

Converting Colors

XYZ(59.0441, 81.4383,
107.2150)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(59.0441, 81.4383, 107.2150)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(59.0655, 81.4493,
107.2160)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex | 64FFFF |
| RGB | 100, 255, 255 |
| RGB Percent | 39%, 100%, 100% |
| CMY | 0.6078, 0.0000, 0.0000 |
| CMYK | 0.61, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00 |
| HSL | 180°, 100%, 70% |
| HSV | 180°, 61%, 100% |
| XYZ | 59.0655, 81.4493, 107.2160 |
| YIQ | 208.6550, -92.3800, -32.8600 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

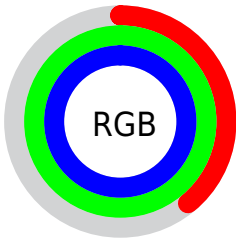
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| RYB | 100, 178, 255 |
| Decimal | 6619135 |
| CIELab | 92.33, -40.27, -12.20 |
| CIELCh | 92, 42.072, 196.851 |
| Yxy | 81.4493, 0.2384, 0.3288 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4284809215 (0xFF64FFFF) |
| YUV | 208.6550, 22.8481, -95.2904 |
| Hunter-Lab | 90.2493, -41.1132, -7.2619 |

Details

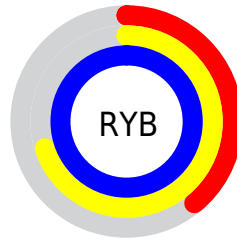
The XYZ color **59.0655, 81.4493, 107.2160** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **48.0986, 31.2961, 15.5643**, and the grayscale version is **60.2796, 63.4188, 69.0631**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69.5359, 86.8470, 107.7060**, and **30.3871, 44.4654, 60.4072** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56.6733, 80.2161, 107.1040**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62.3418, 83.1383, 107.3693**.

Distribution



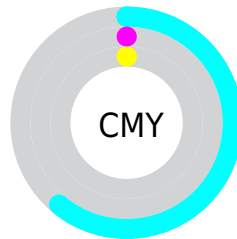
- Red (39%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 59.0655, 81.4493, 107.2160 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 59.0655, 81.4493, 107.2160 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

59.0655, 81.4493,
107.2160

59.0655, 81.4493,
107.2160

411.0348,
499.8038, 604.5315

42.9124, 60.9117,
81.6901

102.5869,
135.4015, 173.1769

30.0106, 44.1539,
60.5758

130.6860,
169.5848, 214.4489

19.9948, 30.7915,
43.4546

163.4978,
209.0856, 261.8067

12.4995, 20.4402,
29.9079

201.3876,
254.2881, 315.6689

7.1594, 12.7154,
19.5172

244.7209,
305.5768, 376.4539

3.6092, 7.2329,
11.8640

293.8629,

1.4835, 3.6082,

363.3360, 444.5803

6.5297

349.1791,
427.9502, 520.4666

■ 0.3146, 1.4569,
3.0958

■ 0.0000, 0.2581,
1.1438

■ 59.0655, 81.4493,
107.2160

■ 59.0655, 81.4493,
107.2160

■ 56.6733, 80.2161,
107.1040

■ 62.3418, 83.1383,
107.3693

■ 55.0770, 79.3932,
107.0293


■ 66.5740, 85.3201,
107.5673


■ 54.1751, 78.9282,
106.9871


■ 71.8296, 88.0294,
107.8133

■ 53.8100, 78.7400,
106.9700

■ 78.1693, 91.2977,
108.1100

 85.6490, 95.1536,
108.4600

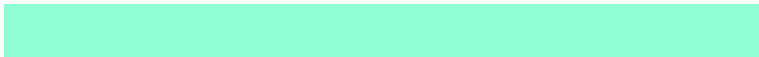
 94.3209, 99.6241,
108.8659

 95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.7738, 81.4493, 75.7383



59.0655, 81.4493, 107.2160



63.9680, 81.4493, 139.9863

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.0655, 81.4493, 107.2160



93.7074, 81.4493, 136.3076



82.2735, 81.4493, 42.1914

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.0655, 81.4493, 107.2160



48.0986, 31.2961, 15.5643

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.6259, 81.4493, 51.7533



59.0655, 81.4493, 107.2160



99.6321, 81.4493, 103.0277

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.0655, 81.4493, 107.2160



83.6409, 81.4493, 159.2933



99.2186, 81.4493, 72.4216



71.5062, 81.4493, 42.8050

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.0655, 81.4493, 107.2160



69.4768, 81.4493, 155.9890



99.2186, 81.4493, 72.4216



85.9362, 81.4493, 44.2056

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.0664, 81.4498, 107.2160



80.1328, 92.3099, 108.2019



43.3170, 75.1500, 24.2810



16.7124, 19.5317, 23.1391



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.0664, 81.4498, 107.2160



56.2536, 79.9997, 107.0844



39.1283, 41.5735, 100.5700



18.5550, 20.4815, 23.2253



28.1169, 41.1433, 55.8941



2.7376, 4.0060, 5.4422

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.8479, 37.5959, 98.4993



61.4089, 32.7178, 97.6863



59.3625, 53.8240, 19.3189



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



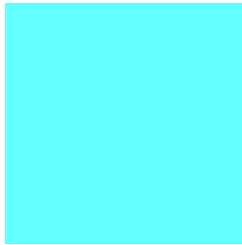
30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 59.0655, 81.4493, 107.2160 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

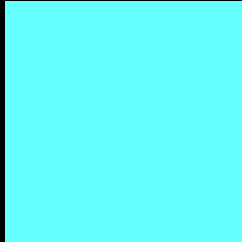
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 59.0655, 81.4493, 107.2160 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

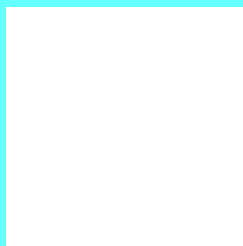
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 59.0655, 81.4493, 107.2160

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 59.0655, 81.4493, 107.2160.

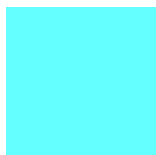


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 59.0655, 81.4493,

Color Blindness Simulation

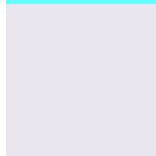
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



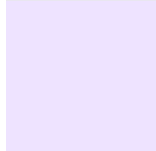
Original Color

59.0655, 81.4493, 107.2160



Protanopia

77.6293, 80.2085, 93.8284



Deuteranopia

80.7790, 80.3353, 105.8565



Tritanopia

68.2321, 80.6683, 106.5821

Trichromacy



Original Color

59.0655, 81.4493, 107.2160



Protanomaly

67.3555, 78.6399, 98.0152



Deuteranomaly

69.0732, 78.4797, 106.1153



Tritanomaly

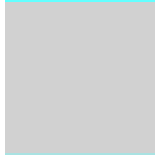
63.7052, 80.1311, 106.7170

Monochromacy



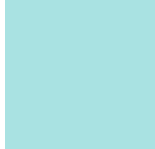
Original Color

59.0655, 81.4493, 107.2160



Achromatopsia

60.6036, 63.7597, 69.4343



Achromatomaly

57.2860, 68.3187, 82.1190

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 59.0655, 81.4493, 107.2160 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(100, 255, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(100, 255, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(100, 255, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 59.0655, 81.4493, 107.2160 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(100, 255, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(100, 255, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(100, 255, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(100, 255, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 255, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 255,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 59.0655, 81.4493, 107.2160 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(100, 255, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(100,  
255, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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