

# Converting Colors

XYZ(58.3001, 65.5718, 19.6083)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(58.3001, 65.5718, 19.6083)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(58.2914, 65.5239,  
19.7003)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E5D65C
RGB	229, 214, 92
RGB Percent	90%, 84%, 36%
CMY	0.1020, 0.1608, 0.6392
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.60, 0.10
HSL	53°, 72%, 63%
HSV	53°, 60%, 90%
XYZ	58.2914, 65.5239, 19.7003
YIQ	204.5770, 48.1020, -34.7620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

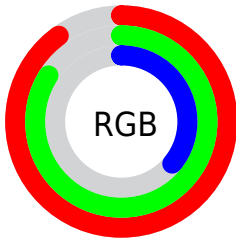
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">109, 229, 92</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15062620</a>
<a href="#">CIELab</a>	<a href="#">84.75, -9.47, 60.59</a>
<a href="#">CIELCh</a>	<a href="#">85, 61.329, 98.885</a>
<a href="#">Yxy</a>	<a href="#">65.5239, 0.4062, 0.4566</a>
<a href="#">Android (android.graphics.Color)</a>	<a href="#">4293252700 (0xFFE5D65C)</a>
<a href="#">YUV</a>	<a href="#">204.5770, -55.5005, 21.4190</a>
<a href="#">Hunter-Lab</a>	<a href="#">80.9468, -13.1156, 42.2332</a>

# Details

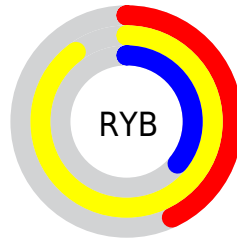
The XYZ color **58.2914, 65.5239, 19.7003** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. The color can be described as light muted yellow. A complement of this color would be **23.8141, 18.4473, 76.4337**, and the grayscale version is **58.0809, 61.1057, 66.5441**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.1883, 94.8553, 41.1713**, and **29.6838, 33.9269, 6.6531** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56.8090, 63.9263, 14.9920**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.0892, 67.2682, 26.0076**.

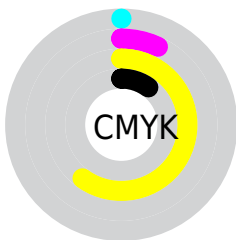
# Distribution



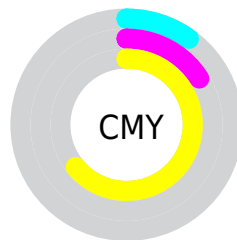
- Red (90%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (64%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 58.2914, 65.5239, 19.7003 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 58.2914, 65.5239, 19.7003 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 58.2914, 65.5239,  
19.7003

■ 58.2914, 65.5239,  
19.7003

408.2073,  
444.6723, 262.8384

■ 42.2871, 47.8860,  
11.9955

■ 101.4676,  
112.8027, 43.7665

■ 29.5183, 33.7366,  
6.6181

■ 129.3703,  
143.2125, 60.9649

■ 19.6195, 22.6913,  
3.1496

■ 161.9698,  
178.6483, 82.1650

■ 12.2254, 14.3658,  
1.1715

■ 199.6314,  
219.4946, 107.7852

■ 6.9707, 8.3755,  
0.0000

242.7207,  
266.1357, 138.2441

■ 3.4899, 4.3361,  
0.0000

291.6028,

■ 1.4178, 1.8633,

318.9561, 173.9602

0.0000

346.6432,  
378.3402, 215.3521

■ 0.2689, 0.5262,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 58.2914, 65.5239,  
19.7003

