

Converting Colors

XYZ(58.1207, 52.8494, 52.7533)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(58.1207, 52.8494, 52.7533)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(58.0505, 52.8567,
52.4902)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | E8B3B8 |
| RGB | 232, 179, 184 |
| RGB Percent | 91%, 70%, 72% |
| CMY | 0.0902, 0.2980, 0.2784 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.23, 0.21, 0.09 |
| HSL | 354°, 54%, 81% |
| HSV | 354°, 23%, 91% |
| XYZ | 58.0505, 52.8567, 52.4902 |
| YIQ | 195.4170, 29.9830, 12.7910 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

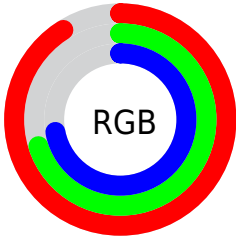
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 232, 179, 184 |
| Decimal | 15250360 |
| CIE Lab | 77.79, 19.95, 4.89 |
| CIE LCh | 78, 20.543, 13.762 |
| Yxy | 52.8567, 0.3553, 0.3235 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4293440440 (0xFFE8B3B8) |
| YUV | 195.4170, -5.6286, 32.0833 |
| Hunter-Lab | 72.7026, 15.2964, 8.0853 |

Details

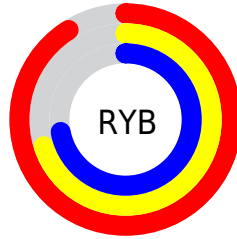
The XYZ color **58.0505, 52.8567, 52.4902** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **61.3142, 72.8441, 83.5053**, and the grayscale version is **52.1417, 54.8571, 59.7394**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.6765, 86.9679, 94.6562**, and **29.4621, 25.7905, 24.8980** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.7445, 43.5116, 40.3161**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.4689, 63.9020, 66.6505**.

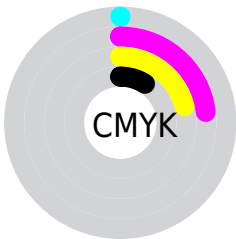
Distribution



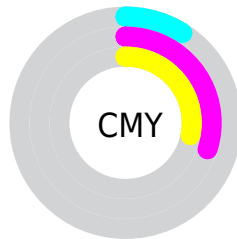
- Red (91%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (9%)





- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (28%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 58.0505, 52.8567, 52.4902 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 58.0505, 52.8567, 52.4902 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 58.0505, 52.8567,
52.4902

 58.0505, 52.8567,
52.4902


407.3249,
397.7351, 413.3368

 42.0927, 37.6884,
37.0110


 101.1189, 94.3935,
95.2877

 29.3653, 25.7409,
24.9202


128.9603,
121.5307, 123.4431

 19.5030, 16.6299,
15.7991


161.4934,
153.4264, 156.6610

 12.1404, 9.9710,
9.2293

199.0839,
190.4649, 195.3600

 6.9123, 5.3797,
4.7922

242.0969,
233.0306, 239.9585

 3.4531, 2.4717,
2.0693

290.8978,

 1.3977, 0.8624,

281.5080, 290.8751

0.5974

345.8520,
336.2813, 348.5284

■ 0.2546, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 58.0505, 52.8567,
52.4902

■ 58.0505, 52.8567,
52.4902

■ 51.7445, 43.5116,
40.3161

■ 65.4689, 63.9020,
66.6505

■ 46.4931, 35.7754,
30.0363

■ 74.0451, 76.7185,
82.8768

■ 42.2397, 29.5594,
21.5562

■ 83.8276, 91.3817,
101.2488

■ 38.9208, 24.7634,
14.7721

■ 87.0888, 95.8959,
108.5274

■ 36.4656, 21.2751,
9.5695

■ 34.7928, 18.9651,
5.8195

■ 33.8057, 17.6776,
3.3732

■ 33.4224, 17.2133,
2.3134

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.9563, 52.8567, 63.9054



58.0505, 52.8567, 52.4902



55.9752, 52.8567, 43.6753

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.0505, 52.8567, 52.4902



45.1256, 52.8567, 43.1203



48.1275, 52.8567, 81.2833

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.0505, 52.8567, 52.4902



61.3142, 72.8441, 83.5053

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



44.9081, 52.8567, 74.0946



58.0505, 52.8567, 52.4902



43.2386, 52.8567, 51.6342

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.0505, 52.8567, 52.4902



48.4387, 52.8567, 38.7688



43.1612, 52.8567, 62.9291



52.0827, 52.8567, 81.5923

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.0505, 52.8567, 52.4902



53.7011, 52.8567, 40.0350



43.1612, 52.8567, 62.9291



46.9284, 52.8567, 79.5523

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.0520, 52.8591, 52.4913



87.1229, 88.1374, 93.9521



62.2711, 54.3510, 83.5530



18.5089, 18.6574, 19.8468



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.0520, 52.8591, 52.4913



68.4161, 60.2753, 58.2702



62.1176, 61.8137, 51.3082



14.4319, 14.3899, 15.2088



18.5749, 9.5642, 1.3903



1.3916, 0.7143, 0.2026

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.0520, 52.8591, 52.4913



68.4161, 60.2753, 58.2702



56.4025, 61.9011, 85.3196



14.4319, 14.3899, 15.2088



18.5749, 9.5642, 1.3903



1.3916, 0.7143, 0.2026

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.0505, 52.8567, 52.4902 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

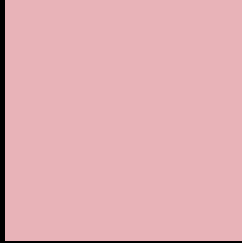
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.0505, 52.8567, 52.4902 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 58.0505, 52.8567, 52.4902

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.0505, 52.8567, 52.4902.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.0505, 52.8567,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

58.0505, 52.8567, 52.4902

Protanopia

51.0186, 53.1966, 56.8692

Deuteranopia

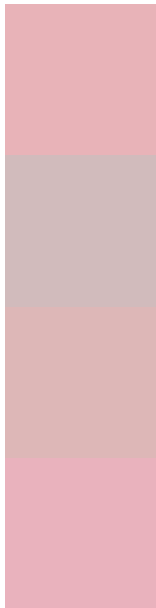
54.1305, 52.9838, 52.1737



Tritanopia

59.0391, 52.9702, 56.9817

Trichromacy



Original Color

58.0505, 52.8567, 52.4902

Protanomaly

53.1419, 52.7268, 54.9534

Deuteranomaly

55.2995, 52.6580, 52.0492

Tritanomaly

58.7100, 52.8386, 55.2486

Monochromacy



Original Color

58.0505, 52.8567, 52.4902

Achromatopsia

51.8711, 54.5724, 59.4294

Achromatomaly

53.6140, 53.5667, 56.8039

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 58.0505, 52.8567, 52.4902 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(232, 179, 184)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(232, 179, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(232, 179, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(232, 179, 184) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 58.0505, 52.8567, 52.4902 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(232, 179, 184) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(232, 179, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(232, 179, 184)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(232, 179, 184); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 179, 184);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 179,  
184) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 58.0505, 52.8567, 52.4902 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(232, 179, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(232,  
179, 184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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