

# Converting Colors

XYZ(57.9977, 64.2234, 70.6789)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(57.9977, 64.2234, 70.6789)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(58.0526, 64.2656,  
70.9728)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C2D6D3
RGB	194, 214, 211
RGB Percent	76%, 84%, 83%
CMY	0.2392, 0.1608, 0.1725
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.01, 0.16
HSL	171°, 20%, 80%
HSV	171°, 9%, 84%
XYZ	58.0526, 64.2656, 70.9728
YIQ	207.6780, -10.9570, -5.1730

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

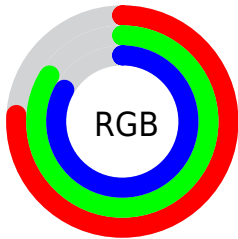
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	194, 205, 214
Decimal	12768979
CIELab	84.10, -7.26, -0.82
CIELCh	84, 7.302, 186.425
Yxy	64.2656, 0.3003, 0.3325
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290959059 (0xFFC2D6D3)
YUV	207.6780, 1.6377, -11.9956
Hunter-Lab	80.1658, -11.0283, 3.6252

# Details

The XYZ color **58.0526, 64.2656, 70.9728** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **57.1038, 56.9127, 60.8019**, and the grayscale version is **59.7421, 62.8533, 68.4473**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.5937, 99.2492, 108.8318**, and **29.2992, 32.8060, 36.6863** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.5525, 61.4780, 68.6348**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64.3554, 67.4696, 73.3931**.

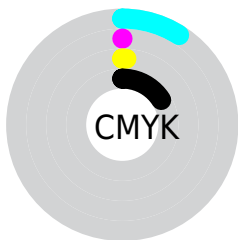
# Distribution



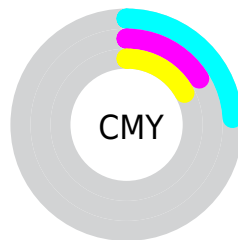
- Red (76%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (17%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 58.0526, 64.2656, 70.9728 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 58.0526, 64.2656, 70.9728 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 58.0526, 64.2656,  
70.9728

■ 58.0526, 64.2656,  
70.9728

407.3326,  
440.1481, 482.8394

■ 42.0944, 46.8658,  
51.8383

■ 101.1220,  
110.9934, 122.2891

■ 29.3666, 32.9296,  
36.4949

128.9638,  
141.0901, 155.3080

■ 19.5040, 22.0725,  
24.5239

161.4976,  
176.1880, 193.7920

■ 12.1412, 13.9102,  
15.5069

199.0886,  
216.6714, 238.1599

■ 6.9128, 8.0582,  
9.0254

242.1023,  
262.9248, 288.8300

■ 3.4535, 4.1322,  
4.6607

290.9039,

■ 1.3979, 1.7478,

315.3324, 346.2209

1.9944

345.8589,  
374.2787, 410.7512

■ 0.2547, 0.4543,  
0.5518

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 58.0526, 64.2656,  
70.9728

