

# Converting Colors

XYZ(58.5482, 81.9239, 73.6999)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(58.5482, 81.9239, 73.6999)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(58.5482, 81.9239,  
73.6999)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8EFFD2
RGB	142, 255, 210
RGB Percent	56%, 100%, 82%
CMY	0.4431, 0.0000, 0.1765
CMYK	0.44, 0.00, 0.18, 0.00
HSL	156°, 100%, 78%
HSV	156°, 44%, 100%
XYZ	58.5482, 81.9239, 73.6999
YIQ	216.0830, -52.9030, -37.9510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

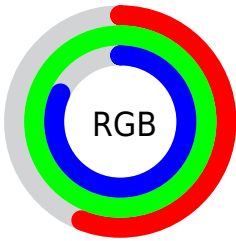
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">142, 213, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9371602</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">92.54, -42.42, 11.54</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">93, 43.961, 164.785</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">81.9239, 0.2734, 0.3825</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287561682 (0xFF8EFFD2)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">216.0830, -2.9989, -64.9708</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">90.5118, -42.9317, 15.0810</a>

# Details

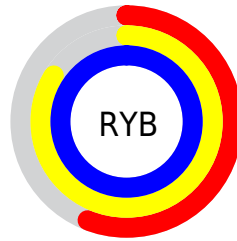
The XYZ color **58.5482, 81.9239, 73.6999** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFCC**. A complement of this color would be **59.8832, 44.1949, 52.3886**, and the grayscale version is **65.3724, 68.7769, 74.8981**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77.6294, 91.0194, 108.0847**, and **29.7621, 44.6275, 38.4978** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53.4370, 79.4306, 67.0654**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64.7419, 84.9660, 80.8069**.

# Distribution



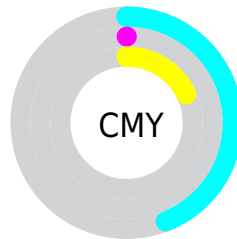
- Red (56%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 58.5482, 81.9239, 73.6999 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 58.5482, 81.9239, 73.6999 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 58.5482, 81.9239,  
73.6999

 58.5482, 81.9239,  
73.6999


409.1466,  
501.3931, 492.5726

 42.4945, 61.3028,  
54.0532


 101.8391,  
136.0673, 126.2004

 29.6815, 44.4696,  
38.2507


 129.8070,  
170.3584, 159.8913

 19.7438, 31.0399,  
25.8740

162.4771,  
209.9749, 199.1006

 12.3161, 20.6292,  
16.5045

200.2146,  
255.3013, 244.2468

 7.0331, 12.8532,  
9.7236

243.3850,  
306.7219, 295.7486

 3.5293, 7.3276,  
5.1129

292.3535,

 1.4395, 3.6678,

364.6211, 354.0245

2.2538

347.4856,  
429.3834, 419.4930

■ 0.2841, 1.4895,  
0.7051

■ 0.0000, 0.2813,  
0.0000

■ 58.5482, 81.9239,  
73.6999

■ 58.5482, 81.9239,  
73.6999

■ 53.4370, 79.4306,  
67.0654

■ 64.7419, 84.9660,  
80.8069

■ 49.3354, 77.4486,  
60.8882

■ 72.0799, 88.5886,  
88.3928

■ 46.1647, 75.9376,  
55.1580

■ 80.6217, 92.8221,  
96.4689

■ 43.8327, 74.8502,  
49.8625

■ 90.4222, 97.6948,  
105.0449

■ 42.2269, 74.1286,  
44.9878

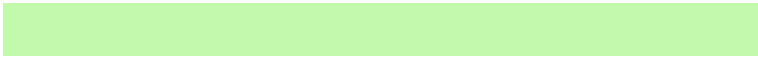
95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 41.5473, 73.8349,  
42.3955

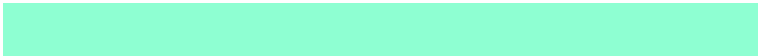
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.4046, 81.9239, 51.6099



