

# Converting Colors

XYZ(58.4866, 63.1474, 35.3401)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(58.4866, 63.1474, 35.3401)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(58.3304, 62.9727,  
35.4662)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E0D090
RGB	224, 208, 144
RGB Percent	88%, 82%, 56%
CMY	0.1216, 0.1843, 0.4353
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.36, 0.12
HSL	48°, 56%, 72%
HSV	48°, 36%, 88%
XYZ	58.3304, 62.9727, 35.4662
YIQ	205.4880, 30.0800, -16.5120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

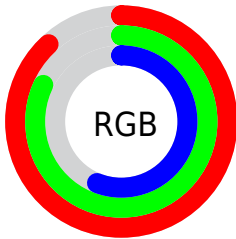
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	164, 224, 144
Decimal	14733456
CIE Lab	83.43, -3.67, 33.82
CIE LCh	83, 34.016, 96.188
Yxy	62.9727, 0.3721, 0.4017
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292923536 (0xFFE0D090)
YUV	205.4880, -30.3136, 16.2350
Hunter-Lab	79.3553, -7.6648, 29.0503

# Details

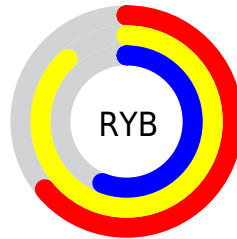
The XYZ color **58.3304, 62.9727, 35.4662** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **37.5267, 36.4516, 75.5790**, and the grayscale version is **58.5144, 61.5617, 67.0407**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.1930, 96.8572, 67.5258**, and **29.6798, 32.2263, 15.0119** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.7094, 60.2040, 26.9677**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61.3251, 65.9447, 45.7665**.

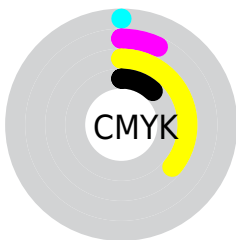
# Distribution



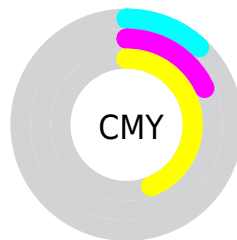
- Red (88%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Black (12%)




- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (44%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 58.3304, 62.9727, 35.4662 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 58.3304, 62.9727, 35.4662 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 58.3304, 62.9727,  
35.4662

 58.3304, 62.9727,  
35.4662


408.3500,  
435.4704, 341.5879

 42.3186, 45.8191,  
23.7358


 101.5240,  
109.1301, 69.3671

 29.5431, 32.1031,  
14.9274


 129.4366,  
138.9028, 92.3747

 19.6384, 21.4403,  
8.6224


162.0468,  
173.6505, 119.9784

 12.2392, 13.4462,  
4.4023

199.7201,  
213.7579, 152.5968

 6.9801, 7.7365,  
1.8485

242.8216,  
259.6091, 190.6484

 3.4959, 3.9268,  
0.4597

291.7169,

 1.4211, 1.6327,

311.5887, 234.5518

0.0000

346.7712,  
370.0810, 284.7254

■ 0.2712, 0.3795,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 58.3304, 62.9727,  
35.4662

