

# Converting Colors

XYZ(58.3506, 68.3700, 14.3963)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(58.3506, 68.3700, 14.3963)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(58.3506, 68.3700,  
14.3963)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E3DD3C
RGB	227, 221, 60
RGB Percent	89%, 87%, 24%
CMY	0.1098, 0.1333, 0.7647
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.74, 0.11
HSL	58°, 75%, 56%
HSV	58°, 74%, 89%
XYZ	58.3506, 68.3700, 14.3963
YIQ	204.4400, 55.2570, -48.7990

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

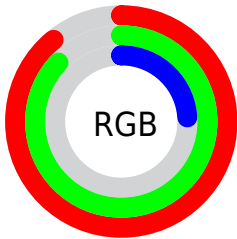
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	66, 227, 60
Decimal	14933308
CIELab	86.19, -15.53, 74.30
CIELCh	86, 75.908, 101.804
Yxy	68.3700, 0.4135, 0.4845
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293123388 (0xFFE3DD3C)
YUV	204.4400, -71.2089, 19.7851
Hunter-Lab	82.6862, -18.7355, 47.5575

# Details

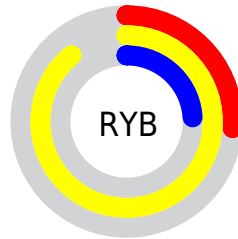
The XYZ color **58.3506, 68.3700, 14.3963** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC33**. The color can be described as light washed yellow. A complement of this color would be **17.6771, 10.4032, 73.7489**, and the grayscale version is **58.0874, 61.1125, 66.5515**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80.3298, 94.1119, 31.3843**, and **29.7847, 35.5973, 5.3011** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57.6606, 67.7532, 11.8142**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.3020, 69.0982, 18.3360**.

# Distribution



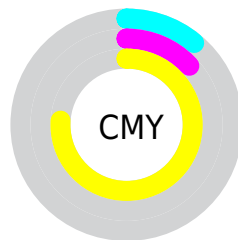
- Red (89%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (26%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (76%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 58.3506, 68.3700, 14.3963 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 58.3506, 68.3700, 14.3963 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 58.3506, 68.3700,  
14.3963

■ 58.3506, 68.3700,  
14.3963

408.4239,  
454.8058, 231.1960

■ 42.3349, 50.1988,  
8.2549

■ 101.5533,  
116.8813, 34.5178

■ 29.5559, 35.5714,  
4.1684

■ 129.4710,  
147.9902, 49.3349

■ 19.6481, 24.1034,  
1.7182

■ 162.0868,  
184.1804, 67.8811

■ 12.2463, 15.4103,  
0.3731

■ 199.7659,  
225.8364, 90.5748

■ 6.9850, 9.1079,  
0.0000

■ 242.8739,  
273.3426, 117.8346

■ 3.4990, 4.8116,  
0.0000

291.7760,

■ 1.4228, 2.1371,

327.0833, 150.0791

0.0000

346.8375,  
387.4429, 187.7267

■ 0.2724, 0.6854,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 58.3506, 68.3700,  
14.3963

■ 58.3506, 68.3700,  
14.3963

■ 57.6606, 67.7532,  
11.8142

■ 59.3020, 69.0982,  
18.3360

■ 57.1917, 67.2240,  
10.3986

■ 60.5394, 69.9398,  
23.7833

■ 56.9714, 66.9169,  
9.9135

■ 62.0897, 70.9083,  
30.8729

■ 63.9754, 72.0126,  
39.7236

66.2169, 73.2610,  
50.4431

68.8332, 74.6609,  
63.1306

71.8416, 76.2193,  
77.8782

75.2587, 77.9429,  
94.7722

77.5649, 79.2239,  
105.8114

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76.0494, 68.3700, 15.3450



58.3506, 68.3700, 14.3963



45.0632, 68.3700, 23.2887

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.3506, 68.3700, 14.3963



43.0195, 68.3700, 158.7612



102.4097, 68.3700, 108.7123

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.3506, 68.3700, 14.3963



17.6771, 10.4032, 73.7489

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



90.0491, 68.3700, 171.6654



58.3506, 68.3700, 14.3963



55.0470, 68.3700, 208.3622

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.3506, 68.3700, 14.3963



37.3335, 68.3700, 95.9111



72.1012, 68.3700, 213.9260



103.7284, 68.3700, 56.4448



# Rectangle

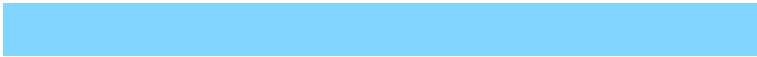
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.3506, 68.3700, 14.3963



39.6438, 68.3700, 37.6082



72.1012, 68.3700, 213.9260



99.3177, 68.3700, 129.7868

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.3522, 68.3732, 14.3977



86.6582, 95.6210, 67.8613



34.3488, 19.9849, 7.5730



18.3638, 20.3662, 13.6354



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.3522, 68.3732, 14.3977



74.7265, 87.8456, 14.2863



41.2060, 61.9253, 14.0568



15.5549, 16.7238, 15.3126



33.2454, 39.0650, 5.7881



2.4707, 2.9147, 0.4324



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.6771, 10.4032, 73.7489



19.3173, 8.9335, 95.3139



25.4976, 13.9420, 74.0198



13.6241, 13.9696, 18.1227



8.1557, 3.3735, 42.6045



0.6174, 0.2788, 3.1532



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.3506, 68.3700, 14.3963 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.3506, 68.3700, 14.3963 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 58.3506, 68.3700, 14.3963**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.3506, 68.3700, 14.3963.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.3506, 68.3700,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

58.3506, 68.3700, 14.3963

### Protanopia

61.9632, 68.3047, 14.0560

### Deuteranopia

68.1690, 68.1210, 32.4774



## Tritanopia

71.1913, 67.9418, 78.4691

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

58.3506, 68.3700, 14.3963

## Protanomaly

60.7859, 68.4631, 14.1486

## Deuteranomaly

64.1572, 68.0837, 23.9474

## Tritanomaly

64.1661, 66.8950, 44.1805

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

58.3506, 68.3700, 14.3963

## Achromatopsia

57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568

## Achromatomaly

55.8655, 62.3572, 38.7975

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 58.3506, 68.3700, 14.3963 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 221, 60)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 221, 60)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 221, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 221, 60) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 58.3506, 68.3700, 14.3963 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 221, 60) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 221, 60) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(227, 221, 60)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(227, 221, 60); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 221, 60);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 221,  
60) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 58.3506, 68.3700, 14.3963 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 221, 60) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
221, 60) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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