

# Converting Colors

XYZ(59.4062, 64.4370, 60.9363)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(59.4062, 64.4370, 60.9363)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(59.4062, 64.4370,  
60.9363)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D0D4C3
RGB	208, 212, 195
RGB Percent	82%, 83%, 76%
CMY	0.1843, 0.1686, 0.2353
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.08, 0.17
HSL	74°, 17%, 80%
HSV	74°, 8%, 83%
XYZ	59.4062, 64.4370, 60.9363
YIQ	208.8660, 3.0730, -6.1350

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

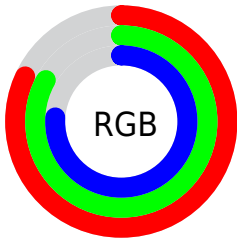
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">195, 212, 199</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">13685955</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">84.19, -4.37, 7.93</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">84, 9.052, 118.844</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">64.4370, 0.3215, 0.3487</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291876035 (0xFFD0D4C3)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">208.8660, -6.8359, -0.7595</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">80.2727, -8.3773, 11.1828</a>

# Details

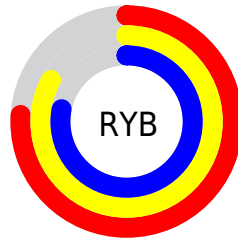
The XYZ color **59.4062, 64.4370, 60.9363** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **54.9545, 55.9276, 70.1895**, and the grayscale version is **60.5602, 63.7141, 69.3846**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94.5707, 99.8083, 106.3760**, and **30.1911, 32.9071, 29.9598** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.7962, 62.8355, 49.1305**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63.4043, 66.2031, 74.5395**.

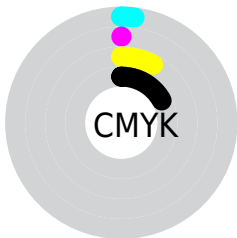
# Distribution



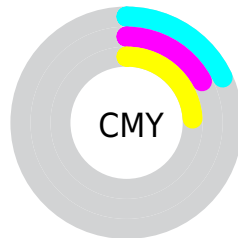
- Red (82%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (17%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 59.4062, 64.4370, 60.9363 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 59.4062, 64.4370, 60.9363 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 59.4062, 64.4370,  
60.9363

■ 59.4062, 64.4370,  
60.9363

412.2755,  
440.7660, 445.9405

■ 43.1878, 47.0047,  
43.7435

103.0791,  
111.2400, 107.7433

■ 30.2277, 33.0394,  
30.1332

131.2642,  
141.3796, 138.1947

■ 20.1604, 22.1566,  
19.6868

164.1691,  
176.5237, 173.9026

■ 12.6206, 13.9720,  
11.9858

202.1589,  
217.0567, 215.2857

■ 7.2430, 8.1012,  
6.6116

245.5991,  
263.3631, 262.7625

■ 3.6622, 4.1598,  
3.1457

294.8551,

■ 1.5129, 1.7633,

315.8271, 316.7516

1.1695

350.2921,  
374.8333, 377.6714

■ 0.3346, 0.4642,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 59.4062, 64.4370,  
60.9363

