

Converting Colors

XYZ(57.9708, 62.8333, 66.0893)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(57.9708, 62.8333, 66.0893)
contains.

XYZ(58.0331, 62.8703, 66.2033)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(58.0331, 62.8703,
66.2033)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C9D2CC
RGB	201, 210, 204
RGB Percent	79%, 82%, 80%
CMY	0.2118, 0.1765, 0.2000
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.03, 0.18
HSL	140°, 9%, 81%
HSV	140°, 4%, 82%
XYZ	58.0331, 62.8703, 66.2033
YIQ	206.6250, -3.4380, -3.7740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

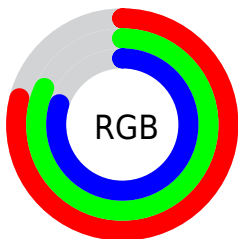
Format	Color
R_{YB}	201, 208, 210
Decimal	13226700
CIE Lab	83.37, -4.16, 1.90
CIE LCh	83, 4.571, 155.444
Yxy	62.8703, 0.3102, 0.3360
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291416780 (0xFFC9D2CC)
YUV	206.6250, -1.2941, -4.9331
Hunter-Lab	79.2908, -8.1144, 5.9998

Details

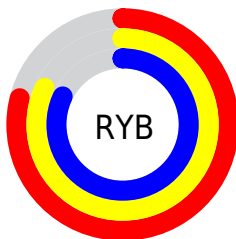
The XYZ color **58.0331, 62.8703, 66.2033** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **58.7298, 59.9816, 67.5168**, and the grayscale version is **59.0781, 62.1548, 67.6865**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **29.4261, 32.1820, 33.5150** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.1646, 59.5166, 57.5057**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.8281, 66.6877, 75.7352**.

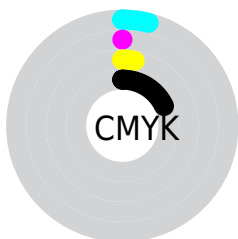
Distribution



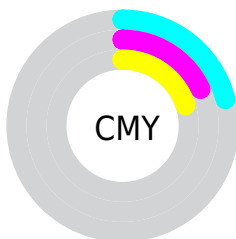
- Red (79%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 58.0331, 62.8703, 66.2033 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 58.0331, 62.8703, 66.2033 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 58.0331, 62.8703,
66.2033