■ 58.0526, 64.2656,  
70.9728

■ 52.5525, 61.4780,  
68.6348

■ 64.3554, 67.4696,  
73.3931

■ 47.8158, 59.0814,  
66.3729

■ 71.4871, 71.0981,  
75.8931

■ 43.8084, 57.0597,  
64.1868

■ 78.2910, 74.5568,  
78.4203

■ 40.4911, 55.3929,  
62.0742

■ 78.7224, 74.7294,  
80.6921

■ 37.8213, 54.0590,  
60.0331

■ 79.1621, 74.9052,  
83.0071

■ 35.7514, 53.0334,  
58.0608

■ 79.6100, 75.0844,  
85.3658

■ 34.2272, 52.2883,  
56.1546

■ 80.0662, 75.2669,  
87.7683

■ 33.1849, 51.7906,  
54.3112

■ 80.5308, 75.4527,  
90.2149

■ 32.5175, 51.4854,  
52.5254

■ 81.0039, 75.6419,  
92.7058

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.2843, 64.2656, 66.4822



58.0526, 64.2656, 70.9728



58.6212, 64.2656, 75.3810

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.0526, 64.2656, 70.9728



62.9423, 64.2656, 77.3661



62.3312, 64.2656, 62.1462

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.0526, 64.2656, 70.9728



57.1038, 56.9127, 60.8019

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.6118, 64.2656, 64.8325



58.0526, 64.2656, 70.9728



63.9689, 64.2656, 73.5866

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.0526, 64.2656, 70.9728



61.4302, 64.2656, 79.1756



64.2161, 64.2656, 68.9852



60.7362, 64.2656, 61.5151



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.0526, 64.2656, 70.9728



59.3836, 64.2656, 77.6373



64.2161, 64.2656, 68.9852



62.8135, 64.2656, 62.8329

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.0544, 64.2683, 70.9742



92.1069, 98.5041, 107.7999



56.8995, 63.9063, 60.3763



19.5504, 21.0004, 23.0111



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

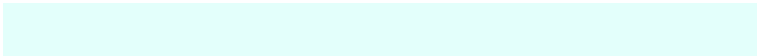


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.0544, 64.2683, 70.9742



84.8021, 94.7945, 104.9198



56.7814, 61.1140, 72.4249



12.7083, 14.0743, 15.5444



19.6608, 31.1197, 31.8390



1.2081, 1.8859, 2.0376



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.1038, 56.9127, 60.8019



83.1420, 81.9495, 87.1566



58.2804, 59.8113, 59.5131



12.4985, 12.4509, 13.2993



16.9445, 8.7141, 1.7459



1.0467, 0.5355, 0.2351



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.0526, 64.2656, 70.9728 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

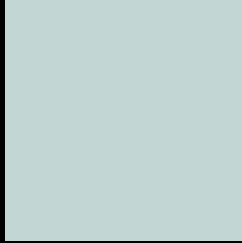
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.0526, 64.2656, 70.9728 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

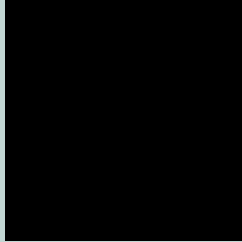
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

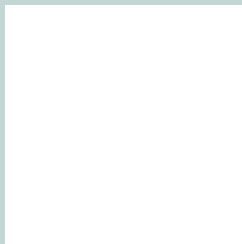
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 58.0526, 64.2656, 70.9728**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.0526, 64.2656, 70.9728.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.0526, 64.2656,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

58.0526, 64.2656, 70.9728

### Protanopia

61.3816, 63.8120, 68.7563

### Deuteranopia

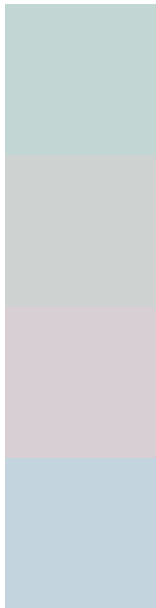
65.3611, 64.0099, 71.8610



## Tritanopia

60.3238, 64.0603, 82.5843

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

58.0526, 64.2656, 70.9728

## Protanomaly

60.0088, 63.8184, 69.4770

## Deuteranomaly

62.5154, 63.9780, 71.3414

## Tritanomaly

59.4933, 64.0967, 78.3435

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

58.0526, 64.2656, 70.9728

## Achromatopsia

59.9535, 63.0757, 68.6895

## Achromatomaly

59.1838, 63.3931, 69.4384

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 58.0526, 64.2656, 70.9728 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 214, 211)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 214, 211)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 214, 211) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 214, 211) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 58.0526, 64.2656, 70.9728 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 214, 211) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 214, 211) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 214, 211)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 214, 211); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 214, 211);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 214,  
211) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 58.0526, 64.2656, 70.9728 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 214, 211) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
214, 211) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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