

Converting Colors

XYZ(57.9253, 60.6639, 65.6590)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(57.9253, 60.6639, 65.6590)
contains.

XYZ(57.9455, 60.6672, 65.7826)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

**XYZ(57.9455, 60.6672,
65.7826)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CECCCC
RGB	206, 204, 204
RGB Percent	81%, 80%, 80%
CMY	0.1922, 0.2000, 0.2000
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.01, 0.19
HSL	0°, 2%, 80%
HSV	0°, 1%, 81%
XYZ	57.9455, 60.6672, 65.7826
YIQ	204.5980, 1.1920, 0.4240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

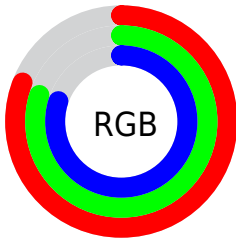
Format	Color
R _Y B	206, 204, 204
Decimal	13552844
CIE Lab	82.20, 0.69, 0.23
CIE LCh	82, 0.730, 18.701
Yxy	60.6672, 0.3142, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291742924 (0xFFCECCCC)
YUV	204.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296
Hunter-Lab	77.8892, -3.5112, 4.4480

Details

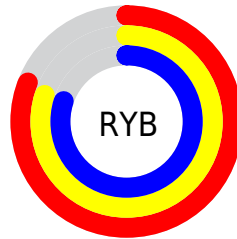
The XYZ color **57.9455, 60.6672, 65.7826** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **58.1136, 61.4352, 67.1885**, and the grayscale version is **57.7758, 60.7846, 66.1945**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **29.3603, 30.6901, 33.2305** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.0680, 50.6076, 52.0957**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.7985, 72.1532, 81.4085**.

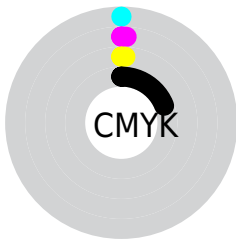
Distribution



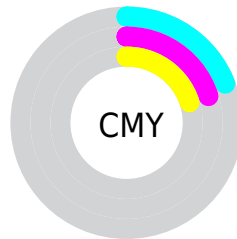
- Red (81%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 57.9455, 60.6672, 65.7826 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 57.9455, 60.6672, 65.7826 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57.9455, 60.6672,
65.7826

