

# Converting Colors

XYZ(58.6088, 46.6783, 39.0974)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(58.6088, 46.6783, 39.0974)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(58.7738, 46.7201,  
39.1779)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FE9AA0
RGB	254, 154, 160
RGB Percent	100%, 60%, 63%
CMY	0.0039, 0.3961, 0.3725
CMYK	0.00, 0.39, 0.37, 0.00
HSL	356°, 98%, 80%
HSV	356°, 39%, 100%
XYZ	58.7738, 46.7201, 39.1779
YIQ	184.5840, 57.6740, 23.0660

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

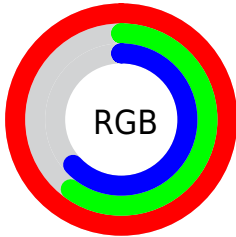
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">254, 154, 160</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16685728</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">74.01, 38.00, 12.94</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">74, 40.143, 18.803</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">46.7201, 0.4063, 0.3229</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294875808 (0xFFFE9AA0)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">184.5840, -12.1199, 60.8778</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">68.3521, 33.8703, 13.8628</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **58.7738, 46.7201, 39.1779** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **65.7137, 84.5319, 101.6643**, and the grayscale version is **45.9270, 48.3188, 52.6191**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76.5523, 72.2595, 74.2027**, and **29.9197, 22.0136, 17.1401** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53.1243, 38.4491, 27.9602**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.7138, 56.9300, 52.8058**.

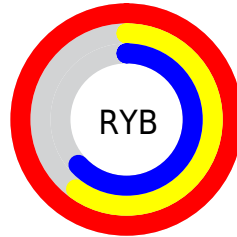
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (60%)

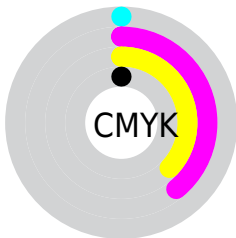
Blue (63%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (63%)

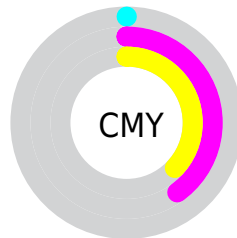


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (37%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (40%)


Yellow (37%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 58.7738, 46.7201, 39.1779 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 58.7738, 46.7201, 39.1779 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 58.7738, 46.7201,  
39.1779


 58.7738, 46.7201,  
39.1779


409.9707,  
373.6962, 358.0948

 42.6767, 32.8144,  
26.5893

 102.1653, 85.2957,  
75.1333

 29.8250, 21.9843,  
17.0353


 130.1905,  
110.7344, 99.3372

 19.8532, 13.8454,  
10.0974


162.9224,  
140.7862, 128.2499

 12.3960, 8.0132,  
5.3571

200.7265,  
175.8356, 162.2900

 7.0881, 4.1034,  
2.3959

243.9679,  
216.2668, 201.8760

 3.5641, 1.7316,  
0.7842

293.0122,

 1.4586, 0.4440,

262.4644, 247.4264

0.0000

348.2247,  
314.8128, 299.3598

■ 0.2974, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 58.7738, 46.7201,  
39.1779

■ 58.7738, 46.7201,  
39.1779

■ 53.1243, 38.4491,  
27.9602

■ 65.7138, 56.9300,  
52.8058

■ 48.6823, 31.9879,  
19.0097

■ 74.0133, 69.1832,  
68.9699

■ 45.3605, 27.2029,  
12.1728

■ 83.7409, 83.5850,  
87.7910

■ 43.0587, 23.9391,  
7.2755

94.6830, 99.8108,  
108.8828

■ 41.6587, 22.0124,  
4.1159

■ 40.9896, 21.1454,  
2.4407

■ 40.9609, 21.1060,  
2.3754

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.3462, 46.7201, 58.9270



58.7738, 46.7201, 39.1779



54.1174, 46.7201, 26.5731

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.7738, 46.7201, 39.1779



34.8210, 46.7201, 29.0480



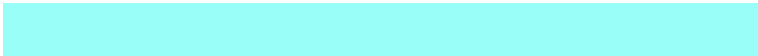
41.7830, 46.7201, 100.2513

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.7738, 46.7201, 39.1779



65.7137, 84.5319, 101.6643

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.9321, 46.7201, 86.7300



58.7738, 46.7201, 39.1779



32.2107, 46.7201, 43.5835

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.7738, 46.7201, 39.1779



40.1098, 46.7201, 21.9050



32.5943, 46.7201, 64.6842



48.9986, 46.7201, 98.1358



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.7738, 46.7201, 39.1779



49.5786, 46.7201, 22.2281



32.5943, 46.7201, 64.6842



39.6064, 46.7201, 97.2645

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.7750, 46.7224, 39.1788



81.7629, 80.2904, 83.3085



67.9217, 50.1041, 99.8571



17.2191, 16.7685, 17.2873



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.7750, 46.7224, 39.1788



54.8326, 40.5929, 30.6683



66.7492, 63.4900, 39.3116



18.0535, 18.0047, 18.8990



21.6119, 11.1341, 1.3409



2.1191, 1.0900, 0.2084



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.7750, 46.7224, 39.1788



54.8326, 40.5929, 30.6683



54.4294, 60.4510, 102.5653



18.0535, 18.0047, 18.8990



21.6119, 11.1341, 1.3409



2.1191, 1.0900, 0.2084



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.7738, 46.7201, 39.1779 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.7738, 46.7201, 39.1779 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 58.7738, 46.7201, 39.1779**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.7738, 46.7201, 39.1779.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.7738, 46.7201,

39.1779.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

58.7738, 46.7201, 39.1779

### Protanopia

44.9593, 47.1158, 47.2821

### Deuteranopia

47.8206, 47.0063, 38.0052



## Tritanopia

59.0558, 46.5699, 41.4736

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

58.7738, 46.7201, 39.1779



## Protanomaly

48.8722, 46.2562, 44.3827



## Deuteranomaly

51.1398, 46.4471, 38.1681



## Tritanomaly

58.8751, 46.4976, 40.5222

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

58.7738, 46.7201, 39.1779



## Achromatopsia

46.1135, 48.5150, 52.8328



## Achromatomaly

49.5509, 47.1083, 47.5555

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 58.7738, 46.7201, 39.1779 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 154, 160)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 154, 160)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 154, 160) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 154, 160) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 58.7738, 46.7201, 39.1779 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 154, 160) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 154, 160) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 154, 160)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 154, 160); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 154, 160);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 154,  
160) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 58.7738, 46.7201, 39.1779 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 154, 160) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
154, 160) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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