■ 58.3304, 62.9727,  
35.4662

■ 55.7094, 60.2040,  
26.9677

■ 61.3251, 65.9447,  
45.7665

■ 53.4370, 57.6214,  
20.1607

■ 64.7076, 69.1194,  
57.9625

■ 51.4920, 55.2183,  
14.9289

■ 68.4968, 72.5068,  
72.1460

■ 49.8492, 52.9842,  
11.1394

■ 72.7092, 76.1141,  
88.4019

■ 48.4788, 50.9068,  
8.6375

■ 77.1982, 79.8828,  
105.9579

■ 47.3444, 48.9710,  
7.2328

■ 78.4635, 82.4134,  
106.3796

■ 46.9037, 48.1738,  
6.8264

■ 79.7611, 85.0085,  
106.8122

■ 81.0911, 87.6686,  
107.2555

■ 82.4539, 90.3942,  
107.7098

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65.7940, 62.9727, 37.5929



58.3304, 62.9727, 35.4662



51.8268, 62.9727, 40.6181

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.3304, 62.9727, 35.4662



49.0722, 62.9727, 95.6006



73.8624, 62.9727, 86.4010

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.3304, 62.9727, 35.4662



37.5267, 36.4516, 75.5790

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.6693, 62.9727, 107.0665



58.3304, 62.9727, 35.4662



54.2821, 62.9727, 113.0986

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.3304, 62.9727, 35.4662



46.7733, 62.9727, 73.0614



61.4032, 62.9727, 117.6773



75.1702, 62.9727, 64.2600



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.3304, 62.9727, 35.4662



48.7757, 62.9727, 48.2691



61.4032, 62.9727, 117.6773



72.4935, 62.9727, 93.8800

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.3320, 62.9756, 35.4675



89.0952, 94.7972, 86.2387



47.0594, 38.3326, 38.1771



18.9232, 20.1586, 17.9109



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.3320, 62.9756, 35.4675



75.5387, 81.6368, 38.7060



55.5094, 67.6044, 36.5097



14.6268, 15.5396, 14.5353



27.3845, 28.2069, 4.0011



1.9580, 2.0749, 0.2973



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.5267, 36.4516, 75.5790



43.6575, 41.0090, 100.2223



39.5769, 33.6540, 74.9309



13.1729, 13.6848, 17.3348



8.4378, 4.3452, 41.4423

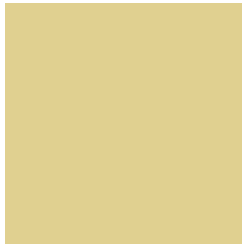


0.6480, 0.4274, 2.8936



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.3304, 62.9727, 35.4662 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.3304, 62.9727, 35.4662 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

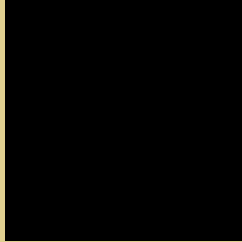
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 58.3304, 62.9727, 35.4662

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.3304, 62.9727, 35.4662.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.3304, 62.9727,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

58.3304, 62.9727, 35.4662

### Protanopia

58.6413, 63.1329, 35.4807

### Deuteranopia

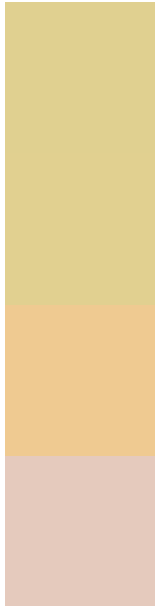
64.3231, 62.8786, 35.9407



## Tritanopia

65.9679, 62.9089, 72.9557

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

58.3304, 62.9727, 35.4662

## Protanomaly

58.6413, 63.1329, 35.4807

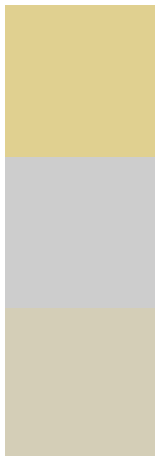
## Deuteranomaly

61.8280, 62.6361, 35.6194

## Tritanomaly

62.6189, 62.5732, 56.9216

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

58.3304, 62.9727, 35.4662

## Achromatopsia

58.0276, 61.0496, 66.4830

## Achromatomaly

57.7699, 61.5586, 53.6369

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 58.3304, 62.9727, 35.4662 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(224, 208, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 208, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 208, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 208, 144) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 58.3304, 62.9727, 35.4662 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 208, 144) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 208, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(224, 208, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 208, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 208, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 208,  
144) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 58.3304, 62.9727, 35.4662 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 208, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224,  
208, 144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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