■ 57.9455, 60.6672,
65.7826

406.9400,
427.0527, 463.9820

■ 42.0079, 43.9566,
47.6406

100.9669,
105.7969, 114.7983

■ 29.2986, 30.6364,
33.1844

128.7815,
134.9849, 146.5090

■ 19.4523, 20.3222,
21.9955

161.2857,
169.1007, 183.5797

■ 12.1035, 12.6294,
13.6553

198.8450,
208.5289, 226.4290

■ 6.8869, 7.1739,
7.7453

241.8247,
253.6538, 275.4753

■ 3.4372, 3.5711,
3.8470

290.5902,

■ 1.3889, 1.4366,

304.8598, 331.1372

1.5418

345.5069,
362.5313, 393.8332

■ 0.2483, 0.2435,
0.2488

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 57.9455, 60.6672,
65.7826

■ 57.9455, 60.6672,
65.7826

■ 51.0680, 50.6076,
52.0957

■ 65.7985, 72.1532,
81.4085

■ 45.1230, 41.9113,
40.2685

■ 74.6577, 85.1099,
99.0406

■ 40.0720, 34.5220,
30.2218

■ 79.2639, 91.8620,
108.1612

■ 35.8718, 28.3766,
21.8696

■ 32.4755, 23.4068,
15.1185

■ 29.8319, 19.5375,
9.8661

■ 27.8838, 16.6852,
5.9983

■ 26.5658, 14.7544,
3.3846

■ 25.8000, 13.6316,
1.8697

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.9555, 60.6672, 66.2239



57.9455, 60.6672, 65.7826



57.8595, 60.6672, 65.4162

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.9455, 60.6672, 65.7826



57.4384, 60.6672, 65.4938



57.6039, 60.6672, 66.8980

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.9455, 60.6672, 65.7826



58.1136, 61.4352, 67.1885

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



57.4656, 60.6672, 66.7005



57.9455, 60.6672, 65.7826



57.3702, 60.6672, 65.8889

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.9455, 60.6672, 65.7826



57.5667, 60.6672, 65.2500



57.3801, 60.6672, 66.3307



57.7581, 60.6672, 66.8692

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.9455, 60.6672, 65.7826



57.7708, 60.6672, 65.2631



57.3801, 60.6672, 66.3307



57.5540, 60.6672, 66.8558

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.9472, 60.6698, 65.7839

95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000



58.1878, 60.7646, 67.0551



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.9472, 60.6698, 65.7839



93.8355, 98.2236, 106.4832



58.1848, 61.1449, 65.8631



12.4794, 13.0678, 14.1714



15.6768, 8.0866, 0.7346



0.8093, 0.4184, 0.0381

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.1136, 61.4352, 67.1885



94.1166, 99.5166, 108.8559



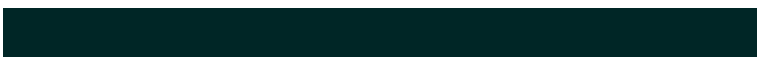
57.8745, 60.9571, 67.1088



12.5140, 13.2272, 14.4639



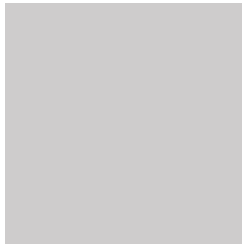
20.3954, 29.8148, 40.6361



1.0528, 1.5393, 2.0966

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.9455, 60.6672, 65.7826 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

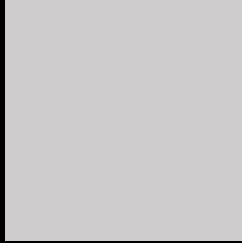
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.9455, 60.6672, 65.7826 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

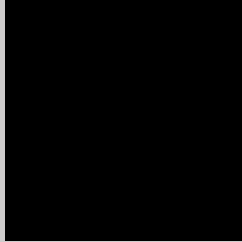
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

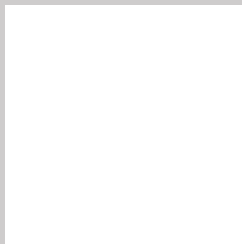
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 57.9455, 60.6672, 65.7826

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.9455, 60.6672, 65.7826.

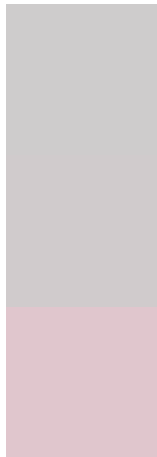


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.9455, 60.6672,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57.9455, 60.6672, 65.7826

Protanopia

58.2674, 60.4814, 65.7298

Deuteranopia

61.9540, 60.6432, 66.1976



Tritanopia

59.7878, 60.7129, 74.8973

Trichromacy



Original Color

57.9455, 60.6672, 65.7826

Protanomaly

57.9871, 60.3369, 65.7167

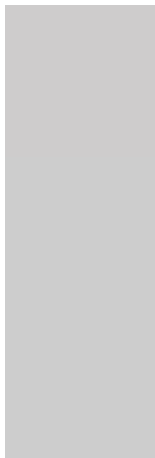
Deuteranomaly

60.2890, 60.4680, 66.2515

Tritanomaly

59.0983, 60.7814, 71.5680

Monochromacy



Original Color

57.9455, 60.6672, 65.7826

Achromatopsia

58.0276, 61.0496, 66.4830

Achromatomaly

58.0276, 61.0496, 66.4830

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 57.9455, 60.6672, 65.7826 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(206, 204, 204) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(206, 204, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 204, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(206, 204, 204) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 57.9455, 60.6672, 65.7826 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(206, 204, 204) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(206, 204, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(206, 204, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(206, 204, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 204, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 204,  
204) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 57.9455, 60.6672, 65.7826 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(206, 204, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(206,  
204, 204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor