

# Converting Colors

XYZ(57.8720, 48.7207, 43.3430)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(57.8720, 48.7207, 43.3430)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(57.9995, 48.7905, 43.4064)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(57.9995, 48.7905,  
43.4064)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F5A4A8
RGB	245, 164, 168
RGB Percent	96%, 64%, 66%
CMY	0.0392, 0.3568, 0.3412
CMYK	0.00, 0.33, 0.31, 0.04
HSL	357°, 80%, 80%
HSV	357°, 33%, 96%
XYZ	57.9995, 48.7905, 43.4064
YIQ	188.6750, 46.9920, 18.4160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

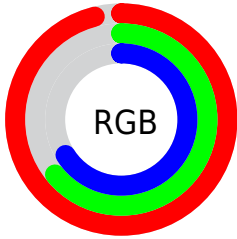
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	245, 164, 168
Decimal	16098472
CIE Lab	75.32, 30.47, 10.25
CIE LCh	75, 32.152, 18.598
Yxy	48.7905, 0.3862, 0.3248
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294288552 (0xFFF5A4A8)
YUV	188.6750, -10.1928, 49.3970
Hunter-Lab	69.8502, 25.9781, 12.0511

# Details

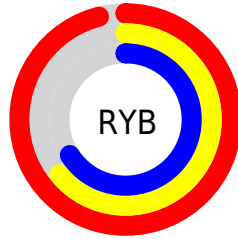
The XYZ color **57.9995, 48.7905, 43.4064** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **63.8415, 79.5493, 95.2128**, and the grayscale version is **48.2228, 50.7342, 55.2495**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80.1525, 77.7741, 80.5995**, and **29.3303, 23.1946, 19.4541** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.0508, 40.0601, 31.6598**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.1840, 59.3701, 57.4833**.

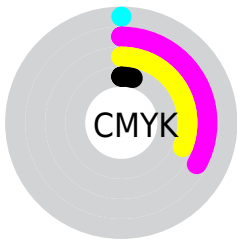
# Distribution



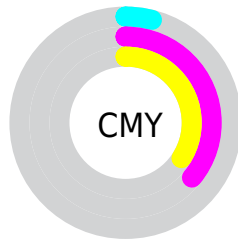
- Red (96%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (66%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (66%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (34%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 57.9995, 48.7905, 43.4064 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 57.9995, 48.7905, 43.4064 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 57.9995, 48.7905,  
43.4064


 57.9995, 48.7905,  
43.4064


407.1380,  
381.9170, 376.2506

 42.0515, 34.4533,  
29.8704


 101.0451, 88.3802,  
81.6167

 29.3329, 23.2421,  
19.4890


 128.8734,  
114.4016, 107.1280

 19.4784, 14.7724,  
11.8438


161.3926,  
145.0864, 137.4682

 12.1225, 8.6598,  
6.5161

198.9679,  
180.8191, 173.0558

 6.8999, 4.5199,  
3.0876

241.9647,  
221.9842, 214.3092

 3.4454, 1.9685,  
1.1395

290.7484,

 1.3934, 0.5890,

268.9659, 261.6472

0.0000

345.6844,  
322.1487, 315.4881

■ 0.2515, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 57.9995, 48.7905,  
43.4064

■ 57.9995, 48.7905,  
43.4064

■ 52.0508, 40.0601,  
31.6598

■ 65.1840, 59.3701,  
57.4833

■ 47.2646, 33.0661,  
22.1152

■ 73.6644, 71.8891,  
74.0037

■ 43.5658, 27.6947,  
14.6361

■ 83.5016, 86.4402,  
93.0770

■ 40.8692, 23.8154,  
9.0698

■ 91.4662, 98.1525,  
108.7323

■ 39.0764, 21.2775,  
5.2426

■ 38.0694, 19.8986,  
2.9488

■ 37.7231, 19.4393,  
2.1145

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.4291, 48.7905, 59.8215



57.9995, 48.7905, 43.4064



54.3024, 48.7905, 32.2613

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.9995, 48.7905, 43.4064



38.3617, 48.7905, 34.3773



44.1635, 48.7905, 91.8393

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.9995, 48.7905, 43.4064



63.8415, 79.5493, 95.2128

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.2573, 48.7905, 81.4661



57.9995, 48.7905, 43.4064



36.1026, 48.7905, 46.9470

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.9995, 48.7905, 43.4064



42.8433, 48.7905, 27.8640



36.4159, 48.7905, 64.1947



50.0933, 48.7905, 90.3248



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.9995, 48.7905, 43.4064



50.6454, 48.7905, 28.2197



36.4159, 48.7905, 64.1947



42.3496, 48.7905, 89.5512

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.0008, 48.7928, 43.4074



83.7875, 83.3316, 87.0906



66.0167, 51.8378, 92.9126



17.6214, 17.3743, 18.0342



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.0008, 48.7928, 43.4074



58.8055, 46.5122, 38.2402



65.1171, 63.6120, 43.9712



16.5323, 16.4958, 17.2835



20.3365, 10.4780, 1.2143



1.7988, 0.9255, 0.1669



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.0008, 48.7928, 43.4074



58.8055, 46.5122, 38.2402



54.4835, 59.8676, 95.0703



16.5323, 16.4958, 17.2835



20.3365, 10.4780, 1.2143

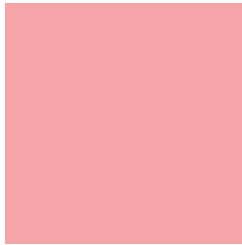


1.7988, 0.9255, 0.1669



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.9995, 48.7905, 43.4064 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

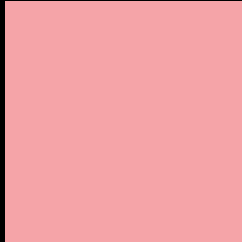
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.9995, 48.7905, 43.4064 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 57.9995, 48.7905, 43.4064**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.9995, 48.7905, 43.4064.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.9995, 48.7905,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

57.9995, 48.7905, 43.4064

### Protanopia

46.9715, 49.0290, 49.6357

### Deuteranopia

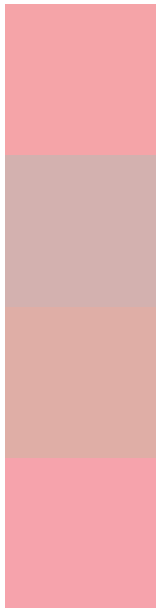
49.7756, 48.8057, 42.3943



## Tritanopia

58.8411, 48.8824, 46.8914

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

57.9995, 48.7905, 43.4064

## Protanomaly

50.3240, 48.3883, 47.2450

## Deuteranomaly

52.4504, 48.7133, 42.7146

## Tritanomaly

58.5496, 48.7658, 45.3566

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

57.9995, 48.7905, 43.4064

## Achromatopsia

48.3692, 50.8881, 55.4172

## Achromatomaly

50.9562, 49.5340, 50.5914

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 57.9995, 48.7905, 43.4064 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(245, 164, 168)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(245, 164, 168)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(245, 164, 168) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(245, 164, 168) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 57.9995, 48.7905, 43.4064 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(245, 164, 168) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(245, 164, 168) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(245, 164, 168) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(245, 164, 168); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 164, 168);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 164,  
168) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 57.9995, 48.7905, 43.4064 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(245, 164, 168) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(245,  
164, 168) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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