

# Converting Colors

XYZ(58.2886, 63.9189, 72.0962)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(58.2886, 63.9189, 72.0962)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(58.3102, 63.9947,  
72.2297)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C3D5D5
RGB	195, 213, 213
RGB Percent	76%, 84%, 84%
CMY	0.2353, 0.1647, 0.1647
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	180°, 18%, 80%
HSV	180°, 8%, 84%
XYZ	58.3102, 63.9947, 72.2297
YIQ	207.6180, -10.7280, -3.8160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

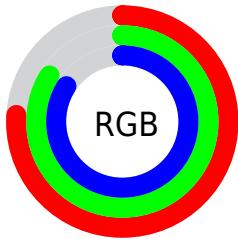
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">195, 204, 213</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12834261</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">83.96, -6.02, -2.08</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">84, 6.370, 199.034</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">63.9947, 0.2997, 0.3290</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291024341 (0xFFC3D5D5)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">207.6180, 2.6533, -11.0660</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">79.9967, -9.8842, 2.4642</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **58.3102, 63.9947, 72.2297** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **56.8084, 57.1183, 59.6636**, and the grayscale version is **59.6968, 62.8057, 68.3954**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.9549, 99.4354, 108.8487**, and **29.3829, 32.5851, 37.0887** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53.1945, 61.3593, 71.9891**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64.2147, 67.0403, 72.5099**.

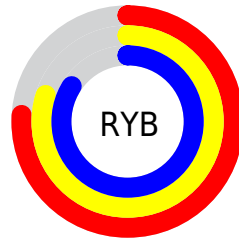
# Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (84%)

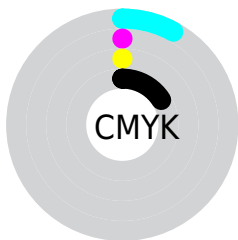
Blue (84%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (80%)

Blue (84%)

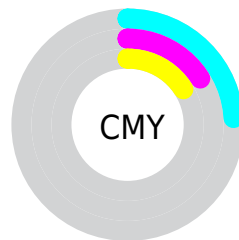


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (16%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 58.3102, 63.9947, 72.2297 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 58.3102, 63.9947, 72.2297 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 58.3102, 63.9947,  
72.2297

■ 58.3102, 63.9947,  
72.2297

408.2761,  
439.1705, 487.3397

■ 42.3023, 46.6464,  
52.8584

■ 101.4948,  
110.6033, 124.0938

■ 29.5302, 32.7562,  
37.3028

129.4023,  
140.6324, 157.4236

■ 19.6286, 21.9397,  
25.1444

162.0069,  
175.6572, 196.2434

■ 12.2320, 13.8126,  
15.9646

199.6742,  
216.0620, 240.9716

■ 6.9752, 7.9905,  
9.3451

242.7693,  
262.2314, 292.0268

■ 3.4928, 4.0888,  
4.8671

291.6578,

■ 1.4194, 1.7234,

314.5497, 349.8275

2.1121

346.7049,  
373.4013, 414.7923

■ 0.2700, 0.4387,  
0.6230

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 58.3102, 63.9947,  
72.2297

