.1003

160.6280,  
180.7341, 171.3832

■ 11.9867, 14.7563,  
11.5652

198.0888,  
221.8867, 212.3800

■ 6.8067, 8.6486,  
6.3294

240.9630,  
268.8551, 259.4429

■ 3.3868, 4.5127,  
2.9744

289.6162,

■ 1.3614, 1.9643,

322.0237, 312.9906

1.0816

344.4136,  
381.7770, 373.4415

■ 0.2285, 0.5866,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 57.6133, 66.5943,  
59.6866

■ 57.6133, 66.5943,  
59.6866

■ 50.6098, 63.2467,  
47.5712

■ 65.6526, 70.4376,  
73.7554

■ 44.5947, 60.3665,  
37.3188

■ 74.7620, 74.7868,  
89.8539

■ 39.5250, 57.9354,  
28.8382

■ 84.4931, 79.4673,  
105.4932

■ 35.3523, 55.9307,  
22.0291

■ 84.8845, 79.6690,  
105.5115

■ 32.0239, 54.3276,  
16.7809

■ 29.4817, 53.0988,  
12.9700

■ 27.6599, 52.2134,  
10.4539

■ 26.4818, 51.6357,  
9.0611

■ 25.9609, 51.3779,  
8.5487

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.6429, 66.5943, 54.1057



57.6133, 66.5943, 59.6866



56.1235, 66.5943, 69.1247

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.6133, 66.5943, 59.6866



62.1026, 66.5943, 96.0481



70.6244, 66.5943, 65.0731

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.6133, 66.5943, 59.6866



60.3859, 57.6202, 75.6528

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.0548, 66.5943, 76.0038



57.6133, 66.5943, 59.6866



66.0251, 66.5943, 94.6756

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.6133, 66.5943, 59.6866



58.6438, 66.5943, 90.6261



69.3404, 66.5943, 87.0496



68.1877, 66.5943, 56.9847



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.6133, 66.5943, 59.6866



56.1597, 66.5943, 76.6639



69.3404, 66.5943, 87.0496



71.0123, 66.5943, 68.5087

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.6151, 66.5972, 59.6881



90.1792, 97.6738, 100.3262



63.7767, 68.5130, 59.7331



19.1118, 20.8153, 21.1398



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

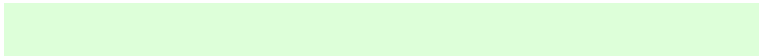


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.6151, 66.5972, 59.6881



78.0241, 91.8649, 79.0947



58.0813, 66.6950, 66.1475



13.0153, 14.6726, 13.8717



15.2807, 30.1750, 5.0190



1.0346, 1.9779, 0.3272



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.3859, 57.6202, 75.6528



82.5472, 77.2081, 105.1597



59.9089, 57.5333, 68.4448



13.4698, 13.2003, 16.4901



21.0660, 9.9841, 40.5552



1.4050, 0.6675, 2.6292



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.6133, 66.5943, 59.6866 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

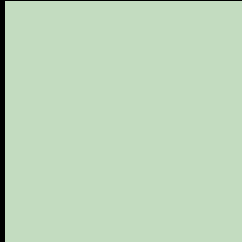
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.6133, 66.5943, 59.6866 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

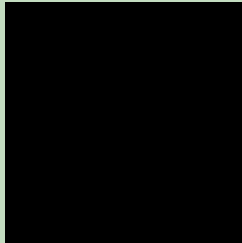
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

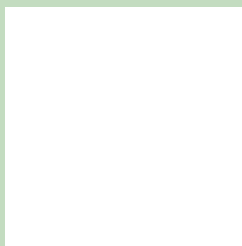
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 57.6133, 66.5943, 59.6866**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.6133, 66.5943, 59.6866.



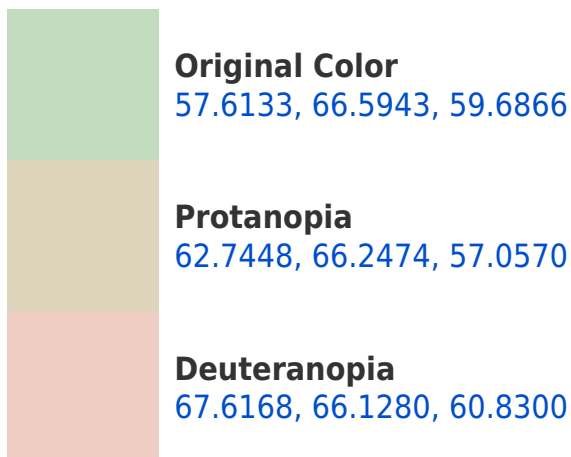
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.6133, 66.5943,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

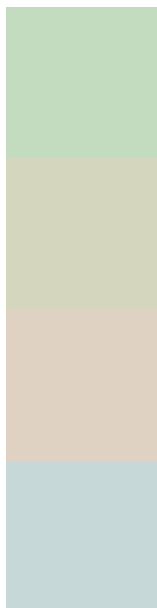




## Tritanopia

62.5578, 66.2802, 85.0975

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

57.6133, 66.5943, 59.6866

## Protanomaly

60.6371, 66.2720, 57.7400

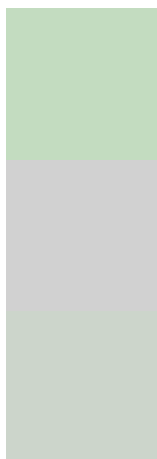
## Deuteranomaly

63.5247, 65.8355, 60.3984

## Tritanomaly

60.6334, 66.2636, 75.2401

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

57.6133, 66.5943, 59.6866

## Achromatopsia

60.6036, 63.7597, 69.4343

## Achromatomaly

59.4756, 64.7377, 65.8608

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 57.6133, 66.5943, 59.6866 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(195, 220, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 220, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 220, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 220, 192) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 57.6133, 66.5943, 59.6866 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 220, 192) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 220, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 220, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(195, 220, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 220, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 220,  
192) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 57.6133, 66.5943, 59.6866 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 220, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195,  
220, 192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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