

Converting Colors

XYZ(58.4623, 66.5032, 50.5737)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(58.4623, 66.5032, 50.5737)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(58.3615, 66.3992,
50.8146)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CEDAB0
RGB	206, 218, 176
RGB Percent	81%, 85%, 69%
CMY	0.1922, 0.1451, 0.3098
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.19, 0.15
HSL	77°, 36%, 77%
HSV	77°, 19%, 85%
XYZ	58.3615, 66.3992, 50.8146
YIQ	209.6240, 6.3300, -15.6060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

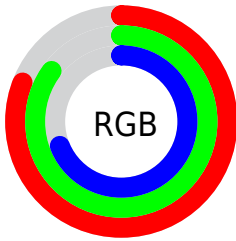
Format	Color
RYB	176, 218, 188
Decimal	13556400
CIELab	85.20, -11.23, 19.35
CIELCh	85, 22.370, 120.126
Yxy	66.3992, 0.3324, 0.3782
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291746480 (0xFFCEDAB0)
YUV	209.6240, -16.5766, -3.1782
Hunter-Lab	81.4857, -14.7551, 20.0667

Details

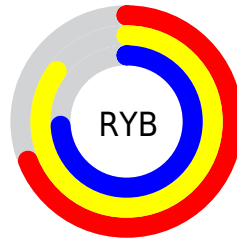
The XYZ color **58.3615, 66.3992, 50.8146** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **48.9218, 46.8057, 72.7892**, and the grayscale version is **61.1158, 64.2986, 70.0212**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.5655, 98.6062, 90.5508**, and **29.4348, 34.2038, 23.7895** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.6804, 64.7331, 40.2726**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62.4611, 68.2451, 63.1872**.

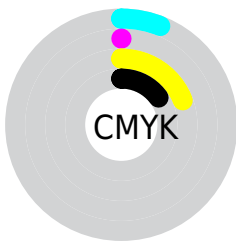
Distribution



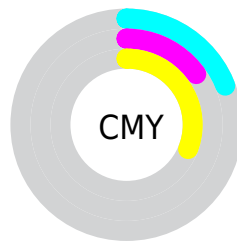
- Red (81%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 58.3615, 66.3992, 50.8146 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 58.3615, 66.3992, 50.8146 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 58.3615, 66.3992,
50.8146

■ 58.3615, 66.3992,
50.8146

408.4638,
447.8032, 406.6690

■ 42.3437, 48.5965,
35.6854

■ 101.5690,
114.0591, 92.7894

■ 29.5628, 34.2995,
23.9035

129.4895,
144.6851, 120.4720

■ 19.6534, 23.1238,
15.0505

162.1083,
180.3544, 153.1761

■ 12.2502, 14.6850,
8.7078

199.7907,
221.4513, 191.3204

■ 6.9877, 8.5986,
4.4569

242.9021,
268.3602, 235.3232

■ 3.5007, 4.4803,
1.8792

291.8078,

■ 1.4237, 1.9457,

321.4656, 285.6033

0.4795

346.8733,
381.1518, 342.5790

■ 0.2730, 0.5756,
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 58.3615, 66.3992,
50.8146

