

# Converting Colors

XYZ(58.0557, 61.6182, 69.6542)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(58.0557, 61.6182, 69.6542)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(58.0331, 61.6963,  
69.8227)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C9CFD2
RGB	201, 207, 210
RGB Percent	79%, 81%, 82%
CMY	0.2118, 0.1882, 0.1765
CMYK	0.04, 0.01, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	200°, 9%, 81%
HSV	200°, 4%, 82%
XYZ	58.0331, 61.6963, 69.8227
YIQ	205.5480, -4.5390, -0.3390

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

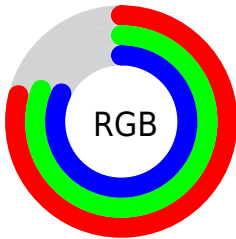
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	201, 205, 210
Decimal	13225938
CIE Lab	82.75, -1.47, -2.21
CIE LCh	83, 2.654, 236.245
Yxy	61.6963, 0.3062, 0.3255
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291416018 (0xFFC9CFD2)
YUV	205.5480, 2.1948, -3.9886
Hunter-Lab	78.5470, -5.5756, 2.2783

# Details

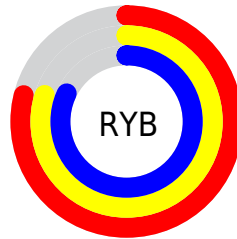
The XYZ color **58.0331, 61.6963, 69.8227** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **58.7140, 61.1039, 63.9590**, and the grayscale version is **58.3674, 61.4070, 66.8723**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **29.4246, 31.3858, 35.9597** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.1129, 55.6710, 69.0254**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.8037, 68.2748, 70.6839**.

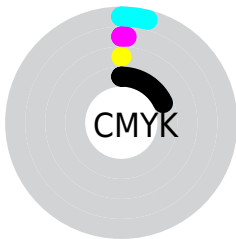
# Distribution



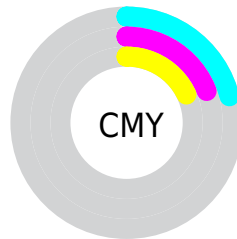
- Red (79%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 58.0331, 61.6963, 69.8227 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 58.0331, 61.6963, 69.8227 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 58.0331, 61.6963,  
69.8227

■ 58.0331, 61.6963,  
69.8227

407.2611,  
430.8224, 478.6995

■ 42.0786, 44.7873,  
50.9061

101.0937,  
107.2865, 120.6346

■ 29.3542, 31.2900,  
35.7577

128.9306,  
136.7365, 153.3670

■ 19.4946, 20.8197,  
23.9589

161.4590,  
171.1357, 191.5418

■ 12.1343, 12.9923,  
15.0912

199.0443,  
210.8684, 235.5774

■ 6.9081, 7.4232,  
8.7361

242.0518,  
256.3190, 285.8924

■ 3.4505, 3.7282,  
4.4750

290.8468,

■ 1.3962, 1.5227,

307.8719, 342.9054

1.8894

345.7948,  
365.9116, 407.0350

■ 0.2535, 0.3046,  
0.4860

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 58.0331, 61.6963,  
69.8227

