

# Converting Colors

XYZ(59.3876, 61.9112, 85.6735)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(59.3876, 61.9112, 85.6735)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(59.5265, 62.1109,  
85.9420)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C3CFE9
RGB	195, 207, 233
RGB Percent	76%, 81%, 91%
CMY	0.2353, 0.1882, 0.0863
CMYK	0.16, 0.11, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	221°, 46%, 84%
HSV	221°, 16%, 91%
XYZ	59.5265, 62.1109, 85.9420
YIQ	206.3760, -15.4980, 5.5420

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

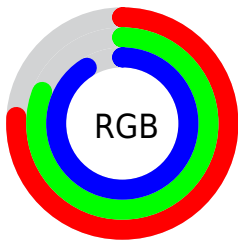
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	195, 204, 233
Decimal	12832745
CIE Lab	82.97, 1.18, -14.19
CIE LCh	83, 14.240, 274.760
Yxy	62.1109, 0.2868, 0.2992
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291022825 (0xFFC3CFE9)
YUV	206.3760, 13.1256, -9.9768
Hunter-Lab	78.8105, -3.0951, -9.4878

# Details

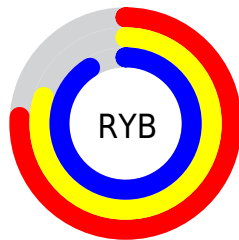
The XYZ color **59.5265, 62.1109, 85.9420** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **69.3116, 72.9767, 62.0640**, and the grayscale version is **58.8342, 61.8982, 67.4071**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.9549, 99.4354, 108.8487**, and **30.3115, 31.6195, 46.1006** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.3008, 51.9096, 84.4602**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70.0852, 73.5815, 87.6005**.

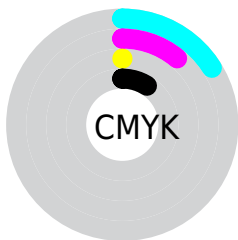
# Distribution



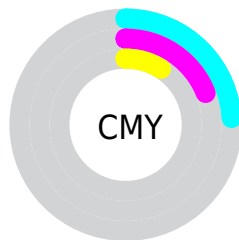
- Red (76%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 59.5265, 62.1109, 85.9420 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 59.5265, 62.1109, 85.9420 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 59.5265, 62.1109,  
85.9420

■ 59.5265, 62.1109,  
85.9420

412.7130,  
432.3355, 534.9656

■ 43.2851, 45.1223,  
64.0654

103.2527,  
107.8858, 143.5744

■ 30.3044, 31.5538,  
46.2571

131.4683,  
137.4409, 180.1672

■ 20.2189, 21.0209,  
32.0986

164.4059,  
171.9536, 222.5026

■ 12.6635, 13.1393,  
21.1714

202.4310,  
211.8084, 270.9989

■ 7.2726, 7.5245,  
13.0569

245.9089,  
257.3895, 326.0749

■ 3.6810, 3.7922,  
7.3365

295.2050,

■ 1.5233, 1.5580,

309.0815, 388.1490

3.5918

350.6846,  
367.2687, 457.6397

■ 0.3416, 0.3291,  
1.4042

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.1450

■ 59.5265, 62.1109,  
85.9420

■ 59.5265, 62.1109,  
85.9420

■ 50.3008, 51.9096,  
84.4602

■ 70.0852, 73.5815,  
87.6005

■ 42.3477, 42.9245,  
83.1451

■ 82.0231, 86.3566,  
89.4372

■ 35.6100, 35.1098,  
81.9918

■ 91.6530, 98.5528,  
91.2837

■ 30.0239, 28.4139,  
80.9938

■ 91.7082, 98.6633,  
91.3022

■ 25.5195, 22.7807,  
80.1439

■ 22.0185, 18.1487,  
79.4343

■ 19.4308, 14.4488,  
78.8566

■ 17.6464, 11.5999,  
78.4007

■ 17.1299, 10.7267,  
78.2594

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.5495, 62.1109, 84.1272



59.5265, 62.1109, 85.9420



62.4695, 62.1109, 82.5125

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.5265, 62.1109, 85.9420



64.0255, 62.1109, 58.4275



53.8472, 62.1109, 60.6629

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.5265, 62.1109, 85.9420



69.3116, 72.9767, 62.0640

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55.7278, 62.1109, 54.6510



59.5265, 62.1109, 85.9420



61.5913, 62.1109, 53.4411

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.5265, 62.1109, 85.9420



65.1238, 62.1109, 66.2329



58.5453, 62.1109, 52.1205



53.3372, 62.1109, 69.0430



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.5265, 62.1109, 85.9420



63.9956, 62.1109, 77.8748



58.5453, 62.1109, 52.1205



54.3367, 62.1109, 58.3223

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.5284, 62.1135, 85.9434



87.7939, 92.2217, 107.7811



64.6925, 75.0998, 79.4706



18.5807, 19.5123, 23.0369



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.5284, 62.1135, 85.9434



68.5735, 71.3006, 104.7559



58.5726, 57.4668, 85.0969



14.6195, 15.3253, 19.1098



9.8179, 6.2828, 44.4382



0.8544, 0.6604, 3.5173



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64.3834, 60.8604, 67.3881



75.7655, 69.6188, 77.2298



70.3649, 78.3932, 63.0540



15.2615, 15.1324, 16.6622



19.8109, 10.1271, 4.8056

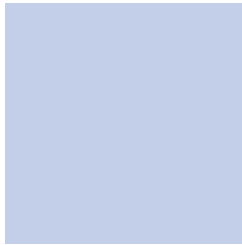


1.5978, 0.8121, 0.5993



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 59.5265, 62.1109, 85.9420 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

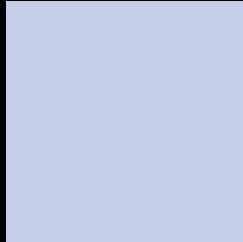
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 59.5265, 62.1109, 85.9420 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

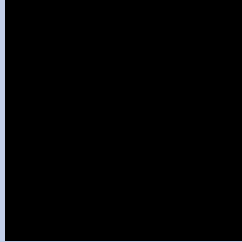
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 59.5265, 62.1109, 85.9420

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 59.5265, 62.1109, 85.9420.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 59.5265, 62.1109,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

59.5265, 62.1109, 85.9420

### Protanopia

61.0254, 62.1853, 85.1305

### Deuteranopia

63.1785, 61.8599, 86.4522



## Tritanopia

58.3946, 62.0173, 80.1270

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

59.5265, 62.1109, 85.9420

## Protanomaly

60.4562, 62.2482, 85.1726

## Deuteranomaly

61.6608, 61.7742, 86.5156

## Tritanomaly

58.8076, 62.1825, 82.3017

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

59.5265, 62.1109, 85.9420

## Achromatopsia

58.6655, 61.7207, 67.2138

## Achromatomaly

58.8231, 61.6570, 73.7664

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 59.5265, 62.1109, 85.9420 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(195, 207, 233) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 207, 233)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 207, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 207, 233) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 59.5265, 62.1109, 85.9420 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

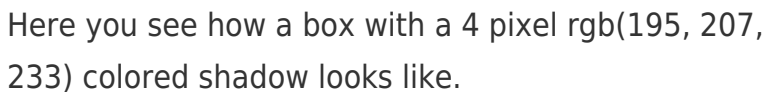
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 207, 233) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 207, 233) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(195, 207, 233)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 207, 233); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 207, 233); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 207, 233) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 59.5265, 62.1109, 85.9420 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 207, 233) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195,  
207, 233) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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