■ 58.3615, 66.3992,
50.8146

■ 54.6804, 64.7331,
40.2726

■ 62.4611, 68.2451,
63.1872

■ 51.3953, 63.2310,
31.4698

■ 66.9902, 70.2685,
77.4671

■ 48.4894, 61.8883,
24.3137

■ 71.9657, 72.4786,
93.7321

■ 45.9421, 60.6967,
18.7014

■ 76.0528, 74.3416,
104.9487

■ 43.7311, 59.6472,
14.5182

■ 78.0990, 75.3964,
105.0444

■ 41.8306, 58.7294,
11.6339

■ 80.2174, 76.4885,
105.1436

■ 40.2106, 57.9310,
9.8942

■ 82.4089, 77.6183,
105.2461

■ 38.8223, 57.2326,
9.0467

■ 84.3628, 78.6255,
105.3376

■ 38.7252, 57.1836,
8.9965

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.0891, 66.3992, 47.9028



58.3615, 66.3992, 50.8146



55.0599, 66.3992, 59.3124

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.3615, 66.3992, 50.8146



58.3967, 66.3992, 99.1900



73.3265, 66.3992, 72.2362

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.3615, 66.3992, 50.8146



48.9218, 46.8057, 72.7892

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.9098, 66.3992, 87.0514



58.3615, 66.3992, 50.8146



63.1318, 66.3992, 103.8224

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.3615, 66.3992, 50.8146



55.0794, 66.3992, 87.1716



68.1103, 66.3992, 99.1144



71.8865, 66.3992, 59.2195

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.3615, 66.3992, 50.8146



54.0198, 66.3992, 67.6331



68.1103, 66.3992, 99.1144



73.1677, 66.3992, 77.1714

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.3633, 66.4021, 50.8160



91.0932, 98.2335, 96.3645



54.7141, 53.9658, 48.6079



19.4085, 20.9861, 20.3470



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



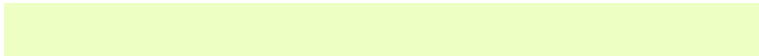
20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.3633, 66.4021, 50.8160



81.1036, 93.7399, 66.2527



52.9417, 63.6072, 50.5623



13.7807, 15.0672, 13.9075



23.3100, 34.3142, 5.3947



1.5933, 2.2659, 0.3534

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.9218, 46.8057, 72.7892



65.3420, 61.0208, 102.9420



54.4487, 49.6550, 73.0479



12.6865, 12.7965, 16.4535



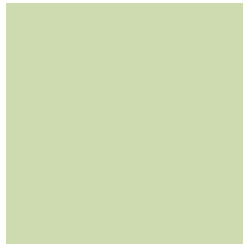
8.8752, 3.6995, 39.9847



0.6589, 0.2829, 2.5943

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.3615, 66.3992, 50.8146 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

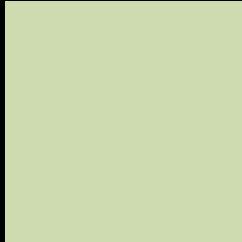
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.3615, 66.3992, 50.8146 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

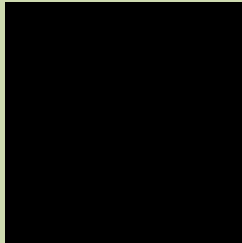
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

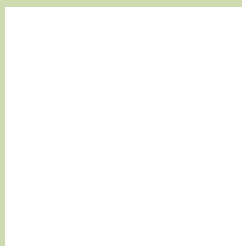
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 58.3615, 66.3992, 50.8146

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.3615, 66.3992, 50.8146.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.3615, 66.3992,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

58.3615, 66.3992, 50.8146

Protanopia

62.1376, 66.1116, 49.0210

Deuteranopia

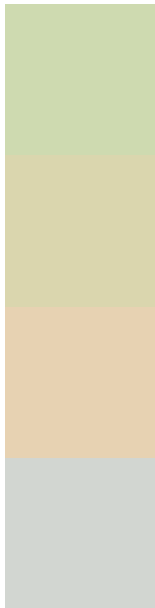
67.6242, 66.3298, 51.8866



Tritanopia

64.7384, 66.3361, 82.7909

Trichromacy



Original Color

58.3615, 66.3992, 50.8146

Protanomaly

60.6000, 66.0546, 49.6002

Deuteranomaly

64.0375, 66.2965, 51.5408

Tritanomaly

62.1335, 66.3982, 69.8630

Monochromacy



Original Color

58.3615, 66.3992, 50.8146

Achromatopsia

61.2578, 64.4480, 70.1838

Achromatomaly

60.2818, 65.2210, 62.8378

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 58.3615, 66.3992, 50.8146 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(206, 218, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(206, 218, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 218, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(206, 218, 176) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 58.3615, 66.3992, 50.8146 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(206, 218, 176) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(206, 218, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(206, 218, 176)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(206, 218, 176); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 218, 176);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 218,  
176) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 58.3615, 66.3992, 50.8146 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(206, 218, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(206,  
218, 176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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