

# Converting Colors

XYZ(58.7554, 49.1857, 49.7004)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(58.7554, 49.1857, 49.7004)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(58.6555, 49.2602,  
49.5967)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F3A5B4
RGB	243, 165, 180
RGB Percent	95%, 65%, 71%
CMY	0.0471, 0.3529, 0.2941
CMYK	0.00, 0.32, 0.26, 0.05
HSL	348°, 76%, 80%
HSV	348°, 32%, 95%
XYZ	58.6555, 49.2602, 49.5967
YIQ	190.0320, 41.6730, 21.2010

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

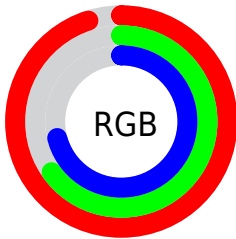
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	243, 165, 180
Decimal	15967668
CIE Lab	75.61, 30.81, 4.07
CIE LCh	76, 31.074, 7.524
Yxy	49.2602, 0.3724, 0.3127
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294157748 (0xFFFF3A5B4)
YUV	190.0320, -4.9458, 46.4529
Hunter-Lab	70.1856, 26.3512, 7.2326

# Details

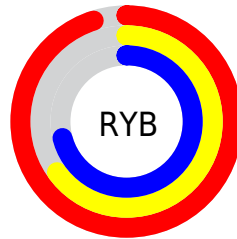
The XYZ color **58.6555, 49.2602, 49.5967** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **61.5734, 77.7032, 85.1556**, and the grayscale version is **48.9739, 51.5244, 56.1100**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.2368, 79.0290, 90.2767**, and **29.6325, 23.4349, 23.0403** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.8217, 40.5691, 38.4756**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.6078, 59.7346, 62.4887**.

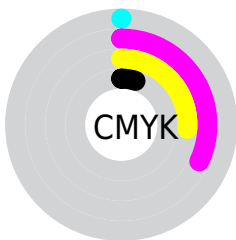
# Distribution



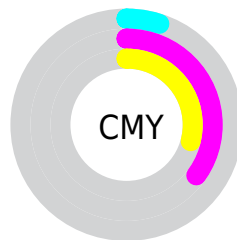
- Red (95%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (5%)




- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (29%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 58.6555, 49.2602, 49.5967 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 58.6555, 49.2602, 49.5967 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 58.6555, 49.2602,  
49.5967


 58.6555, 49.2602,  
49.5967


409.5387,  
383.7658, 401.7765

 42.5812, 34.8259,  
34.7241


 101.9943, 89.0778,  
90.9672

 29.7497, 23.5288,  
23.1686


 129.9895,  
115.2299, 118.3022

 19.7958, 14.9845,  
14.5116

162.6890,  
146.0567, 150.6284

 12.3541, 8.8085,  
8.3345

200.4581,  
181.9427, 188.3643

 7.0592, 4.6165,  
4.2189

243.6623,  
223.2722, 231.9286

 3.5458, 2.0240,  
1.7462

292.6669,

 1.4486, 0.6214,

270.4296, 281.7396

0.3921

347.8372,  
323.7993, 338.2161

■ 0.2904, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 58.6555, 49.2602,  
49.5967

■ 58.6555, 49.2602,  
49.5967

■ 52.8217, 40.5691,  
38.4756

■ 65.6078, 59.7346,  
62.4887

■ 48.0433, 33.5548,  
29.0444

■ 73.7294, 72.0768,  
77.2219

■ 44.2570, 28.1108,  
21.2200

■ 83.0726, 86.3744,  
93.8663

■ 41.3907, 24.1148,  
14.9109

■ 90.7723, 97.7948,  
108.6998

■ 39.3624, 21.4266,  
10.0159

■ 38.0746, 19.8779,  
6.4210

■ 37.4697, 19.2577,  
4.4019

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.7946, 49.2602, 66.6706



58.6555, 49.2602, 49.5967



56.1451, 49.2602, 36.5728

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.6555, 49.2602, 49.5967



40.4054, 49.2602, 32.2435



42.7206, 49.2602, 88.5267

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.6555, 49.2602, 49.5967



61.5734, 77.7032, 85.1556

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



38.5898, 49.2602, 75.3200



58.6555, 49.2602, 49.5967



37.3314, 49.2602, 42.4216

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.6555, 49.2602, 49.5967



45.3878, 49.2602, 27.9759



36.6950, 49.2602, 57.8888



48.2827, 49.2602, 91.5378



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.6555, 49.2602, 49.5967



53.0096, 49.2602, 31.1177



36.6950, 49.2602, 57.8888



41.1326, 49.2602, 85.0186

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.6569, 49.2625, 49.5977



84.3071, 83.5394, 89.8268



61.4393, 49.7798, 91.1646



17.7460, 17.4241, 18.6903



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.6569, 49.2625, 49.5977



60.7586, 47.9684, 46.4443



61.8241, 57.9110, 43.5196



16.6293, 16.5346, 17.7945



20.6014, 10.5840, 2.6093



1.8450, 0.9440, 0.4100



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.6569, 49.2625, 49.5977



60.7586, 47.9684, 46.4443



57.1849, 65.4489, 94.4133



16.6293, 16.5346, 17.7945



20.6014, 10.5840, 2.6093



1.8450, 0.9440, 0.4100



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.6555, 49.2602, 49.5967 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

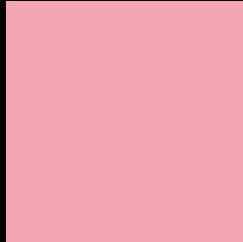
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.6555, 49.2602, 49.5967 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

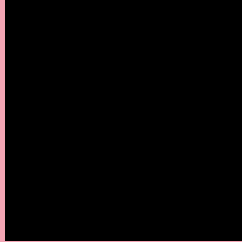
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 58.6555, 49.2602, 49.5967**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.6555, 49.2602, 49.5967.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.6555, 49.2602,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

58.6555, 49.2602, 49.5967

### Protanopia

47.8124, 49.6149, 56.9258

### Deuteranopia

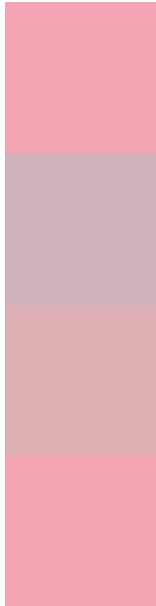
50.2695, 49.2267, 48.4472



## Tritanopia

58.4532, 49.1793, 48.5312

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

58.6555, 49.2602, 49.5967

## Protanomaly

51.0099, 48.8815, 54.3235

## Deuteranomaly

53.1846, 49.2464, 48.8219

## Tritanomaly

58.5540, 49.2196, 49.0620

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

58.6555, 49.2602, 49.5967

## Achromatopsia

48.9429, 51.4918, 56.0745

## Achromatomaly

51.6813, 50.1482, 53.4101

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 58.6555, 49.2602, 49.5967 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(243, 165, 180)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 165, 180)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 165, 180) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 165, 180) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 58.6555, 49.2602, 49.5967 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 165, 180) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 165, 180) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(243, 165, 180)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(243, 165, 180); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 165, 180);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 165,  
180) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 58.6555, 49.2602, 49.5967 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 165, 180) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243,  
165, 180) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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