

# Converting Colors

XYZ(58.9910, 69.4667, 75.7745)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(58.9910, 69.4667, 75.7745)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(59.0121, 69.3476, 75.9208)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(59.0121, 69.3476,  
75.9208)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B6E2D9
RGB	182, 226, 217
RGB Percent	71%, 89%, 85%
CMY	0.2863, 0.1137, 0.1490
CMYK	0.19, 0.00, 0.04, 0.11
HSL	168°, 43%, 80%
HSV	168°, 19%, 89%
XYZ	59.0121, 69.3476, 75.9208
YIQ	211.8180, -23.3350, -12.1270

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

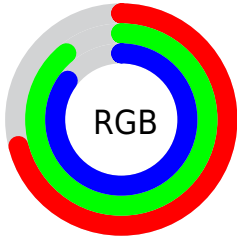
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	182, 207, 226
Decimal	11985625
CIELab	86.68, -16.02, -0.32
CIELCh	87, 16.021, 181.152
Yxy	69.3476, 0.2889, 0.3395
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290175705 (0xFFB6E2D9)
YUV	211.8180, 2.5547, -26.1504
Hunter-Lab	83.2752, -19.2395, 4.2388

# Details

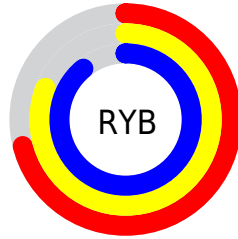
The XYZ color **59.0121, 69.3476, 75.9208** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **57.4984, 53.3879, 56.5675**, and the grayscale version is **62.4547, 65.7072, 71.5551**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89.0699, 96.9171, 108.6201**, and **29.9866, 36.3236, 39.6131** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53.5068, 66.5799, 72.5684**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.3996, 72.5718, 79.4054**.

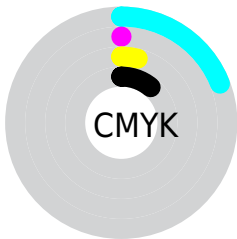
# Distribution



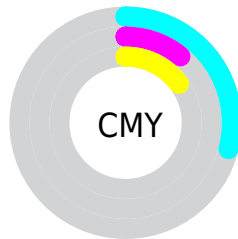
- Red (71%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 59.0121, 69.3476, 75.9208 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 59.0121, 69.3476, 75.9208 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 59.0121, 69.3476,  
75.9208

■ 59.0121, 69.3476,  
75.9208

410.8401,  
458.2560, 500.4162

■ 42.8693, 50.9948,  
55.8613

■ 102.5098,  
118.2779, 129.3740

■ 29.9766, 36.2045,  
39.6885

130.5953,  
149.6243, 163.6048

■ 19.9688, 24.5922,  
26.9838

163.3925,  
186.0706, 203.3964

■ 12.4805, 15.7735,  
17.3287

201.2667,  
228.0013, 249.1674

■ 7.1463, 9.3640,  
10.3047

244.5831,  
275.8008, 301.3364

■ 3.6009, 4.9794,  
5.4932

293.7073,

■ 1.4789, 2.2352,

329.8535, 360.3218

2.4757

349.0045,  
390.5438, 426.5422

■ 0.3114, 0.7391,  
0.8272

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 59.0121, 69.3476,  
75.9208

