

# Converting Colors

XYZ(57.9520, 58.0971, 66.3262)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(57.9520, 58.0971, 66.3262)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(57.9708, 58.2376,  
66.5781)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D3C5CE
RGB	211, 197, 206
RGB Percent	83%, 77%, 81%
CMY	0.1725, 0.2274, 0.1922
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.02, 0.17
HSL	321°, 14%, 80%
HSV	321°, 7%, 83%
XYZ	57.9708, 58.2376, 66.5781
YIQ	202.2120, 5.4550, 5.7670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

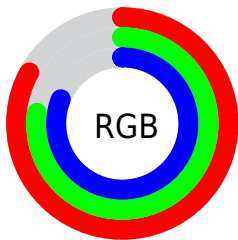
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	211, 197, 206
Decimal	13878734
CIE Lab	80.87, 6.48, -2.74
CIE LCh	81, 7.035, 337.115
Yxy	58.2376, 0.3172, 0.3186
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292068814 (0xFFD3C5CE)
YUV	202.2120, 1.8675, 7.7071
Hunter-Lab	76.3136, 2.0469, 1.6932

# Details

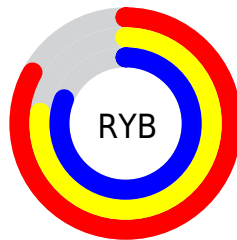
The XYZ color **57.9708, 58.2376, 66.5781** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **56.9831, 62.7247, 64.9839**, and the grayscale version is **56.2591, 59.1889, 64.4567**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94.7318, 99.3636, 108.7939**, and **29.2003, 28.9798, 33.7604** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.6176, 48.9611, 60.3841**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64.0418, 68.8779, 73.2295**.

# Distribution



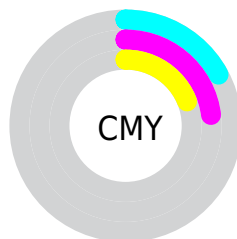
- Red (83%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (83%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (17%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (19%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 57.9708, 58.2376, 66.5781 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 57.9708, 58.2376, 66.5781 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 57.9708, 58.2376,  
66.5781

■ 57.9708, 58.2376,  
66.5781

407.0327,  
418.0707, 466.9021

■ 42.0283, 41.9997,  
48.2824

101.0035,  
102.2688, 115.9506

■ 29.3147, 29.1011,  
33.6890

128.8245,  
130.8308, 147.8644

■ 19.4645, 19.1573,  
22.3794

161.3358,  
164.2697, 185.1547

■ 12.1124, 11.7840,  
13.9349

198.9026,  
202.9699, 228.2400

■ 6.8930, 6.5968,  
7.9372

241.8903,  
247.3157, 277.5389

■ 3.4410, 3.2112,  
3.9676

290.6644,

■ 1.3910, 1.2430,

297.6915, 333.4698

1.6076

345.5900,  
354.4817, 396.4514

■ 0.2498, 0.0964,  
0.2962

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 57.9708, 58.2376,  
66.5781

■ 57.9708, 58.2376,  
66.5781

■ 52.6176, 48.9611,  
60.3841

■ 64.0418, 68.8779,  
73.2295

■ 47.9490, 40.9851,  
54.6312

■ 70.8523, 80.9269,  
80.3464

■ 43.9364, 34.2528,  
49.3076

■ 76.7134, 91.0047,  
87.3693

■ 40.5471, 28.6999,  
44.3994

■ 77.7868, 91.4341,  
93.0216

■ 37.7458, 24.2566,  
39.8913

■ 78.9064, 91.8819,  
98.9174

■ 35.4931, 20.8454,  
35.7672

■ 80.0728, 92.3485,  
105.0597

■ 33.7448, 18.3790,  
32.0088

■ 80.6744, 92.5891,  
108.2272

■ 32.4494, 16.7553,  
28.5956

■ 31.5406, 15.8430,  
25.5019

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.0585, 58.2376, 70.0172



57.9708, 58.2376, 66.5781



58.1759, 58.2376, 62.4236

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.9708, 58.2376, 66.5781



55.0073, 58.2376, 55.7878



53.1520, 58.2376, 68.3696

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.9708, 58.2376, 66.5781



56.9831, 62.7247, 64.9839

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.6231, 58.2376, 64.4084



57.9708, 58.2376, 66.5781



53.6820, 58.2376, 57.2337

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.9708, 58.2376, 66.5781



56.4482, 58.2376, 56.3118



52.8154, 58.2376, 60.3457



54.2722, 58.2376, 71.0827



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.9708, 58.2376, 66.5781



57.8809, 58.2376, 59.8286



52.8154, 58.2376, 60.3457



52.9000, 58.2376, 67.1333

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.9725, 58.2401, 66.5794



93.1526, 96.6723, 106.8273



56.0565, 57.1811, 69.7115



19.9584, 20.7267, 22.8873



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.9725, 58.2401, 66.5794



87.7326, 87.2073, 100.7819



57.1527, 57.9122, 62.2623



12.1240, 11.9344, 13.9290



18.9286, 9.4443, 15.0622



1.0955, 0.5429, 1.0376



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.9725, 58.2401, 66.5794



87.7326, 87.2073, 100.7819



57.8183, 63.0588, 69.3821



12.1240, 11.9344, 13.9290



18.9286, 9.4443, 15.0622



1.0955, 0.5429, 1.0376



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.9708, 58.2376, 66.5781 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

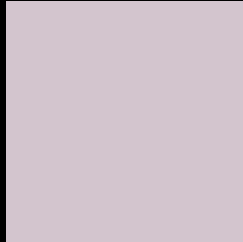
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.9708, 58.2376, 66.5781 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

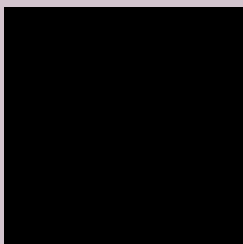
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

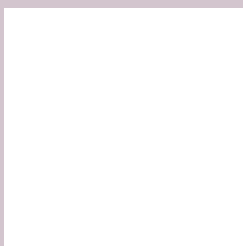
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 57.9708, 58.2376, 66.5781**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.9708, 58.2376, 66.5781.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.9708, 58.2376,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

57.9708, 58.2376, 66.5781

### Protanopia

56.3966, 58.4192, 67.9781

### Deuteranopia

59.5691, 58.3919, 66.5236



## Tritanopia

58.7750, 58.2304, 70.4292

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

57.9708, 58.2376, 66.5781

## Protanomaly

56.8627, 58.3310, 67.2935

## Deuteranomaly

58.9048, 58.3832, 66.5570

## Tritanomaly

58.5242, 58.1300, 69.1084

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

57.9708, 58.2376, 66.5781

## Achromatopsia

56.1383, 59.0619, 64.3184

## Achromatomaly

56.6106, 58.5995, 64.8270

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 57.9708, 58.2376, 66.5781 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(211, 197, 206) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(211, 197, 206)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(211, 197, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(211, 197, 206) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 57.9708, 58.2376, 66.5781 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(211, 197, 206) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(211, 197, 206) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(211, 197, 206)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(211, 197, 206); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 197, 206);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 197,  
206) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 57.9708, 58.2376, 66.5781 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(211, 197, 206) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(211,  
197, 206) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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