■ 58.0331, 62.8703,
66.2033

407.2611,
435.0986, 465.5277

■ 42.0786, 45.7363,
47.9799

101.0937,
108.9824, 115.4079

■ 29.3542, 32.0378,
33.4511

128.9306,
138.7292, 147.2261

■ 19.4946, 21.3904,
22.1983

161.4590,
173.4491, 184.4131

■ 12.1343, 13.4096,
13.8030

199.0443,
213.5265, 227.3873

■ 6.9081, 7.7112,
7.8466

242.0518,
259.3458, 276.5674

■ 3.4505, 3.9107,
3.9106

290.8468,

■ 1.3962, 1.6238,

311.2913, 332.3717

1.5764

345.7948,
369.7474, 395.2190

■ 0.2535, 0.3735,
0.2739

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 58.0331, 62.8703,
66.2033

■ 58.0331, 62.8703,
66.2033

■ 51.1646, 59.5166,
57.5057

■ 65.8281, 66.6877,
75.7352

■ 45.1821, 56.6010,
49.6160

■ 74.5773, 70.9773,
86.1186

■ 40.0500, 54.1072,
42.5121

■ 80.9239, 74.0100,
97.2170

■ 35.7284, 52.0153,
36.1699

■ 82.3378, 74.5756,
104.6626

■ 32.1738, 50.3032,
30.5635

■ 29.3386, 48.9471,
25.6659

■ 27.1696, 47.9200,
21.4483

■ 25.6058, 47.1912,
17.8797

■ 24.5737, 46.7234,
14.9267

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.6538, 62.8703, 64.0878



58.0331, 62.8703, 66.2033



57.8720, 62.8703, 68.9762

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.0331, 62.8703, 66.2033



59.9380, 62.8703, 74.0554



61.3285, 62.8703, 65.3267

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.0331, 62.8703, 66.2033



58.7298, 59.9816, 67.5168

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.6811, 62.8703, 67.9365



58.0331, 62.8703, 66.2033



60.8726, 62.8703, 73.0164

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.0331, 62.8703, 66.2033



58.9648, 62.8703, 73.5604



61.5133, 62.8703, 70.7573



60.5549, 62.8703, 63.5916

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.0331, 62.8703, 66.2033



58.0454, 62.8703, 70.8361



61.5133, 62.8703, 70.7573



61.5006, 62.8703, 66.1280

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.0349, 62.8730, 66.2047



93.8455, 99.4105, 107.4210



59.3657, 63.6002, 64.4065



20.0995, 21.2842, 23.0081



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.0349, 62.8730, 66.2047



89.1750, 97.1260, 101.6376



58.5644, 63.0848, 68.9932



12.3909, 13.5511, 14.1125



14.7739, 28.4025, 8.4552



0.8626, 1.6027, 0.6651

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.7298, 59.9816, 67.5168



90.4400, 91.8626, 104.0261



58.2048, 59.7716, 64.7522



12.5878, 12.7318, 14.4843



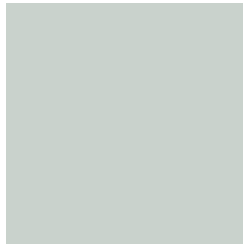
19.1493, 9.5326, 16.2242



1.1067, 0.5474, 1.0967

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.0331, 62.8703, 66.2033 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

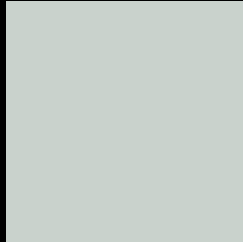
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.0331, 62.8703, 66.2033 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

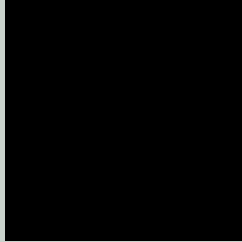
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

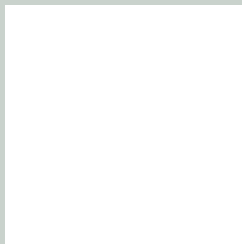
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 58.0331, 62.8703, 66.2033

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.0331, 62.8703, 66.2033.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.0331, 62.8703,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

58.0331, 62.8703, 66.2033

Protanopia

60.1249, 62.8870, 64.8466

Deuteranopia

64.0221, 62.7235, 67.1250



Tritanopia

60.5339, 62.7907, 78.7414

Trichromacy



Original Color

58.0331, 62.8703, 66.2033

Protanomaly

59.3478, 62.8334, 65.5000

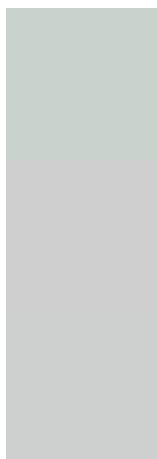
Deuteranomaly

61.5258, 62.4989, 66.5784

Tritanomaly

59.5791, 62.7661, 73.9407

Monochromacy



Original Color

58.0331, 62.8703, 66.2033

Achromatopsia

59.3074, 62.3960, 67.9493

Achromatomaly

58.8733, 62.5471, 67.3624

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 58.0331, 62.8703, 66.2033 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(201, 210, 204) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(201, 210, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 210, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(201, 210, 204) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 58.0331, 62.8703, 66.2033 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(201, 210, 204) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(201, 210, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(201, 210, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(201, 210, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 210, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 210,  
204) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 58.0331, 62.8703, 66.2033 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(201, 210, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(201,  
210, 204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor