

Converting Colors

XYZ(58.4455, 61.2085, 68.2386)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(58.4455, 61.2085, 68.2386)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(58.3933, 61.1958,
68.4088)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CDCDD0
RGB	205, 205, 208
RGB Percent	80%, 80%, 82%
CMY	0.1961, 0.1961, 0.1843
CMYK	0.01, 0.01, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	240°, 3%, 81%
HSV	240°, 1%, 82%
XYZ	58.3933, 61.1958, 68.4088
YIQ	205.3420, -0.9630, 0.9330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

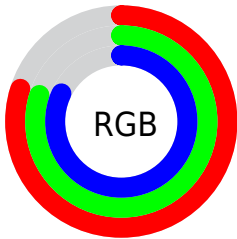
Format	Color
R _Y B	205, 205, 208
Decimal	13487568
CIE Lab	82.48, 0.56, -1.50
CIE LCh	82, 1.596, 290.359
Yxy	61.1958, 0.3106, 0.3255
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291677648 (0xFFCDD0)
YUV	205.3420, 1.3104, -0.2999
Hunter-Lab	78.2277, -3.6568, 2.9113

Details

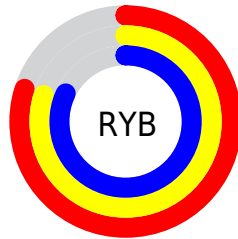
The XYZ color **58.3933, 61.1958, 68.4088** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **59.5878, 62.9287, 66.7644**, and the grayscale version is **58.2398, 61.2728, 66.7261**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **29.6618, 31.0456, 35.0009** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.3887, 49.1452, 66.6110**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69.8242, 74.9648, 70.4649**.

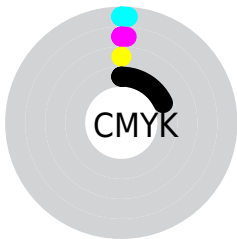
Distribution



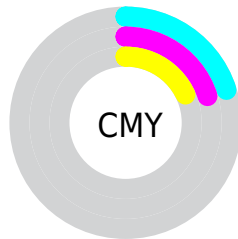
- Red (80%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 58.3933, 61.1958, 68.4088 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 58.3933, 61.1958, 68.4088 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 58.3933, 61.1958,
68.4088

