

# Converting Colors

XYZ(58.0662, 56.4375, 57.1163)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(58.0662, 56.4375, 57.1163)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(58.1590, 56.5528,  
57.1407)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DEBFBF
RGB	222, 191, 191
RGB Percent	87%, 75%, 75%
CMY	0.1294, 0.2510, 0.2510
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.14, 0.13
HSL	0°, 32%, 81%
HSV	0°, 14%, 87%
XYZ	58.1590, 56.5528, 57.1407
YIQ	200.2690, 18.4760, 6.5720

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

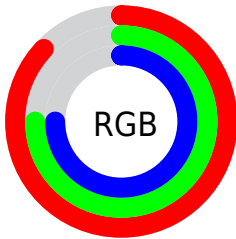
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	222, 191, 191
Decimal	14598079
CIE Lab	79.93, 11.01, 4.07
CIE LCh	80, 11.734, 20.299
Yxy	56.5528, 0.3384, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292788159 (0xFFDEBFBF)
YUV	200.2690, -4.5696, 19.0581
Hunter-Lab	75.2016, 6.4446, 7.5906

# Details

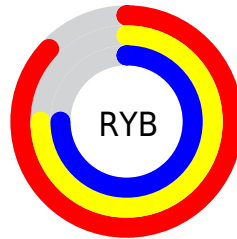
The XYZ color **58.1590, 56.5528, 57.1407** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **60.7916, 68.5914, 79.1433**, and the grayscale version is **55.0861, 57.9549, 63.1128**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.2893, 94.4969, 101.4240**, and **29.6123, 28.2274, 27.9325** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.4196, 46.6914, 43.7406**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66.0056, 68.0346, 72.7381**.

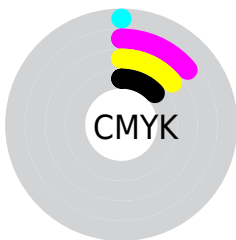
# Distribution



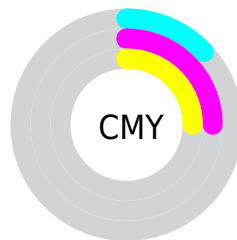
- Red (87%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (13%)




- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (25%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 58.1590, 56.5528, 57.1407 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 58.1590, 56.5528, 57.1407 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 58.1590, 56.5528,  
57.1407

 58.1590, 56.5528,  
57.1407


407.7225,  
411.7715, 431.4848

 42.1802, 40.6463,  
40.7081


 101.2760, 99.8124,  
102.1728

 29.4342, 28.0428,  
27.7731


129.1450,  
127.9342, 131.6094

 19.5554, 18.3579,  
17.9171


161.7080,  
160.8967, 166.2178

 12.1787, 11.2073,  
10.7217

199.3306,  
199.0841, 206.4165

 6.9386, 6.2064,  
5.7682

242.3779,  
242.8809, 252.6240

 3.4697, 2.9710,  
2.6382

291.2154,

 1.4067, 1.1166,

292.6715, 305.2588

0.9121

346.2085,  
348.8402, 364.7396

■ 0.2610, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 58.1590, 56.5528,  
57.1407

■ 58.1590, 56.5528,  
57.1407

■ 51.4196, 46.6914,  
43.7406

■ 66.0056, 68.0346,  
72.7381

■ 45.7330, 38.3704,  
32.4358

■ 75.0009, 81.1970,  
90.6214

■ 41.0476, 31.5143,  
23.1215

■ 83.9345, 94.2697,  
108.3798

■ 37.3054, 26.0384,  
15.6824

■ 34.4425, 21.8491,  
9.9916

■ 32.3872, 18.8414,  
5.9062

■ 31.0564, 16.8938,  
3.2613

■ 30.3492, 15.8587,  
1.8559

■ 30.1248, 15.5304,  
1.4099

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.3899, 56.5528, 63.8114



58.1590, 56.5528, 57.1407



56.7283, 56.5528, 52.0333

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.1590, 56.5528, 57.1407



50.3072, 56.5528, 53.5782



52.9843, 56.5528, 75.4194

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.1590, 56.5528, 57.1407



60.7916, 68.5914, 79.1433

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.8812, 56.5528, 72.2203



58.1590, 56.5528, 57.1407



49.3660, 56.5528, 59.3942

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.1590, 56.5528, 57.1407



52.1798, 56.5528, 50.0842



49.5730, 56.5528, 66.2359



55.3550, 56.5528, 74.7044



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.1590, 56.5528, 57.1407



55.3092, 56.5528, 50.0434



49.5730, 56.5528, 66.2359



52.2237, 56.5528, 74.7576

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.1606, 56.5553, 57.1419



90.2832, 93.0250, 99.4234



61.9405, 58.0659, 77.0511



19.1386, 19.6394, 20.9114



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.1606, 56.5553, 57.1419



76.5370, 72.9108, 72.0954



61.7207, 63.6757, 58.3286



13.7074, 13.7008, 14.2288



17.8934, 9.2248, 0.8375



1.2403, 0.6395, 0.0581

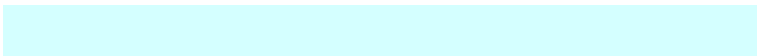


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.7916, 68.5914, 79.1433



80.8588, 92.6815, 108.2354



56.8633, 60.7348, 77.8338



14.1165, 15.5721, 17.6494



23.3426, 34.1548, 46.4106



1.6180, 2.3675, 3.2169



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.1590, 56.5528, 57.1407 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

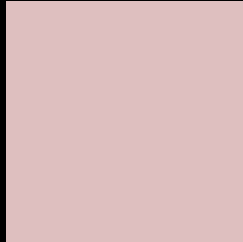
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.1590, 56.5528, 57.1407 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

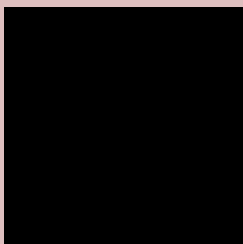
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 58.1590, 56.5528, 57.1407**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.1590, 56.5528, 57.1407.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.1590, 56.5528,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

58.1590, 56.5528, 57.1407

### Protanopia

54.4452, 56.5691, 59.6791

### Deuteranopia

57.7688, 56.6765, 57.1851



## Tritanopia

59.8371, 56.6021, 64.8983

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

58.1590, 56.5528, 57.1407

## Protanomaly

55.8311, 56.6269, 59.0264

## Deuteranomaly

58.0724, 56.8330, 57.1993

## Tritanomaly

59.1537, 56.6384, 61.8474

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

58.1590, 56.5528, 57.1407

## Achromatopsia

54.8990, 57.7580, 62.8985

## Achromatomaly

56.0567, 57.3736, 60.9430

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 58.1590, 56.5528, 57.1407 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(222, 191, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(222, 191, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(222, 191, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(222, 191, 191) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 58.1590, 56.5528, 57.1407 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(222, 191, 191) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(222, 191, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(222, 191, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(222, 191, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 191, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 191,  
191) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 58.1590, 56.5528, 57.1407 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(222, 191, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(222,  
191, 191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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