■ 58.0331, 61.6963,  
69.8227

■ 51.1129, 55.6710,  
69.0254

■ 65.8037, 68.2748,  
70.6839

■ 45.0058, 50.1730,  
68.2860

■ 74.4496, 75.4157,  
71.6065

■ 39.6792, 45.1860,  
67.6042

■ 80.6115, 81.3902,  
72.4349

■ 35.0964, 40.6895,  
66.9778

■ 82.5741, 85.3153,  
73.0891

■ 31.2176, 36.6613,  
66.4047

■ 84.6153, 89.3978,  
73.7695

■ 27.9989, 33.0775,  
65.8826

■ 86.7362, 93.6395,  
74.4765

■ 25.3911, 29.9109,  
65.4089

■ 88.6330, 97.4332,  
75.1088

■ 23.3374, 27.1308,  
64.9805

■ 21.7690, 24.7000,  
64.5940

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.6621, 61.6963, 68.5756



58.0331, 61.6963, 69.8227



58.5687, 61.6963, 70.3606

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.0331, 61.6963, 69.8227



59.7419, 61.6963, 67.3827



58.1567, 61.6963, 64.3984

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.0331, 61.6963, 69.8227



58.7140, 61.1039, 63.9590

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.7123, 61.6963, 64.0905



58.0331, 61.6963, 69.8227



59.6298, 61.6963, 65.7971

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.0331, 61.6963, 69.8227



59.5572, 61.6963, 68.9375



59.2521, 61.6963, 64.5986



57.7332, 61.6963, 65.4463

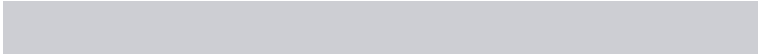


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.0331, 61.6963, 69.8227



58.9479, 61.6963, 70.2382



59.2521, 61.6963, 64.5986



58.3342, 61.6963, 64.2056

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.0349, 61.6989, 69.8241



93.8478, 98.9790, 108.7663



58.0161, 62.8642, 66.1097



20.1000, 21.1964, 23.2819



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.0349, 61.6989, 69.8241



89.1744, 94.9827, 108.2412



56.9946, 59.6185, 69.4773



12.3905, 13.2165, 15.1416



12.9189, 14.4844, 39.3074



0.7936, 0.9525, 2.2216



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.7289, 59.9811, 67.5167



90.4405, 91.8628, 104.0287



59.7632, 63.2023, 64.3088



12.5878, 12.7319, 14.4847



19.1516, 9.5335, 16.2363

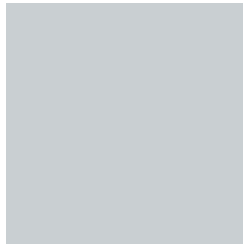


1.1068, 0.5474, 1.0973



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.0331, 61.6963, 69.8227 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

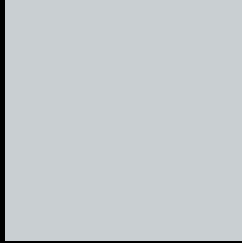
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.0331, 61.6963, 69.8227 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

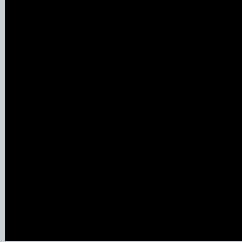
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

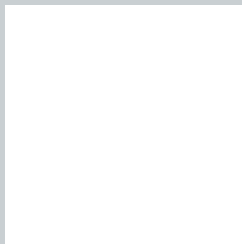
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 58.0331, 61.6963, 69.8227

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.0331, 61.6963, 69.8227.



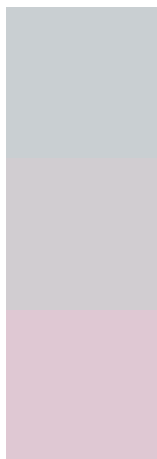
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.0331, 61.6963,

69.8227.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

58.0331, 61.6963, 69.8227

### Protanopia

59.6344, 61.8214, 69.1113

### Deuteranopia

62.8436, 61.6997, 70.2250



## Tritanopia

59.5111, 61.5796, 77.1561

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

58.0331, 61.6963, 69.8227

## Protanomaly

59.0335, 61.8679, 69.1519

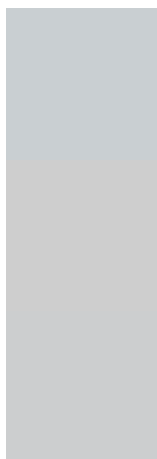
## Deuteranomaly

61.1381, 61.8621, 70.3463

## Tritanomaly

58.9528, 61.7089, 74.4495

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

58.0331, 61.6963, 69.8227

## Achromatopsia

58.6655, 61.7207, 67.2138

## Achromatomaly

58.2356, 61.4850, 67.8299

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 58.0331, 61.6963, 69.8227 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(201, 207, 210) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(201, 207, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 207, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(201, 207, 210) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 58.0331, 61.6963, 69.8227 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(201, 207, 210) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(201, 207, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 207, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(201, 207, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 207, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 207,  
210) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 58.0331, 61.6963, 69.8227 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(201, 207, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(201,  
207, 210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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