

# Converting Colors

XYZ(58.5074, 34.5374, 73.2193)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(58.5074, 34.5374, 73.2193)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(58.5620, 34.5931,  
73.4026)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                      |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex         | FF5EDF                     |
| RGB         | 255, 94, 223               |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 37%, 87%             |
| CMY         | 0.0000, 0.6313, 0.1255     |
| CMYK        | 0.00, 0.63, 0.13, 0.00     |
| HSL         | 312°, 100%, 68%            |
| HSV         | 312°, 63%, 100%            |
| XYZ         | 58.5620, 34.5931, 73.4026  |
| YIQ         | 156.8450, 54.5470, 74.2510 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

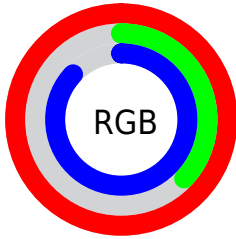
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                  |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R <sub>Y</sub> B                    | 255, 94, 223                  |
| Decimal                             | 16735967                      |
| CIE Lab                             | 65.43, 74.47, -34.97          |
| CIE LCh                             | 65, 82.271, 334.846           |
| Yxy                                 | 34.5931, 0.3516,<br>0.2077    |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4294926047<br>(0xFFFF5EDF)    |
| YUV                                 | 156.8450, 32.6144,<br>86.0819 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 58.8159, 74.8016,<br>-32.8232 |

# Details

The XYZ color **58.5620, 34.5931, 73.4026** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF33CC**. The color can be described as light muted magenta. A complement of this color would be **44.1433, 75.4067, 31.9695**, and the grayscale version is **31.8207, 33.4778, 36.4573**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70.6812, 51.2625, 100.7771**, and **29.7136, 14.8579, 37.8610** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.9840, 30.5144, 69.2222**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61.9106, 40.1802, 77.9415**.

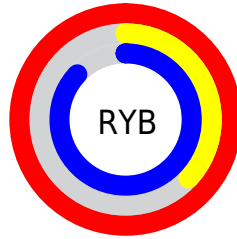
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (37%)

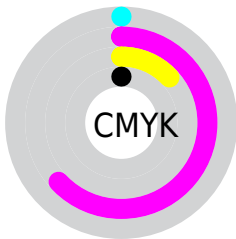
Blue (87%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (37%)

Blue (87%)

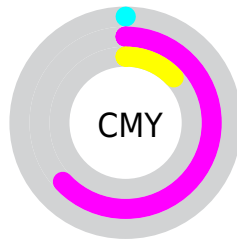


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (63%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (63%)


Yellow (13%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 58.5620, 34.5931, 73.4026 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 58.5620, 34.5931, 73.4026 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 58.5620, 34.5931,  
73.4026


 58.5620, 34.5931,  
73.4026


409.1970,  
322.7686, 491.5171


 42.5056, 23.3496,  
53.8114


 101.8591, 66.8549,  
125.7748

 29.6903, 14.8519,  
38.0588


 129.8305, 88.6421,  
159.3929

 19.7505, 8.7155,  
25.7261


 162.5043,  
114.7125, 198.5237

 12.3210, 4.5561,  
16.3949

 200.2459,  
145.4507, 243.5857

 7.0365, 1.9892,  
9.6467

243.4206,  
181.2410, 294.9975

 3.5314, 0.6012,  
5.0628

292.3938,

 1.4406, 0.0000,

222.4678, 353.1777

2.2248

347.5308,  
269.5156, 418.5447

■ 0.2849, 0.0000,  
0.6886

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 58.5620, 34.5931,  
73.4026

