

# Converting Colors

XYZ(58.3483, 68.0340, 55.3522)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(58.3483, 68.0340, 55.3522)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(58.3262, 67.8454,  
55.3687)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C7DEB8
RGB	199, 222, 184
RGB Percent	78%, 87%, 72%
CMY	0.2196, 0.1294, 0.2784
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.17, 0.13
HSL	96°, 37%, 80%
HSV	96°, 17%, 87%
XYZ	58.3262, 67.8454, 55.3687
YIQ	210.7910, -1.5100, -16.6940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

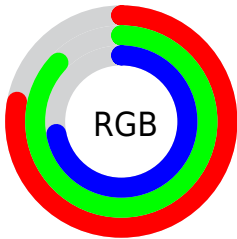
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	184, 222, 207
Decimal	13098680
CIELab	85.93, -14.46, 16.10
CIELCh	86, 21.641, 131.917
Yxy	67.8454, 0.3213, 0.3737
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291288760 (0xFFC7DEB8)
YUV	210.7910, -13.2080, -10.3407
Hunter-Lab	82.3683, -17.7461, 17.8026

# Details

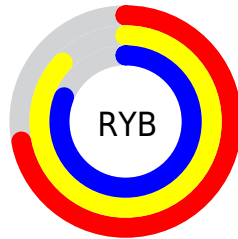
The XYZ color **58.3262, 67.8454, 55.3687** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **56.0602, 52.8222, 76.3519**, and the grayscale version is **61.8656, 65.0875, 70.8803**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.7282, 99.0713, 96.6734**, and **29.5925, 35.2959, 26.7258** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.7702, 65.2313, 43.8995**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64.5661, 70.7738, 68.7791**.

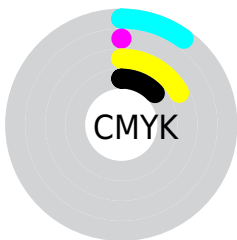
# Distribution



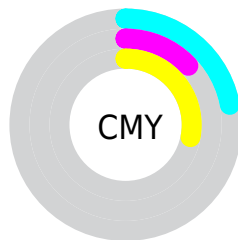
- Red (78%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (72%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (13%)




- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (28%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 58.3262, 67.8454, 55.3687 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 58.3262, 67.8454, 55.3687 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 58.3262, 67.8454,  
55.3687

 58.3262, 67.8454,  
55.3687

408.3346,  
452.9481, 424.6293

 42.3152, 49.7720,  
39.2964

 101.5180,  
116.1309, 99.5575

 29.5404, 35.2322,  
26.6808


129.4295,  
147.1119, 128.5111

 19.6363, 23.8418,  
17.1033

162.0385,  
183.1641, 162.5955

 12.2377, 15.2163,  
10.1454

199.7105,  
224.6719, 202.2294

 6.9791, 8.9714,  
5.3886

242.8107,  
272.0199, 247.8311

 3.4953, 4.7225,  
2.4143

291.7046,

 1.4208, 2.0854,

325.5923, 299.8193

0.7942

346.7575,  
385.7735, 358.6125

■ 0.2709, 0.6564,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 58.3262, 67.8454,  
55.3687