■ 59.0121, 69.3476,  
75.9208

■ 53.5068, 66.5799,  
72.5684

■ 65.3996, 72.5718,  
79.4054

■ 48.8364, 64.2388,  
69.3409

■ 72.7020, 76.2639,  
83.0200

■ 44.9581, 62.3041,  
66.2370

■ 80.9575, 80.4454,  
86.7687

■ 41.8228, 60.7507,  
63.2538

■ 83.5052, 81.6823,  
90.3402

■ 39.3761, 59.5502,  
60.3878

■ 84.1840, 81.9539,  
93.9151

■ 37.5556, 58.6708,  
57.6356

■ 84.8804, 82.2324,  
97.5822

■ 36.2878, 58.0743,  
54.9928

■ 85.5944, 82.5180,  
101.3422

■ 35.4517, 57.6987,  
52.4530

■ 86.3262, 82.8108,  
105.1957

■ 35.4118, 57.6810,  
52.3209

■ 86.4877, 82.8753,  
106.0459

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.8397, 69.3476, 66.0424



59.0121, 69.3476, 75.9208



59.9748, 69.3476, 86.6170

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.0121, 69.3476, 75.9208



69.6856, 69.3476, 94.4455



69.4271, 69.3476, 58.9373

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.0121, 69.3476, 75.9208



57.4984, 53.3879, 56.5675

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



72.2304, 69.3476, 65.3914



59.0121, 69.3476, 75.9208



72.3835, 69.3476, 85.8368

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.0121, 69.3476, 75.9208



66.0569, 69.3476, 97.9141



73.3316, 69.3476, 75.0962



65.7690, 69.3476, 56.8103



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.0121, 69.3476, 75.9208



61.5241, 69.3476, 92.6253



73.3316, 69.3476, 75.0962



70.5054, 69.3476, 60.6408

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.0141, 69.3505, 75.9224



89.1434, 97.0128, 106.0141



57.2622, 68.9188, 54.5415



18.9485, 20.6981, 22.6250



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

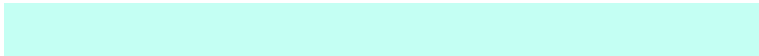


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.0141, 69.3505, 75.9224



74.7938, 89.7738, 98.1800



56.9496, 63.2958, 81.1707



13.9901, 15.5218, 16.9832



20.2455, 32.9230, 30.0793



1.4340, 2.2943, 2.2467



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.4984, 53.3879, 56.5675



72.4873, 65.4693, 68.7169



59.2056, 58.3398, 52.3971



13.8214, 13.7462, 14.8294



18.2116, 9.3517, 2.5143

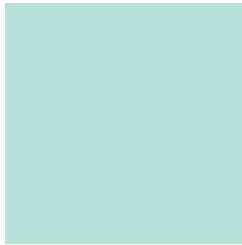


1.2946, 0.6611, 0.3440



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 59.0121, 69.3476, 75.9208 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

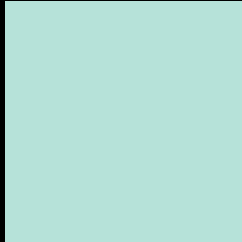
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 59.0121, 69.3476, 75.9208 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

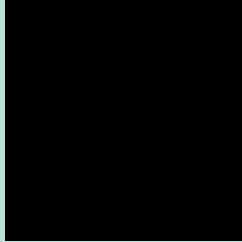
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

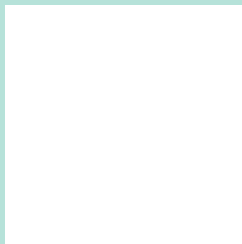
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 59.0121, 69.3476, 75.9208

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 59.0121, 69.3476, 75.9208.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 59.0121, 69.3476,

75.9208.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

59.0121, 69.3476, 75.9208

### Protanopia

65.8771, 68.6762, 71.4117

### Deuteranopia

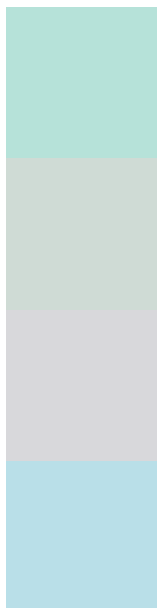
70.2258, 68.9227, 77.3123



## Tritanopia

62.0992, 68.9729, 92.4782

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

59.0121, 69.3476, 75.9208

## Protanomaly

63.0739, 68.7325, 72.8931

## Deuteranomaly

65.6610, 68.8251, 76.8417

## Tritanomaly

60.9607, 68.9158, 86.4330

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

59.0121, 69.3476, 75.9208

## Achromatopsia

62.5785, 65.8375, 71.6970

## Achromatomaly

61.0378, 66.8983, 73.3139

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 59.0121, 69.3476, 75.9208 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(182, 226, 217)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(182, 226, 217)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(182, 226, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(182, 226, 217) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 59.0121, 69.3476, 75.9208 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(182, 226, 217) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(182, 226, 217) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(182, 226, 217)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(182, 226, 217); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 226, 217);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 226,  
217) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 59.0121, 69.3476, 75.9208 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(182, 226, 217) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(182,  
226, 217) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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