

# Converting Colors

XYZ(58.1416, 47.9942, 51.8315)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(58.1416, 47.9942, 51.8315)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(58.1198, 47.8698,  
52.0755)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2A1B9
RGB	242, 161, 185
RGB Percent	95%, 63%, 73%
CMY	0.0510, 0.3686, 0.2745
CMYK	0.00, 0.33, 0.24, 0.05
HSL	342°, 76%, 79%
HSV	342°, 33%, 95%
XYZ	58.1198, 47.8698, 52.0755
YIQ	187.9550, 40.5720, 24.6360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

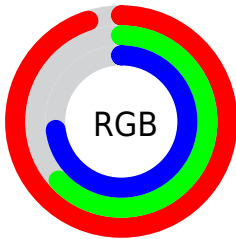
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	242, 161, 185
Decimal	15901113
CIE Lab	74.74, 33.26, 0.05
CIE LCh	75, 33.258, 0.080
Yxy	47.8698, 0.3677, 0.3028
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294091193 (0xFF2A1B9)
YUV	187.9550, -1.4568, 47.3975
Hunter-Lab	69.1880, 28.8658, 3.8060

# Details

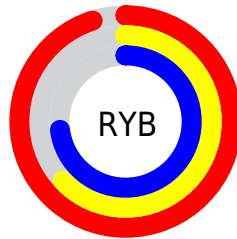
The XYZ color **58.1198, 47.8698, 52.0755** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **59.1071, 76.1445, 77.9156**, and the grayscale version is **47.7675, 50.2551, 54.7279**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81.9300, 77.2366, 93.8091**, and **29.2946, 22.5814, 24.6445** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.6014, 39.5396, 41.8909**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64.6747, 57.9274, 63.6692**.

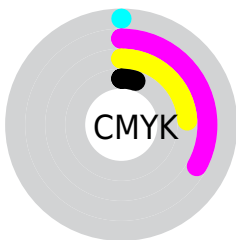
# Distribution



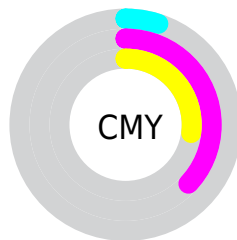
- Red (95%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (5%)




- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (27%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 58.1198, 47.8698, 52.0755 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 58.1198, 47.8698, 52.0755 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 58.1198, 47.8698,  
52.0755

 58.1198, 47.8698,  
52.0755


407.5789,  
378.2758, 411.6933

 42.1486, 33.7238,  
36.6826


 101.2193, 87.0105,  
94.6703

 29.4093, 22.6815,  
24.6680


 129.0782,  
112.7740, 122.7093

 19.5365, 14.3585,  
15.6131


161.6305,  
143.1788, 155.8007

 12.1649, 8.3704,  
9.0994

199.2414,  
178.6093, 194.3631

 6.9291, 4.3329,  
4.7084

242.2764,  
219.4498, 238.8150

 3.4637, 1.8615,  
2.0215

291.1007,

 1.4035, 0.5250,

266.0848, 289.5750

0.5684

346.0797,  
318.8987, 347.0615

■ 0.2587, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 58.1198, 47.8698,  
52.0755

■ 58.1198, 47.8698,  
52.0755

■ 52.6014, 39.5396,  
41.8909

■ 64.6747, 57.9274,  
63.6692

■ 48.0604, 32.8323,  
33.0567

■ 72.3128, 69.7956,  
76.7216

■ 44.4380, 27.6423,  
25.5144

■ 81.0828, 83.5606,  
91.2831

■ 41.6669, 23.8489,  
19.1994

■ 90.1275, 97.4971,  
107.1005

■ 39.6700, 21.3125,  
14.0409

■ 90.4281, 97.6173,  
108.6837

■ 38.3548, 19.8639,  
9.9592

■ 37.7778, 19.3412,  
7.8207

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.3177, 47.8698, 70.5213



58.1198, 47.8698, 52.0755



56.2990, 47.8698, 37.1741

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.1198, 47.8698, 52.0755



39.9260, 47.8698, 28.3257



39.9519, 47.8698, 86.5652

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.1198, 47.8698, 52.0755



59.1071, 76.1445, 77.9156

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.1765, 47.8698, 70.6201



58.1198, 47.8698, 52.0755



36.1626, 47.8698, 37.2386

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



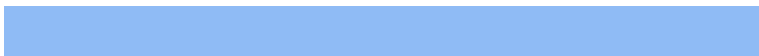
58.1198, 47.8698, 52.0755



45.4825, 47.8698, 25.4480



34.8515, 47.8698, 52.1687



45.5151, 47.8698, 92.9276



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.1198, 47.8698, 52.0755



53.3604, 47.8698, 30.5597



34.8515, 47.8698, 52.1687



38.4500, 47.8698, 81.9967

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.1211, 47.8721, 52.0765



84.6919, 83.6933, 91.8532



57.5975, 46.7623, 89.9951



17.8385, 17.4611, 19.1775



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.1211, 47.8721, 52.0765



61.2012, 47.4704, 50.8558



58.8144, 52.9761, 40.8466



15.9655, 15.8359, 17.3744



20.3466, 10.4111, 4.4757



1.7347, 0.8829, 0.5938



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.1211, 47.8721, 52.0765



61.2012, 47.4704, 50.8558



57.8687, 68.2734, 94.1329



15.9655, 15.8359, 17.3744



20.3466, 10.4111, 4.4757



1.7347, 0.8829, 0.5938



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.1198, 47.8698, 52.0755 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

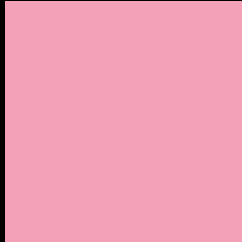
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.1198, 47.8698, 52.0755 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 58.1198, 47.8698, 52.0755**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.1198, 47.8698, 52.0755.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.1198, 47.8698,

52.0755.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

58.1198, 47.8698, 52.0755

### Protanopia

46.8937, 48.1345, 60.2454

### Deuteranopia

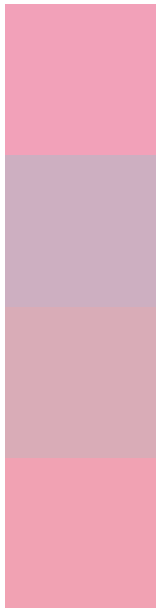
48.9925, 47.9147, 50.9222



## Tritanopia

57.1107, 47.9903, 46.8104

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

58.1198, 47.8698, 52.0755

## Protanomaly

50.1324, 47.4893, 56.9762

## Deuteranomaly

51.9150, 47.6757, 51.2658

## Tritanomaly

57.3326, 47.7961, 48.8516

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

58.1198, 47.8698, 52.0755

## Achromatopsia

47.7994, 50.2886, 54.7643

## Achromatomaly

50.9025, 48.8385, 53.7576

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 58.1198, 47.8698, 52.0755 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 161, 185)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 161, 185)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 161, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 161, 185) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 58.1198, 47.8698, 52.0755 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 161, 185) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 161, 185) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 161, 185)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 161, 185); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 161, 185);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 161,  
185) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 58.1198, 47.8698, 52.0755 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 161, 185) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
161, 185) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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