

Converting Colors

XYZ(58.8870, 61.9573, 67.2151)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(58.8870, 61.9573, 67.2151)
contains.

XYZ(58.9440, 61.8642, 67.2268)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

**XYZ(58.9440, 61.8642,
67.2268)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CFCECE
RGB	207, 206, 206
RGB Percent	81%, 81%, 81%
CMY	0.1882, 0.1921, 0.1922
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	0°, 1%, 81%
HSV	0°, 0%, 81%
XYZ	58.9440, 61.8642, 67.2268
YIQ	206.2990, 0.5960, 0.2120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

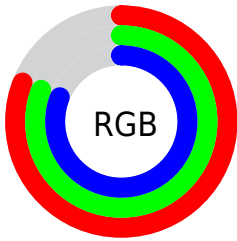
Format	Color
R _Y B	207, 206, 206
Decimal	13618894
CIE Lab	82.84, 0.35, 0.11
CIE LCh	83, 0.365, 17.881
Yxy	61.8642, 0.3135, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291808974 (0xFFCFCECE)
YUV	206.2990, -0.1474, 0.6148
Hunter-Lab	78.6538, -3.8743, 4.3814

Details

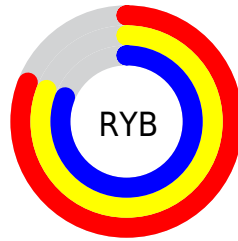
The XYZ color **58.9440, 61.8642, 67.2268** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **59.0290, 62.2517, 67.9370**, and the grayscale version is **58.8599, 61.9252, 67.4365**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **30.0326, 31.4958, 34.2022** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.9491, 51.6367, 53.2947**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66.9254, 73.5331, 83.1232**.

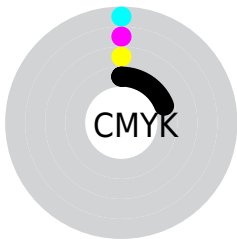
Distribution



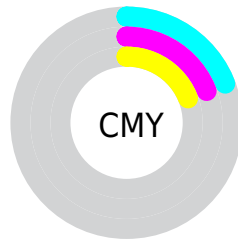
- Red (81%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 58.9440, 61.8642, 67.2268 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 58.9440, 61.8642, 67.2268 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 58.9440, 61.8642,
67.2268

■ 58.9440, 61.8642,
67.2268

410.5917,
431.4356, 469.2751

■ 42.8142, 44.9230,
48.8062

102.4114,
107.5292, 116.8891

■ 29.9333, 31.3968,
34.1013

130.4797,
137.0218, 148.9678

■ 19.9358, 20.9012,
22.6934

163.2582,
171.4670, 186.4364

■ 12.4564, 13.0518,
14.1641

201.1123,
211.2492, 229.7133

■ 7.1297, 7.4642,
8.0948

244.4074,
256.7527, 279.2171

■ 3.5904, 3.7541,
4.0671

293.5087,

■ 1.4731, 1.5370,

308.3621, 335.3663

1.6622

348.7817,
366.4615, 398.5794

■ 0.3074, 0.3145,
0.3346

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 58.9440, 61.8642,
67.2268

■ 58.9440, 61.8642,
67.2268

■ 51.9491, 51.6367,
53.2947

■ 66.9254, 73.5331,
83.1232

■ 45.8974, 42.7870,
41.2469

■ 75.9241, 86.6878,
101.0518

■ 40.7503, 35.2588,
31.0037

■ 79.5425, 92.0056,
108.1743

■ 36.4642, 28.9886,
22.4784

■ 32.9922, 23.9079,
15.5768

■ 30.2828, 19.9416,
10.1959

■ 28.2787, 17.0060,
6.2211

■ 26.9145, 15.0057,
3.5212

■ 26.1125, 13.8277,
1.9406

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.9479, 61.8642, 67.4505



58.9440, 61.8642, 67.2268



58.9015, 61.8642, 67.0391

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.9440, 61.8642, 67.2268



58.6880, 61.8642, 67.0698



58.7683, 61.8642, 67.7836

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.9440, 61.8642, 67.2268



59.0290, 62.2517, 67.9370

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.6988, 61.8642, 67.6811



58.9440, 61.8642, 67.2268



58.6524, 61.8642, 67.2688

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.9440, 61.8642, 67.2268



58.7537, 61.8642, 66.9486



58.6564, 61.8642, 67.4926



58.8465, 61.8642, 67.7723

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.9440, 61.8642, 67.2268



58.8570, 61.8642, 66.9595



58.6564, 61.8642, 67.4926



58.7432, 61.8642, 67.7613

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.9458, 61.8669, 67.2281

95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000



59.0668, 61.9140, 67.8698



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.9458, 61.8669, 67.2281



93.8368, 98.2262, 106.4836



59.0655, 62.1063, 67.2681



13.1475, 13.7674, 14.9296



16.2187, 8.3704, 0.7608



0.9080, 0.4704, 0.0429

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.0290, 62.2517, 67.9370



94.1152, 99.5139, 108.8554



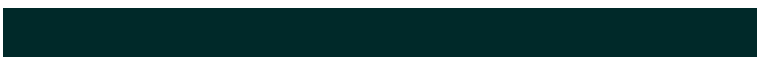
58.9089, 62.0115, 67.8970



13.1838, 13.9352, 15.2386



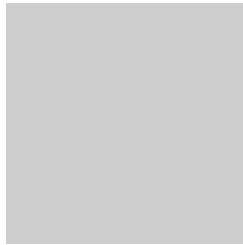
21.0466, 30.7399, 42.0166



1.1780, 1.7211, 2.3497

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.9440, 61.8642, 67.2268 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

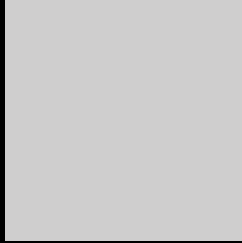
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.9440, 61.8642, 67.2268 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

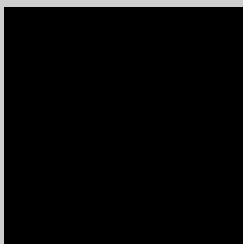
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

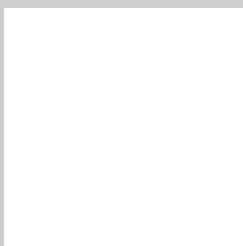
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 58.9440, 61.8642, 67.2268

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.9440, 61.8642, 67.2268.

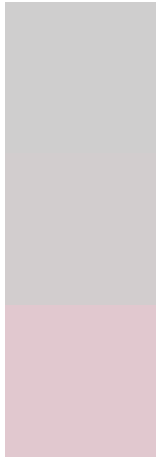


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.9440, 61.8642,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

58.9440, 61.8642, 67.2268

Protanopia

59.5502, 61.8205, 67.1864

Deuteranopia

62.9681, 61.8211, 67.6454



Tritanopia

60.8056, 61.9083, 76.4549

Trichromacy



Original Color

58.9440, 61.8642, 67.2268

Protanomaly

59.2664, 61.6742, 67.1732

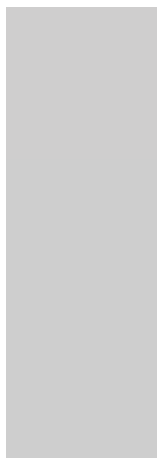
Deuteranomaly

61.2965, 61.6515, 67.7007

Tritanomaly

60.1095, 61.9788, 73.0850

Monochromacy



Original Color

58.9440, 61.8642, 67.2268

Achromatopsia

58.6655, 61.7207, 67.2138

Achromatomaly

58.6655, 61.7207, 67.2138

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 58.9440, 61.8642, 67.2268 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(207, 206, 206) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(207, 206, 206)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(207, 206, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(207, 206, 206) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 58.9440, 61.8642, 67.2268 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(207, 206, 206) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(207, 206, 206) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(207, 206, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(207, 206, 206); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 206, 206);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 206,  
206) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 58.9440, 61.8642, 67.2268 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(207, 206, 206) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(207,  
206, 206) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor