

Converting Colors

XYZ(58.0011, 57.5386, 55.3712)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(58.0011, 57.5386, 55.3712)
contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| XYZ(57.8841, 57.4301, 55.6112) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**XYZ(57.8841, 57.4301,
55.6112)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | DCC2BC |
| RGB | 220, 194, 188 |
| RGB Percent | 86%, 76%, 74% |
| CMY | 0.1373, 0.2392, 0.2627 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.12, 0.15, 0.14 |
| HSL | 11°, 31%, 80% |
| HSV | 11°, 15%, 86% |
| XYZ | 57.8841, 57.4301, 55.6112 |
| YIQ | 201.0900, 17.4220, 3.6460 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

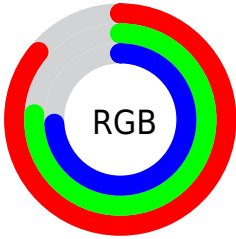
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 220, 195, 188 |
| Decimal | 14467772 |
| CIE Lab | 80.42, 8.21, 6.37 |
| CIE LCh | 80, 10.392, 37.830 |
| Yxy | 57.4301, 0.3387, 0.3360 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4292657852 (0xFFDCC2BC) |
| YUV | 201.0900, -6.4534, 16.5841 |
| Hunter-Lab | 75.7826, 3.7218, 9.5394 |

Details

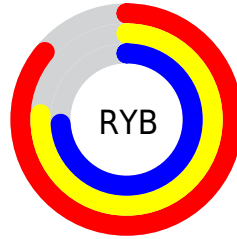
The XYZ color **57.8841, 57.4301, 55.6112** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **57.7035, 63.9503, 77.0130**, and the grayscale version is **55.6057, 58.5015, 63.7081**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.0663, 96.7860, 99.4171**, and **29.2683, 28.5048, 26.8810** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.9500, 49.0720, 42.8108**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64.6614, 66.8948, 70.4777**.

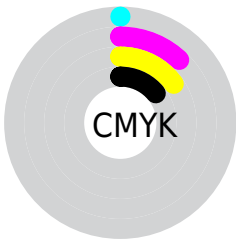
Distribution



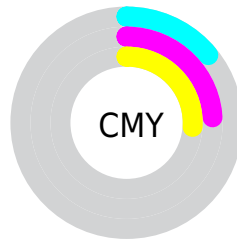
- Red (86%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 57.8841, 57.4301, 55.6112 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 57.8841, 57.4301, 55.6112 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57.8841, 57.4301,
55.6112

■ 57.8841, 57.4301,
55.6112

406.7148,
415.0590, 425.5717

■ 41.9584, 41.3507,
39.4894

■ 100.8780,
101.0925, 99.9160

■ 29.2597, 28.5932,
26.8299

128.6769,
129.4442, 128.9361

■ 19.4226, 18.7733,
17.2142

161.1642,
162.6555, 163.0926

■ 12.0819, 11.5066,
10.2238

198.7053,
201.1107, 202.8042

■ 6.8720, 6.4087,
5.4400

241.6656,
245.1943, 248.4894

■ 3.4278, 3.0951,
2.4445

290.4103,

■ 1.3838, 1.1816,

295.2906, 300.5666

0.8105

345.3049,
351.7840, 359.4546

■ 0.2447, 0.0466,
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 57.8841, 57.4301,
55.6112

■ 57.8841, 57.4301,
55.6112

■ 51.9500, 49.0720,
42.8108

■ 64.6614, 66.8948,
70.4777

■ 46.8210, 41.7723,
31.9812

■ 72.3084, 77.4965,
87.4923

■ 42.4634, 35.4910,
23.0251

■ 80.8564, 89.2742,
106.7373

■ 38.8389, 30.1822,
15.8356

■ 83.3254, 93.9558,
108.3513

■ 35.9061, 25.7967,
10.2947

■ 33.6191, 22.2809,
6.2702

■ 31.9262, 19.5753,
3.6091

■ 30.7669, 17.6124,
2.1258

■ 30.3181, 16.8210,
1.6488

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.7436, 57.4301, 60.9474



57.8841, 57.4301, 55.6112



56.1454, 57.4301, 52.2879

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.8841, 57.4301, 55.6112



50.8806, 57.4301, 58.2099



55.1454, 57.4301, 74.8839

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.8841, 57.4301, 55.6112



57.7035, 63.9503, 77.0130

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.0549, 57.4301, 74.0328



57.8841, 57.4301, 55.6112



50.6286, 57.4301, 64.1430

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.8841, 57.4301, 55.6112



52.1124, 57.4301, 53.7189



51.4148, 57.4301, 70.0036



57.1358, 57.4301, 72.2590

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.8841, 57.4301, 55.6112



54.7407, 57.4301, 51.5296



51.4148, 57.4301, 70.0036



54.4307, 57.4301, 74.9978

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.8857, 57.4327, 55.6124



90.8642, 94.1870, 99.6171



59.6537, 56.0447, 71.3818



19.2850, 19.9321, 20.9602



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



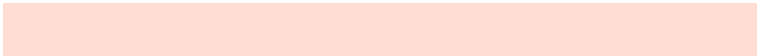
20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.8857, 57.4327, 55.6124



78.6161, 77.0688, 72.7884



61.6066, 64.8745, 56.8527



13.2527, 13.4448, 13.6222



17.8532, 9.9920, 0.9877



1.2157, 0.7655, 0.0837

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.7035, 63.9503, 77.0130



78.3204, 87.6048, 107.3892



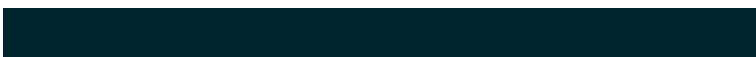
53.8826, 56.3086, 75.7394



13.2264, 14.3925, 16.7331



17.0865, 22.0425, 43.0925



1.1617, 1.5376, 2.8100

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.8841, 57.4301, 55.6112 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

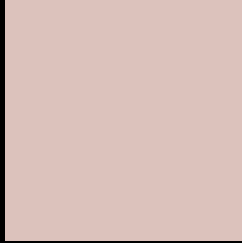
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.8841, 57.4301, 55.6112 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

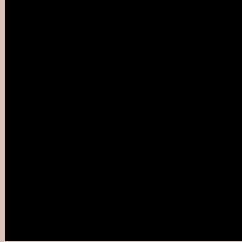
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 57.8841, 57.4301, 55.6112

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.8841, 57.4301, 55.6112.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.8841, 57.4301,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57.8841, 57.4301, 55.6112

Protanopia

55.0042, 57.5876, 57.5067

Deuteranopia

58.5785, 57.4587, 55.5802



Tritanopia

59.8956, 57.2474, 66.2855

Trichromacy



Original Color

57.8841, 57.4301, 55.6112

Protanomaly

55.8389, 57.3518, 56.8422

Deuteranomaly

58.2713, 57.3004, 55.5658

Tritanomaly

58.9772, 57.1949, 61.9641

Monochromacy



Original Color

57.8841, 57.4301, 55.6112

Achromatopsia

55.5167, 58.4078, 63.6061

Achromatomaly

56.1703, 57.7836, 60.4174

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 57.8841, 57.4301, 55.6112 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(220, 194, 188)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(220, 194, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(220, 194, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(220, 194, 188) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 57.8841, 57.4301, 55.6112 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(220, 194, 188) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(220, 194, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(220, 194, 188)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(220, 194, 188); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 194, 188);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 194,  
188) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 57.8841, 57.4301, 55.6112 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(220, 194, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(220,  
194, 188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor