

# Converting Colors

XYZ(58.5573, 63.9725, 82.9447)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(58.5573, 63.9725, 82.9447)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(58.5369, 63.8813,  
82.6439)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BCD5E4
RGB	188, 213, 228
RGB Percent	74%, 84%, 89%
CMY	0.2627, 0.1647, 0.1059
CMYK	0.18, 0.07, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	202°, 43%, 82%
HSV	202°, 18%, 89%
XYZ	58.5369, 63.8813, 82.6439
YIQ	207.2350, -19.7150, -0.6350

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

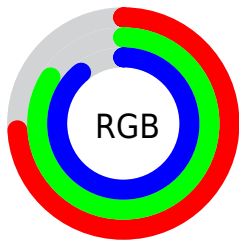
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	188, 203, 228
Decimal	12375524
CIE Lab	83.90, -5.22, -10.19
CIE LCh	84, 11.447, 242.885
Yxy	63.8813, 0.2855, 0.3115
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290565604 (0xFFBCD5E4)
YUV	207.2350, 10.2371, -16.8691
Hunter-Lab	79.9258, -9.1384, -5.3583

# Details

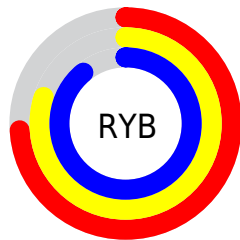
The XYZ color **58.5369, 63.8813, 82.6439** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **62.4285, 62.8367, 56.4167**, and the grayscale version is **59.4063, 62.5001, 68.0626**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.4662, 98.1525, 108.7323**, and **29.6012, 32.5392, 44.2557** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.2643, 57.0253, 81.7049**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66.8139, 71.4267, 83.6651**.

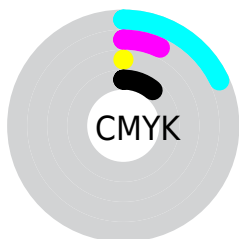
# Distribution



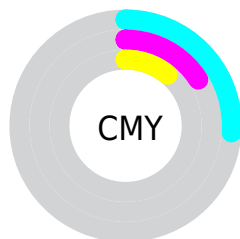
- Red (74%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (74%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 58.5369, 63.8813, 82.6439 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 58.5369, 63.8813, 82.6439 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 58.5369, 63.8813,  
82.6439

■ 58.5369, 63.8813,  
82.6439

409.1053,  
438.7609, 523.7388

■ 42.4854, 46.5545,  
61.3575

■ 101.8228,  
110.4400, 138.9214

■ 29.6743, 32.6836,  
44.0813

129.7878,  
140.4407, 174.7496

■ 19.7383, 21.8842,  
30.3968

162.4548,  
175.4348, 216.2621

■ 12.3121, 13.7718,  
19.8854

200.1890,  
215.8068, 263.8775

■ 7.0303, 7.9621,  
12.1285

243.3558,  
261.9410, 318.0143

■ 3.5276, 4.0707,  
6.7076

292.3205,

■ 1.4385, 1.7132,

314.2218, 379.0911

3.2043

347.4485,  
373.0336, 447.5265

■ 0.2834, 0.4322,  
1.1999

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 58.5369, 63.8813,  
82.6439

■ 58.5369, 63.8813,  
82.6439

■ 51.2643, 57.0253,  
81.7049

■ 66.8139, 71.4267,  
83.6651

■ 44.9473, 50.8260,  
80.8413

■ 76.1303, 79.6769,  
84.7665

■ 39.5410, 45.2593,  
80.0517

■ 86.0079, 88.3898,  
85.9277

■ 34.9946, 40.2962,  
79.3334

■ 88.5653, 93.5046,  
86.7801

■ 31.2518, 35.9051,  
78.6831

■ 91.0038, 98.3815,  
87.5929

■ 28.2491, 32.0503,  
78.0973

■ 25.9119, 28.6905,  
77.5719

■ 24.1407, 25.7713,  
77.1018

■ 23.7537, 25.1014,  
76.9929

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.7411, 63.8813, 77.3603



58.5369, 63.8813, 82.6439



60.9613, 63.8813, 84.3456

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.5369, 63.8813, 82.6439



65.6828, 63.8813, 68.8603



58.1260, 63.8813, 58.5481

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.5369, 63.8813, 82.6439



62.4285, 62.8367, 56.4167

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.4739, 63.8813, 56.6047



58.5369, 63.8813, 82.6439



64.8750, 63.8813, 62.2949

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.5369, 63.8813, 82.6439



65.1300, 63.8813, 76.0699



62.9511, 63.8813, 57.9282



56.5085, 63.8813, 63.4247



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.5369, 63.8813, 82.6439



62.6198, 63.8813, 83.1302



62.9511, 63.8813, 57.9282



58.8536, 63.8813, 57.5460

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.5388, 63.8839, 82.6453



89.0077, 94.6493, 108.1857



59.2235, 70.4753, 66.7748



18.8755, 20.1019, 23.1352



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

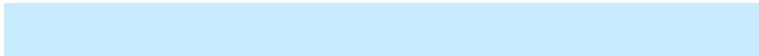


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.5388, 63.8839, 82.6453



71.9446, 79.0721, 106.0783



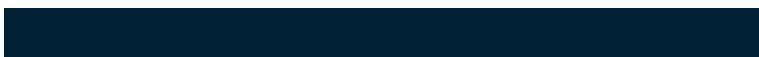
53.8877, 54.5817, 81.0950



14.3296, 15.3806, 18.3578



13.8335, 14.7291, 44.4971



1.1108, 1.2655, 3.3177



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.9899, 57.2660, 70.7400



77.2159, 69.2371, 87.8328



67.3718, 72.7234, 58.0645



14.7540, 14.5188, 16.9047



21.3760, 10.6846, 16.1410

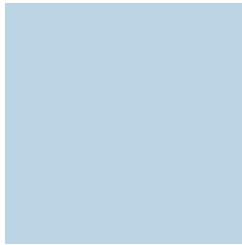


1.6243, 0.8074, 1.4281



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.5369, 63.8813, 82.6439 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

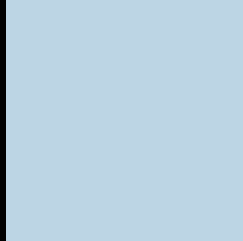
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.5369, 63.8813, 82.6439 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

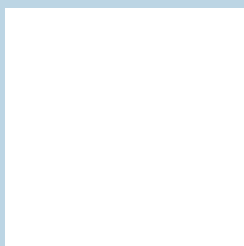
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 58.5369, 63.8813, 82.6439**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.5369, 63.8813, 82.6439.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.5369, 63.8813,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

58.5369, 63.8813, 82.6439

### Protanopia

62.1589, 63.9579, 80.3031

### Deuteranopia

64.8523, 63.4851, 83.6987



## Tritanopia

58.8162, 63.9930, 84.1149

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

58.5369, 63.8813, 82.6439

## Protanomaly

60.8615, 64.0017, 81.0973

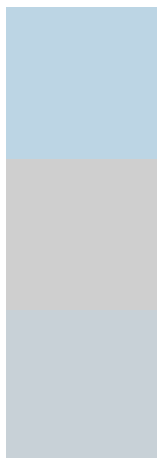
## Deuteranomaly

62.4681, 63.6927, 83.1302

## Tritanomaly

58.6761, 63.9370, 83.3773

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

58.5369, 63.8813, 82.6439

## Achromatopsia

59.3074, 62.3960, 67.9493

## Achromatomaly

58.8856, 62.7866, 73.3054

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 58.5369, 63.8813, 82.6439 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(188, 213, 228)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(188, 213, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 213, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(188, 213, 228) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 58.5369, 63.8813, 82.6439 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(188, 213, 228) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(188, 213, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 213, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(188, 213, 228); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 213, 228);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 213,  
228) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 58.5369, 63.8813, 82.6439 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(188, 213, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(188,  
213, 228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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