■ 58.5620, 34.5931,  
73.4026

■ 55.9840, 30.5144,  
69.2222

■ 61.9106, 40.1802,  
77.9415

■ 54.0971, 27.7855,  
65.3720

■ 66.0943, 47.4043,  
82.8602

■ 52.8084, 26.2208,  
61.8202

■ 71.1730, 56.3854,  
88.1800

■ 52.1769, 25.6348,  
59.5231

■ 77.2009, 67.2311,  
93.9195

84.2273, 80.0402,  
100.0962

92.2985, 94.9045,  
106.7263

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.9385, 34.5931, 122.3312



58.5620, 34.5931, 73.4026



61.7171, 34.5931, 32.3442

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.5620, 34.5931, 73.4026



30.9648, 34.5931, 2.7137



17.3210, 34.5931, 89.5815

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.5620, 34.5931, 73.4026



44.1433, 75.4067, 31.9695

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.8036, 34.5931, 43.5418



58.5620, 34.5931, 73.4026



21.3594, 34.5931, 5.2683

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.5620, 34.5931, 73.4026



43.7186, 34.5931, 3.9001



16.0779, 34.5931, 15.9494



23.9990, 34.5931, 135.0146



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.5620, 34.5931, 73.4026



58.6390, 34.5931, 16.1315



16.0779, 34.5931, 15.9494



16.0454, 34.5931, 72.9018

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.5628, 34.5946, 73.4033



79.9819, 72.2831, 96.4191



30.2968, 19.4765, 96.7703



16.7036, 14.7157, 20.2658



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.5628, 34.5946, 73.4033



55.3762, 29.6016, 68.0863



50.3534, 31.3108, 30.1732



18.6288, 18.2348, 21.9284



27.3181, 13.4165, 31.3893



2.6974, 1.3213, 3.2540



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.5628, 34.5946, 73.4033



55.3762, 29.6016, 68.0863



51.2783, 78.2607, 69.5420



18.6288, 18.2348, 21.9284



27.3181, 13.4165, 31.3893

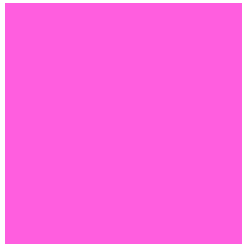


2.6974, 1.3213, 3.2540



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.5620, 34.5931, 73.4026 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

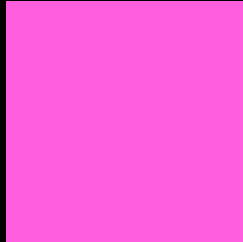
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.5620, 34.5931, 73.4026 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

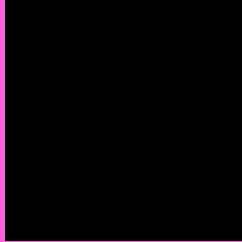
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 58.5620, 34.5931, 73.4026**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.5620, 34.5931, 73.4026.



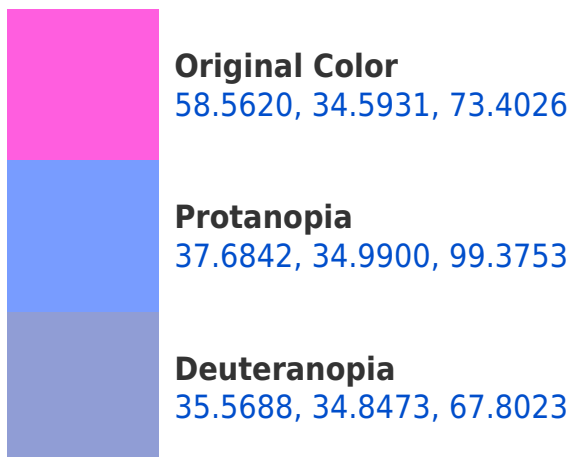
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.5620, 34.5931,

73.4026.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





## Tritanopia

48.2689, 34.4039, 24.5186

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

58.5620, 34.5931, 73.4026



## Protanomaly

40.9274, 31.6811, 88.7520



## Deuteranomaly

40.8166, 32.2503, 69.7193



## Tritanomaly

51.3622, 34.1530, 38.5354

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

58.5620, 34.5931, 73.4026



## Achromatopsia

32.0474, 33.7164, 36.7171



## Achromatomaly

38.8579, 31.7238, 47.7913

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 58.5620, 34.5931, 73.4026 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 94, 223)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 94, 223)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 94, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 94, 223) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 58.5620, 34.5931, 73.4026 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 94, 223) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 94, 223) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 94, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 94, 223); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 94, 223);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 94,  
223) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 58.5620, 34.5931, 73.4026 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 94, 223) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 94,  
223) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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