58.5482, 81.9239, 73.6999



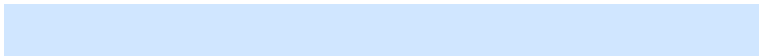
58.5130, 81.9239, 106.2244

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.5482, 81.9239, 73.6999



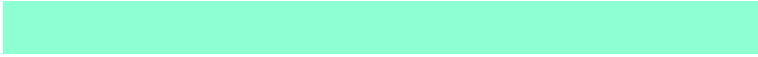
83.6031, 81.9239, 164.8327



94.5072, 81.9239, 51.8415

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.5482, 81.9239, 73.6999



59.8832, 44.1949, 52.3886

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



101.0757, 81.9239, 74.1014



58.5482, 81.9239, 73.6999



94.3748, 81.9239, 141.6702

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.5482, 81.9239, 73.6999



72.2467, 81.9239, 164.6491



101.0251, 81.9239, 106.7366

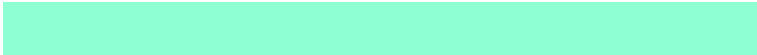


83.7699, 81.9239, 41.2531



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.5482, 81.9239, 73.6999



61.1944, 81.9239, 130.0853



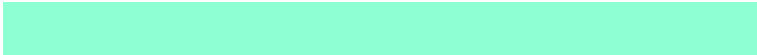
101.0251, 81.9239, 106.7366



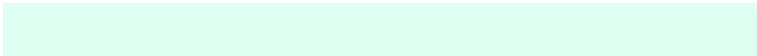
97.3204, 81.9239, 57.9296

# Sweetspot

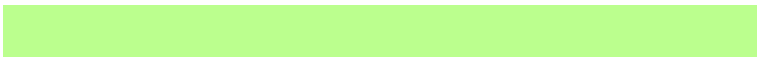
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.5490, 81.9243, 73.7013



81.8351, 93.4246, 97.5657



61.1857, 84.0634, 38.5935



17.0820, 19.7812, 20.4893



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.5490, 81.9243, 73.7013



54.0488, 79.7279, 67.9099



61.4665, 77.4922, 106.3256



18.2306, 20.3518, 21.5174



21.7851, 38.6106, 22.5512



2.1751, 3.7810, 2.4798



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.8832, 44.1949, 52.3886



55.5463, 37.7000, 44.2250



57.5636, 46.0948, 31.4557



18.3090, 18.1069, 20.2444



22.8589, 11.6328, 7.9072

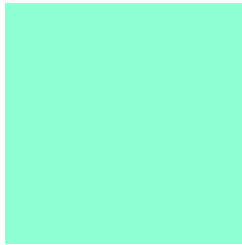


2.2778, 1.1535, 1.0443



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.5482, 81.9239, 73.6999 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.5482, 81.9239, 73.6999 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

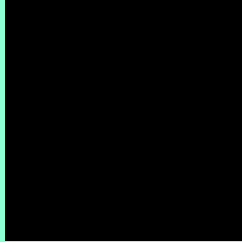
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 58.5482, 81.9239, 73.6999**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.5482, 81.9239, 73.6999.



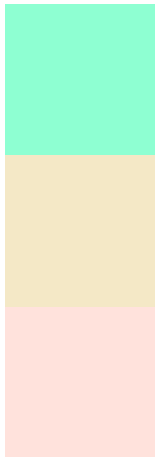
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.5482, 81.9239,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

58.5482, 81.9239, 73.6999

### Protanopia

76.3579, 81.0235, 65.0407

### Deuteranopia

81.3546, 80.8200, 79.0221



## **Tritanopia**

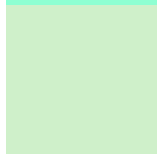
70.7884, 81.5431, 106.6162

# Trichromacy



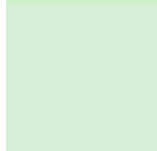
## Original Color

58.5482, 81.9239, 73.6999



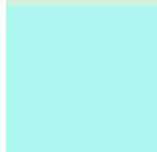
## Protanomaly

67.5529, 79.8498, 67.7293



## Deuteranomaly

70.4104, 79.8224, 76.6620



## Tritanomaly

65.8540, 81.5242, 93.9262

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

58.5482, 81.9239, 73.6999



## Achromatopsia

65.2694, 68.6685, 74.7800



## Achromatomaly

61.4207, 72.2675, 74.3301

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 58.5482, 81.9239, 73.6999 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(142, 255, 210)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 255, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 255, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 255, 210) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 58.5482, 81.9239, 73.6999 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 255, 210) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 255, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 255, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 255, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 255, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 255,  
210) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 58.5482, 81.9239, 73.6999 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 255, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142,  
255, 210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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