■ 58.3933, 61.1958,
68.4088

408.5801,
428.9916, 473.5804

■ 42.3694, 44.3832,
49.7616

101.6151,
106.5624, 118.5965

■ 29.5830, 30.9719,
34.8542

129.5436,
135.8852, 150.9741

■ 19.6688, 20.5774,
23.2679

162.1711,
170.1468, 188.7656

■ 12.2614, 12.8155,
14.5843

199.8629,
209.7317, 232.3895

■ 6.9954, 7.3016,
8.3848

242.9844,
255.0242, 282.2645

■ 3.5055, 3.6514,
4.2509

291.9008,

■ 1.4264, 1.4806,

306.4088, 338.8089

1.7639

346.9776,
364.2697, 402.4413

■ 0.2749, 0.2750,
0.4040

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 58.3933, 61.1958,
68.4088

■ 58.3933, 61.1958,
68.4088

■ 48.3887, 49.1452,
66.6110

■ 69.8242, 74.9648,
70.4649

■ 39.7494, 38.7381,
65.0576

■ 82.7286, 90.5076,
72.7849

■ 32.4178, 29.9056,
63.7392

■ 88.3853, 97.3341,
73.8044

■ 26.3302, 22.5712,
62.6443

■ 21.4177, 16.6518,
61.7607

■ 17.6045, 12.0563,
61.0746

■ 14.8061, 8.6829,
60.5710

■ 12.9257, 6.4151,
60.2324

■ 11.8476, 5.1139,
60.0381

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.0550, 61.1958, 68.5013



58.3933, 61.1958, 68.4088



58.6714, 61.1958, 67.8376

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.3933, 61.1958, 68.4088



58.5843, 61.1958, 65.1955



57.5204, 61.1958, 66.3177

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.3933, 61.1958, 68.4088



59.5878, 62.9287, 66.7644

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



57.6611, 61.1958, 65.4404



58.3933, 61.1958, 68.4088



58.2747, 61.1958, 64.7967

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.3933, 61.1958, 68.4088



58.7820, 61.1958, 65.9803



57.9368, 61.1958, 64.8859



57.5519, 61.1958, 67.2876

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.3933, 61.1958, 68.4088



58.7848, 61.1958, 67.2653



57.9368, 61.1958, 64.8859



57.5491, 61.1958, 66.0023

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.3950, 61.1984, 68.4101

95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000



59.1126, 62.6434, 68.6190



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.3950, 61.1984, 68.4101



91.5948, 95.8382, 108.2788



58.7961, 61.4040, 68.4287



12.8552, 13.4560, 15.1634



7.0979, 2.8425, 37.3670



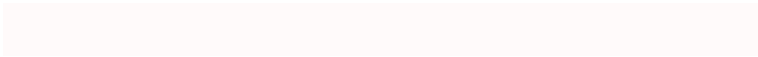
0.3973, 0.1597, 2.0895

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.8645, 61.4814, 66.5253



92.6351, 96.4653, 104.1023



59.1828, 62.7212, 66.7456



12.9908, 13.5378, 14.6190



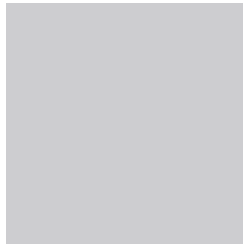
16.2134, 8.3582, 0.7642



0.9067, 0.4674, 0.0437

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.3933, 61.1958, 68.4088 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

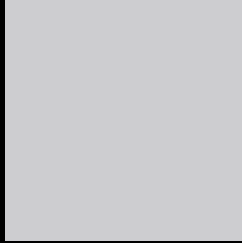
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.3933, 61.1958, 68.4088 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

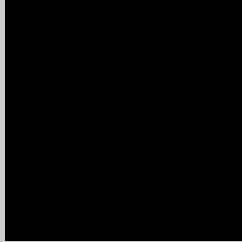
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

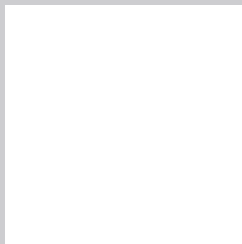
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 58.3933, 61.1958, 68.4088

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.3933, 61.1958, 68.4088.

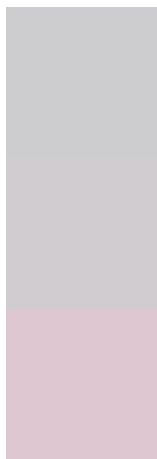


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.3933, 61.1958,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

58.3933, 61.1958, 68.4088

Protanopia

58.8678, 61.1006, 67.7224

Deuteranopia

62.3635, 61.1383, 68.8356



Tritanopia

59.8742, 61.0917, 75.6540

Trichromacy



Original Color

58.3933, 61.1958, 68.4088

Protanomaly

58.5875, 60.9561, 67.7093

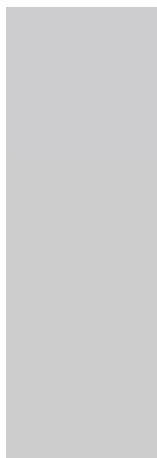
Deuteranomaly

60.7142, 60.9757, 68.8911

Tritanomaly

59.3122, 61.2138, 72.9793

Monochromacy



Original Color

58.3933, 61.1958, 68.4088

Achromatopsia

58.0276, 61.0496, 66.4830

Achromatomaly

58.1487, 61.0980, 67.1208

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 58.3933, 61.1958, 68.4088 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(205, 205, 208) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 205, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 205, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 205, 208) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 58.3933, 61.1958, 68.4088 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 205, 208) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 205, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(205, 205, 208)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 205, 208); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 205, 208);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 205,  
208) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 58.3933, 61.1958, 68.4088 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 205, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205,  
205, 208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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