

# Converting Colors

XYZ(58.6913, 59.6332, 57.2304)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(58.6913, 59.6332, 57.2304)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(58.6311, 59.4700,  
57.1039)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	DAC7BE
RGB	218, 199, 190
RGB Percent	85%, 78%, 75%
CMY	0.1451, 0.2196, 0.2549
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.13, 0.15
HSL	19°, 27%, 80%
HSV	19°, 13%, 85%
XYZ	58.6311, 59.4700, 57.1039
YIQ	203.6550, 14.2130, 1.2290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

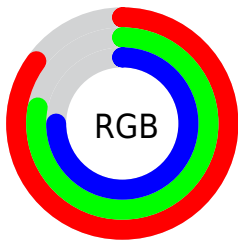
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	218, 203, 190
Decimal	14337982
CIE Lab	81.55, 5.16, 6.90
CIE LCh	82, 8.617, 53.216
Yxy	59.4700, 0.3346, 0.3394
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292528062 (0xFFDAC7BE)
YUV	203.6550, -6.7319, 12.5806
Hunter-Lab	77.1168, 0.7573, 10.0783

# Details

The XYZ color **58.6311, 59.4700, 57.1039** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **56.6902, 61.6087, 75.2339**, and the grayscale version is **57.2130, 60.1925, 65.5496**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.6346, 99.4338, 101.4464**, and **29.7450, 29.8435, 27.8595** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53.1857, 52.1109, 44.3995**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64.7670, 67.6384, 71.7982**.

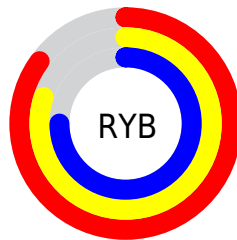
# Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (78%)

Blue (75%)



Red (85%)

Yellow (80%)

Blue (75%)

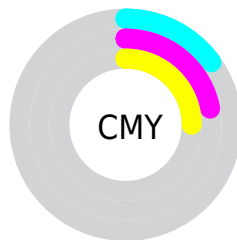


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (15%)

Magenta (22%)


Yellow (25%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 58.6311, 59.4700, 57.1039 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 58.6311, 59.4700, 57.1039 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 58.6311, 59.4700,  
57.1039

 58.6311, 59.4700,  
57.1039


409.4495,  
422.6414, 431.3432

 42.5615, 42.9916,  
40.6787


 101.9590,  
104.0605, 102.1186

 29.7342, 29.8785,  
27.7503


129.9480,  
132.9413, 131.5453

 19.7840, 19.7464,  
17.9001


162.6408,  
166.7250, 166.1428

 12.3455, 12.2108,  
10.7096

200.4028,  
205.7961, 206.3298

 7.0533, 6.8874,  
5.7602

243.5993,  
250.5389, 252.5248

 3.5421, 3.3918,  
2.6334

292.5957,

 1.4465, 1.3395,

301.3378, 305.1463

0.9096

347.7573,  
358.5772, 364.6129

■ 0.2890, 0.1715,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 58.6311, 59.4700,  
57.1039

■ 58.6311, 59.4700,  
57.1039

■ 53.1857, 52.1109,  
44.3995

■ 64.7670, 67.6384,  
71.7982

■ 48.4006, 45.5281,  
33.5949

■ 71.6123, 76.6322,  
88.5593

■ 44.2508, 39.6979,  
24.5990

■ 79.1264, 86.4510,  
107.1241

■ 40.7076, 34.5922,  
17.3112

■ 82.7236, 93.6455,  
108.3231

■ 37.7397, 30.1813,  
11.6213

■ 35.3131, 26.4331,  
7.4060

■ 33.3893, 23.3124,  
4.5234

■ 31.9235, 20.7804,  
2.8032

■ 31.1103, 19.2989,  
2.0854

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.7789, 59.4700, 60.9079



58.6311, 59.4700, 57.1039



56.9359, 59.4700, 55.3636

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.6311, 59.4700, 57.1039



53.1432, 59.4700, 63.5842



57.9055, 59.4700, 74.3373

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.6311, 59.4700, 57.1039



56.6902, 61.6087, 75.2339

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.1149, 59.4700, 75.1475



58.6311, 59.4700, 57.1039



53.3903, 59.4700, 68.7561

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.6311, 59.4700, 57.1039



53.7865, 59.4700, 58.9739



54.4689, 59.4700, 73.0558



59.3538, 59.4700, 70.8973



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.6311, 59.4700, 57.1039



55.7336, 59.4700, 55.5385



54.4689, 59.4700, 73.0558



57.3227, 59.4700, 74.9335

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.6327, 59.4726, 57.1052



91.2829, 95.0244, 99.7566



58.8527, 56.3432, 68.1822



19.3906, 20.1435, 20.9955



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

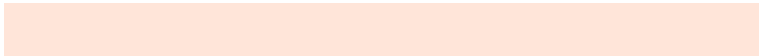


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.6327, 59.4726, 57.1052



81.7651, 82.3232, 77.0558



61.9690, 66.1452, 58.2173



13.3962, 13.7317, 13.6700



18.7248, 11.7352, 1.2782



1.2897, 0.9134, 0.1083

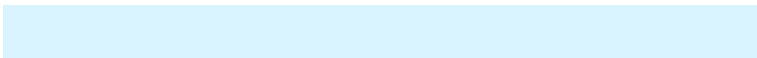


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.6902, 61.6087, 75.2339



78.5518, 85.8550, 107.0393



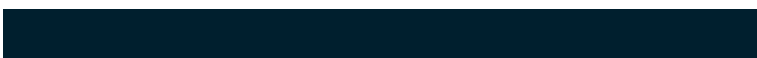
53.4359, 55.0999, 74.1491



13.0735, 14.0867, 16.6821



14.0175, 15.9045, 42.0695



0.9848, 1.1838, 2.7510



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.6311, 59.4700, 57.1039 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.6311, 59.4700, 57.1039 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

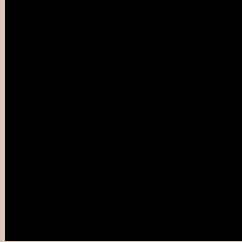
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 58.6311, 59.4700, 57.1039**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.6311, 59.4700, 57.1039.



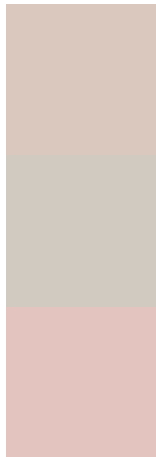
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.6311, 59.4700,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

58.6311, 59.4700, 57.1039

### Protanopia

56.9295, 59.6021, 58.3730

### Deuteranopia

60.8225, 59.5723, 57.5831



## Tritanopia

61.3166, 59.5552, 69.8916

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

58.6311, 59.4700, 57.1039

## Protanomaly

57.4420, 59.5319, 57.7535

## Deuteranomaly

60.1107, 59.5414, 57.6147

## Tritanomaly

60.2609, 59.4599, 64.8007

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

58.6311, 59.4700, 57.1039

## Achromatopsia

57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568

## Achromatomaly

57.7238, 59.9199, 62.5562

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 58.6311, 59.4700, 57.1039 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(218, 199, 190)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(218, 199, 190)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(218, 199, 190) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(218, 199, 190) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 58.6311, 59.4700, 57.1039 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(218, 199, 190) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(218, 199, 190) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(218, 199, 190)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(218, 199, 190); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 199, 190);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 199,  
190) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 58.6311, 59.4700, 57.1039 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(218, 199, 190) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(218,  
199, 190) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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