■ 58.3262, 67.8454,  
55.3687

■ 52.7702, 65.2313,  
43.8995

■ 64.5661, 70.7738,  
68.7791

■ 47.8674, 62.9117,  
34.2771

■ 71.5080, 74.0182,  
84.2103

■ 43.5930, 60.8779,  
26.4063

■ 79.1762, 77.5912,  
101.7428

■ 39.9180, 59.1174,  
20.1810

■ 84.5914, 80.3019,  
105.6491

■ 36.8111, 57.6165,  
15.4841

■ 85.4127, 80.7253,  
105.6876

■ 34.2374, 56.3601,  
12.1828

■ 32.1572, 55.3312,  
10.1216

■ 30.5209, 54.5087,  
9.0963

■ 30.1114, 54.3016,  
8.8942

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



62.5372, 67.8454, 50.2577



58.3262, 67.8454, 55.3687



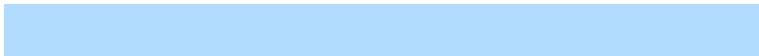
55.8441, 67.8454, 65.7209

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.3262, 67.8454, 55.3687



61.5722, 67.8454, 102.9704



74.2654, 67.8454, 68.3787

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.3262, 67.8454, 55.3687



56.0602, 52.8222, 76.3519

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



73.9743, 67.8454, 82.6709



58.3262, 67.8454, 55.3687



66.4728, 67.8454, 103.9213

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.3262, 67.8454, 55.3687



57.6510, 67.8454, 93.6449



71.0628, 67.8454, 96.0972



71.8388, 67.8454, 57.0991



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.3262, 67.8454, 55.3687



55.4224, 67.8454, 74.7889



71.0628, 67.8454, 96.0972



74.4854, 67.8454, 72.9629

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.3280, 67.8483, 55.3702



90.2820, 97.7713, 98.3148



61.0430, 63.5218, 54.3920



19.1849, 20.8620, 20.7372



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

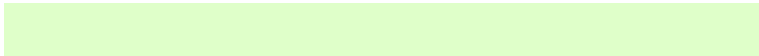


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.3280, 67.8483, 55.3702



76.6594, 91.3804, 69.1341



54.9460, 66.0582, 57.3197



14.0380, 15.5998, 14.5780



18.0014, 32.3126, 5.2882



1.3464, 2.2906, 0.3712



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.0602, 52.8222, 76.3519



72.9290, 66.6730, 103.6331



59.9484, 54.8848, 73.9045



13.7441, 13.6516, 17.2983



13.8357, 6.2279, 41.5212

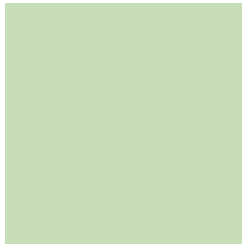


1.0588, 0.4831, 2.8827



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.3262, 67.8454, 55.3687 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

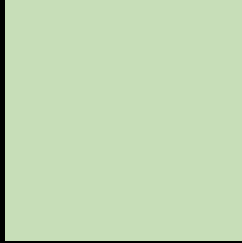
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.3262, 67.8454, 55.3687 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

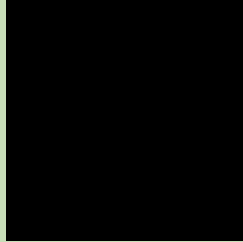
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

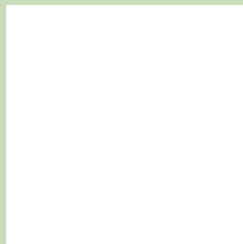
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 58.3262, 67.8454, 55.3687**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.3262, 67.8454, 55.3687.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.3262, 67.8454,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

58.3262, 67.8454, 55.3687

### Protanopia

63.6488, 67.5572, 52.8652

### Deuteranopia

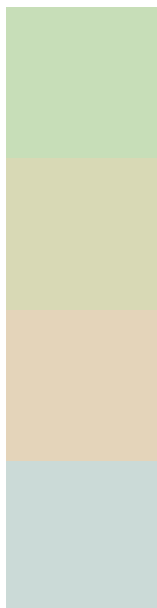
68.9387, 67.6260, 56.4334



## Tritanopia

64.3195, 67.5489, 85.9922

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

58.3262, 67.8454, 55.3687

## Protanomaly

61.4722, 67.5608, 53.5167

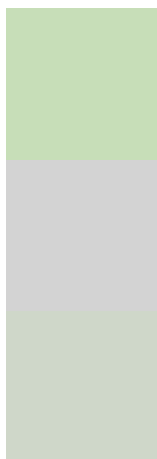
## Deuteranomaly

64.4013, 67.1261, 56.0167

## Tritanomaly

61.9657, 67.7456, 74.1002

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

58.3262, 67.8454, 55.3687

## Achromatopsia

61.9161, 65.1406, 70.9381

## Achromatomaly

60.5752, 66.0833, 64.8210

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 58.3262, 67.8454, 55.3687 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 222, 184)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 222, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 222, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 222, 184) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 58.3262, 67.8454, 55.3687 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 222, 184) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 222, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(199, 222, 184)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(199, 222, 184); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 222, 184);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 222,  
184) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 58.3262, 67.8454, 55.3687 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 222, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199,  
222, 184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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