■ 58.2914, 65.5239,  
19.7003

■ 56.8090, 63.9263,  
14.9920

■ 60.0892, 67.2682,  
26.0076

■ 55.6090, 62.4547,  
11.7299


■ 62.2225, 69.1600,  
34.0399


■ 54.6595, 61.0988,  
9.7390


■ 64.7150, 71.2111,  
43.9155


■ 53.9035, 59.8357,  
8.7200


■ 67.5871, 73.4300,  
55.7408


 53.8908, 59.8138,  
8.7049

 70.8574, 75.8240,  
69.6144

 74.5434, 78.4003,  
85.6281

 78.6616, 81.1654,  
103.8680

 79.8016, 82.7553,  
106.3751

 80.5204, 84.1930,  
106.6147

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



72.2751, 65.5239, 21.5204



58.2914, 65.5239, 19.7003



47.1400, 65.5239, 27.2084

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.2914, 65.5239, 19.7003



43.9152, 65.5239, 130.0715



90.2771, 65.5239, 102.1744

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.2914, 65.5239, 19.7003



23.8141, 18.4473, 76.4337

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.3539, 65.5239, 147.8099



58.2914, 65.5239, 19.7003



53.2490, 65.5239, 167.6008

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.2914, 65.5239, 19.7003



39.6781, 65.5239, 83.6639



66.4434, 65.5239, 175.0721



92.1533, 65.5239, 60.2978



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.2914, 65.5239, 19.7003



42.3104, 65.5239, 38.9868



66.4434, 65.5239, 175.0721



87.7088, 65.5239, 117.9500

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.2929, 65.5270, 19.7016



86.9394, 94.2251, 73.9916



38.8464, 25.3952, 17.0379



18.3624, 19.9834, 14.8069



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.2929, 65.5270, 19.7016



72.0718, 81.0833, 17.8808



47.9652, 66.0976, 20.3561



15.4598, 16.5335, 15.2809



30.8671, 34.3084, 4.9953



2.3197, 2.6127, 0.3820



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.8141, 18.4473, 76.4337



24.4614, 16.1416, 96.4341



29.5626, 19.2881, 76.2931



13.7092, 14.1397, 18.1510



8.3282, 3.7185, 42.6620



0.6581, 0.3602, 3.1668



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.2914, 65.5239, 19.7003 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

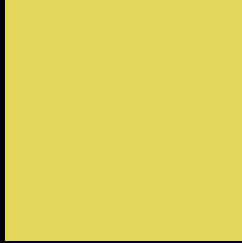
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.2914, 65.5239, 19.7003 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

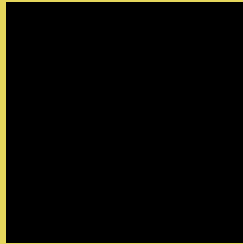
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 58.2914, 65.5239, 19.7003**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.2914, 65.5239, 19.7003.



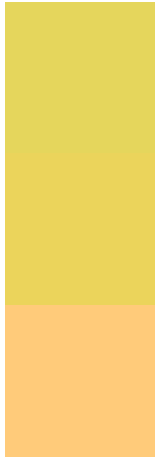
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.2914, 65.5239,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

58.2914, 65.5239, 19.7003

### Protanopia

59.6928, 65.5045, 19.3950

### Deuteranopia

66.1088, 65.3770, 27.5471



## Tritanopia

69.3462, 65.3083, 74.5965

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

58.2914, 65.5239, 19.7003

## Protanomaly

59.2868, 65.6675, 19.4479

## Deuteranomaly

63.1881, 65.3662, 24.3255

## Tritanomaly

64.1098, 64.9540, 48.1882

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

58.2914, 65.5239, 19.7003

## Achromatopsia

58.0276, 61.0496, 66.4830

## Achromatomaly

56.9883, 62.0882, 44.1026

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 58.2914, 65.5239, 19.7003 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(229, 214, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(229, 214, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(229, 214, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(229, 214, 92) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 58.2914, 65.5239, 19.7003 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(229, 214, 92) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(229, 214, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(229, 214, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(229, 214, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 214, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 214,  
92) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 58.2914, 65.5239, 19.7003 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(229, 214, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(229,  
214, 92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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