■ 58.3102, 63.9947,  
72.2297

■ 53.1945, 61.3593,  
71.9891

■ 64.2147, 67.0403,  
72.5099

■ 48.8290, 59.1088,  
71.7822

■ 70.9335, 70.5039,  
72.8269

■ 45.1800, 57.2278,  
71.6089

■ 77.0473, 73.6556,  
73.1156

■ 42.2095, 55.6964,  
71.4673

■ 77.0478, 73.6558,  
73.1181

■ 39.8754, 54.4932,  
71.3556

■ 77.0483, 73.6560,  
73.1207

■ 38.1313, 53.5942,  
71.2714

■ 77.0488, 73.6562,  
73.1233

■ 36.9246, 52.9722,  
71.2124

■ 77.0493, 73.6564,  
73.1258

■ 36.1930, 52.5951,  
71.1756

■ 77.0498, 73.6566,  
73.1284

■ 35.8427, 52.4146,  
71.1566

■ 77.0503, 73.6568,  
73.1310

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.2147, 63.9947, 68.2200



58.3102, 63.9947, 72.2297



59.0734, 63.9947, 75.6779

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.3102, 63.9947, 72.2297



62.8850, 63.9947, 74.8685



61.3397, 63.9947, 62.3660

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.3102, 63.9947, 72.2297



56.8084, 57.1183, 59.6636

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



62.6110, 63.9947, 64.0064



58.3102, 63.9947, 72.2297



63.5122, 63.9947, 71.1594

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.3102, 63.9947, 72.2297



61.7092, 63.9947, 77.2415



63.4112, 63.9947, 67.1897



59.9494, 63.9947, 62.6277



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.3102, 63.9947, 72.2297



59.8648, 63.9947, 77.1461



63.4112, 63.9947, 67.1897



61.7955, 63.9947, 62.7106

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.3120, 63.9974, 72.2311



92.2911, 98.5778, 108.7697



56.2298, 63.1735, 60.8610



19.6003, 21.0204, 23.2739



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.3120, 63.9974, 72.2311



86.2821, 95.4801, 108.4858



56.1821, 59.7368, 71.5232



12.7921, 14.1079, 15.9859



21.8680, 32.0026, 43.4623



1.3190, 1.9303, 2.6216



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.8084, 57.1183, 59.6636



83.6113, 83.2611, 86.1629



58.8149, 61.1319, 60.3307



12.4234, 12.4209, 12.9039



16.7621, 8.6412, 0.7853

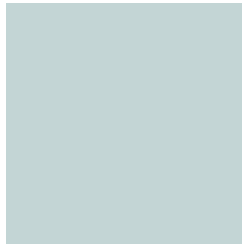


1.0110, 0.5212, 0.0475



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.3102, 63.9947, 72.2297 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

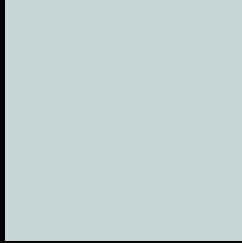
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.3102, 63.9947, 72.2297 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

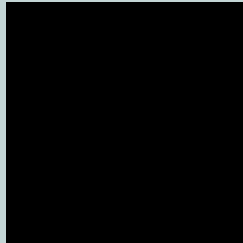
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

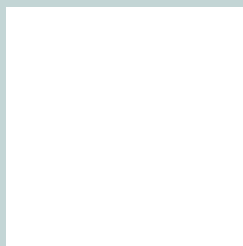
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 58.3102, 63.9947, 72.2297**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.3102, 63.9947, 72.2297.



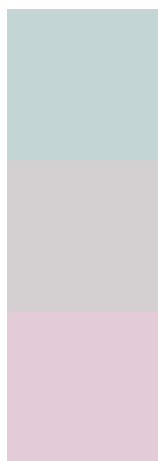
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.3102, 63.9947,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

58.3102, 63.9947, 72.2297

### Protanopia

61.3401, 63.7619, 70.0471

### Deuteranopia

65.3002, 63.9491, 73.1917



## Tritanopia

60.1854, 64.0049, 81.8551

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

58.3102, 63.9947, 72.2297

## Protanomaly

60.2581, 63.9181, 70.7895

## Deuteranomaly

62.4748, 63.9278, 72.6648

## Tritanomaly

59.4933, 64.0967, 78.3435

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

58.3102, 63.9947, 72.2297

## Achromatopsia

59.9535, 63.0757, 68.6895

## Achromatomaly

59.3081, 63.4428, 70.0926

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 58.3102, 63.9947, 72.2297 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(195, 213, 213) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 213, 213)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 213, 213) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 213, 213) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 58.3102, 63.9947, 72.2297 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 213, 213) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 213, 213) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(195, 213, 213)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 213, 213); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 213, 213); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 213, 213) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 58.3102, 63.9947, 72.2297 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 213, 213) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195,  
213, 213) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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