■ 59.4062, 64.4370,  
60.9363

■ 55.7962, 62.8355,  
49.1305

■ 63.4043, 66.2031,  
74.5395

■ 52.5544, 61.3842,  
39.0427

■ 67.7991, 68.1309,  
90.0067

■ 49.6669, 60.0796,  
30.5940

■ 72.0197, 69.9942,  
104.3221

■ 47.1166, 58.9149,  
23.6973

■ 73.5806, 70.7989,  
104.3952

■ 44.8853, 57.8827,  
18.2577

■ 75.1873, 71.6272,  
104.4704

■ 42.9525, 56.9748,  
14.1700

■ 76.8402, 72.4792,  
104.5477

■ 41.2950, 56.1818,  
11.3147

■ 78.5395, 73.3552,  
104.6272

■ 39.8858, 55.4929,  
9.5513

■ 80.2856, 74.2554,  
104.7090

■ 38.6858, 54.8924,  
8.6769

■ 82.0790, 75.1800,  
104.7929

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.3232, 64.4370, 59.7011



59.4062, 64.4370, 60.9363



58.0084, 64.4370, 64.6078

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.4062, 64.4370, 60.9363



59.2744, 64.4370, 80.0294



65.1772, 64.4370, 70.3837

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.4062, 64.4370, 60.9363



54.9545, 55.9276, 70.1895

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.6007, 64.4370, 76.0235



59.4062, 64.4370, 60.9363



61.1678, 64.4370, 81.7762

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.4062, 64.4370, 60.9363



57.9335, 64.4370, 75.6176



63.1222, 64.4370, 80.2725



64.6812, 64.4370, 64.9733



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.4062, 64.4370, 60.9363



57.5441, 64.4370, 68.0485



63.1222, 64.4370, 80.2725



65.1022, 64.4370, 72.3167

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.4080, 64.4398, 60.9377



93.7992, 99.4488, 104.6121



57.4197, 58.7707, 59.9482



20.0900, 21.2919, 22.4362



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.4080, 64.4398, 60.9377



89.0379, 97.3439, 88.5918



57.0909, 63.2453, 60.8293



13.1737, 14.3657, 13.2392



23.8352, 33.8638, 5.2801



1.5084, 2.0790, 0.3218



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.9545, 55.9276, 70.1895



80.6358, 81.2840, 106.0472



57.2637, 57.1180, 70.2975



12.0136, 12.1484, 15.6492



8.2206, 3.3904, 38.6743

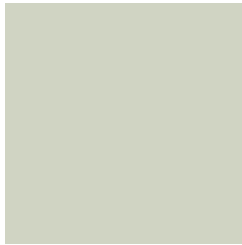


0.5703, 0.2429, 2.3361



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 59.4062, 64.4370, 60.9363 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

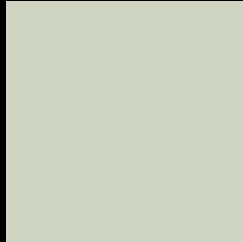
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 59.4062, 64.4370, 60.9363 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

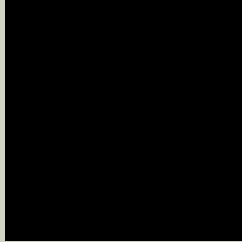
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

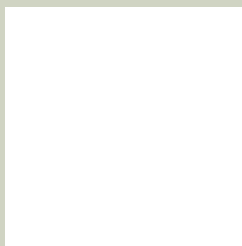
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 59.4062, 64.4370, 60.9363**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 59.4062, 64.4370, 60.9363.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 59.4062, 64.4370,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

59.4062, 64.4370, 60.9363

### Protanopia

61.0414, 64.2029, 59.6272

### Deuteranopia

65.6949, 64.4053, 61.7923



## Tritanopia

63.1618, 64.4906, 79.6400

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

59.4062, 64.4370, 60.9363

## Protanomaly

60.5158, 64.2844, 60.2575

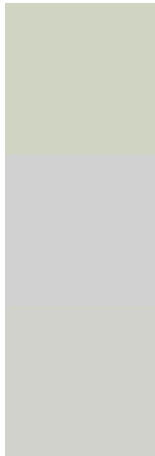
## Deuteranomaly

63.0864, 64.1357, 61.2790

## Tritanomaly

61.6747, 64.2539, 72.1024

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

59.4062, 64.4370, 60.9363

## Achromatopsia

60.6036, 63.7597, 69.4343

## Achromatomaly

60.2402, 64.0081, 66.3065

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 59.4062, 64.4370, 60.9363 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(208, 212, 195) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(208, 212, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 212, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(208, 212, 195) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 59.4062, 64.4370, 60.9363 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(208, 212, 195) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(208, 212, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(208, 212, 195)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 212, 195); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 212, 195); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 212, 195) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 59.4062, 64.4370, 60.9363 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(208, 212, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(208,  
212, 195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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