

# Converting Colors

XYZ(58.0152, 50.0069,  
101.2023)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(58.0152, 50.0069, 101.2023)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(57.8954, 49.9445,  
101.1966)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CCADFF
RGB	204, 173, 255
RGB Percent	80%, 68%, 100%
CMY	0.2000, 0.3216, 0.0000
CMYK	0.20, 0.32, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	263°, 100%, 84%
HSV	263°, 32%, 100%
XYZ	57.8954, 49.9445, 101.1966
YIQ	191.6170, -7.8460, 32.0740

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

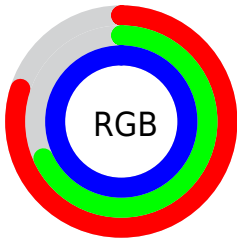
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">204, 173, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">13413887</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">76.04, 27.14, -36.50</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">76, 45.482, 306.635</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">49.9445, 0.2770, 0.2389</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291603967 (0xFFCCADFF)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">191.6170, 31.2478, 10.8599</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">70.6714, 22.5557, -35.4292</a>

# Details

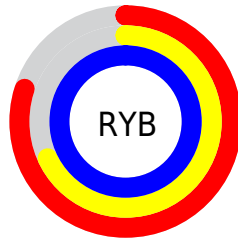
The XYZ color **57.8954, 49.9445, 101.1966** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99FF**. A complement of this color would be **74.0441, 90.3848, 53.0807**, and the grayscale version is **49.7082, 52.2969, 56.9513**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.3093, 84.5186, 106.3198**, and **29.3039, 23.8997, 56.4947** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.3366, 38.9541, 99.5263**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67.8331, 63.0332, 103.1992**.

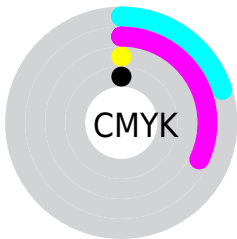
# Distribution



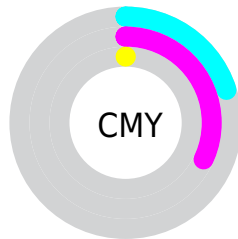
- Red (80%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 57.8954, 49.9445, 101.1966 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 57.8954, 49.9445, 101.1966 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



57.8954, 49.9445,  
101.1966

57.8954, 49.9445,  
101.1966

406.7562,  
386.4489, 585.3017

41.9675, 35.3693,  
76.6778

100.8944, 90.0926,  
164.8668

29.2668, 23.9475,  
56.4785

128.6961,  
116.4344, 204.8553

19.4281, 15.2947,  
40.1801

161.1866,  
147.4671, 250.8374

12.0858, 9.0265,  
27.3642

198.7310,  
183.5751, 303.2318

6.8748, 4.7584,  
17.6121

241.6949,  
225.1429, 362.4568

3.4295, 2.1062,  
10.5053

290.4434,

1.3848, 0.6681,

272.5549, 428.9311

5.6253

345.3421,  
326.1954, 503.0732

■ 0.2453, 0.0000,  
2.5535

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.8683

■ 57.8954, 49.9445,  
101.1966

■ 57.8954, 49.9445,  
101.1966

■ 49.3366, 38.9541,  
99.5263

■ 67.8331, 63.0332,  
103.1992

■ 42.0855, 29.9428,  
98.1691

■ 79.2066, 78.3188,  
105.5502

■ 36.0714, 22.7883,  
97.1051

■ 92.0753, 95.9009,  
108.2656

■ 31.2140, 17.3516,  
96.3118

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 27.4221, 13.4732,  
95.7630

■ 24.5878, 10.9618,  
95.4277

■ 22.9164, 9.7287,  
95.2777

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.3824, 49.9445, 115.3076



57.8954, 49.9445, 101.1966



64.0923, 49.9445, 75.1137

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.8954, 49.9445, 101.1966



54.2449, 49.9445, 21.7589



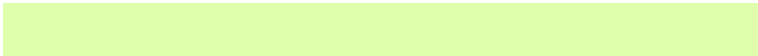
33.0294, 49.9445, 59.9650

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.8954, 49.9445, 101.1966



74.0441, 90.3848, 53.0807

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



34.0043, 49.9445, 37.8645



57.8954, 49.9445, 101.1966



45.6091, 49.9445, 19.9023

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.8954, 49.9445, 101.1966



61.8152, 49.9445, 30.9784



38.3792, 49.9445, 24.8265



35.5371, 49.9445, 87.3284



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.8954, 49.9445, 101.1966



65.7068, 49.9445, 57.1722



38.3792, 49.9445, 24.8265



32.9657, 49.9445, 51.6823

# Sweetspot

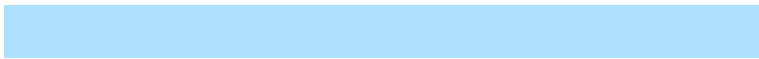
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.8969, 49.9465, 101.1969



81.8519, 81.9109, 106.1041



62.1921, 69.9199, 104.8258



17.1488, 17.0283, 22.6329



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.8969, 49.9465, 101.1969



51.8929, 42.2030, 100.0187



70.3259, 56.3538, 101.7785



17.6519, 17.7123, 22.7384



12.1266, 5.1620, 49.7918



1.2974, 0.5628, 4.8535



# Inverse Universe

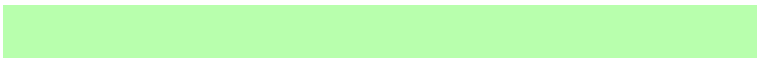
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.6391, 56.5306, 77.7631



65.6300, 49.9169, 72.0966



63.0553, 84.7198, 52.5664



18.4845, 18.1771, 21.1683



24.8754, 12.4395, 18.5263

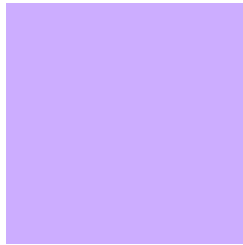


2.4752, 1.2325, 2.0838



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.8954, 49.9445, 101.1966 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

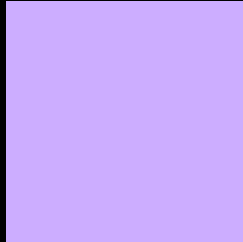
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.8954, 49.9445, 101.1966 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 57.8954, 49.9445, 101.1966

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.8954, 49.9445, 101.1966.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.8954, 49.9445,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

57.8954, 49.9445, 101.1966

### Protanopia

51.3353, 50.1334, 101.5788

### Deuteranopia

51.4408, 50.2248, 99.9116



## Tritanopia

49.6974, 49.8738, 61.0401

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

57.8954, 49.9445, 101.1966

## Protanomaly

53.3963, 49.9710, 101.4388

## Deuteranomaly

53.7047, 50.1486, 100.6150

## Tritanomaly

52.3961, 49.7628, 73.8614

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

57.8954, 49.9445, 101.1966

## Achromatopsia

50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028

## Achromatomaly

52.3797, 51.3400, 71.4389

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 57.8954, 49.9445, 101.1966 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(204, 173, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 173, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 173, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 173, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 57.8954, 49.9445, 101.1966 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 173, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 173, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(204, 173, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 173, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 173, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 173,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 57.8954, 49.9445, 101.1966 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 173, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204,  
173, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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