

# Converting Colors

XYZ(59.4205, 49.6260, 53.8433)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(59.4205, 49.6260, 53.8433)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(59.4944, 49.5958, 54.0142)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(59.4944, 49.5958,  
54.0142)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F3A5BC
RGB	243, 165, 188
RGB Percent	95%, 65%, 74%
CMY	0.0471, 0.3529, 0.2627
CMYK	0.00, 0.32, 0.23, 0.05
HSL	342°, 76%, 80%
HSV	342°, 32%, 95%
XYZ	59.4944, 49.5958, 54.0142
YIQ	190.9440, 39.1050, 23.6890

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

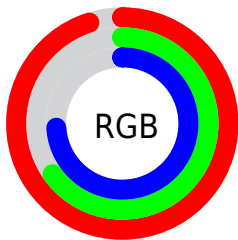
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	243, 165, 188
Decimal	15967676
CIE Lab	75.82, 31.93, -0.01
CIE LCh	76, 31.932, 359.978
Yxy	49.5958, 0.3648, 0.3041
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294157756 (0xFFFF3A5BC)
YUV	190.9440, -1.4514, 45.6531
Hunter-Lab	70.4243, 27.5542, 3.8226

# Details

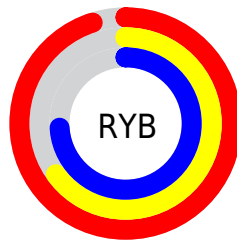
The XYZ color **59.4944, 49.5958, 54.0142** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **60.4881, 77.2691, 79.4403**, and the grayscale version is **49.4823, 52.0592, 56.6925**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83.4256, 79.5046, 96.5369**, and **30.1749, 23.6519, 25.8966** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53.7818, 40.9531, 43.5310**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66.2618, 59.9962, 65.9323**.

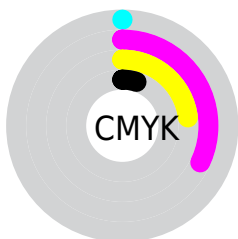
# Distribution



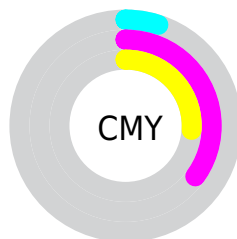
- Red (95%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (26%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 59.4944, 49.5958, 54.0142 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 59.4944, 49.5958, 54.0142 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 59.4944, 49.5958,  
54.0142


 59.4944, 49.5958,  
54.0142


412.5963,  
385.0832, 419.3403

 43.2591, 35.0923,  
38.2198


 103.2064, 89.5757,  
97.5517

 30.2839, 23.7340,  
25.8501

 131.4139,  
115.8209, 126.1319

 20.2033, 15.1364,  
16.4868


164.3428,  
146.7489, 159.8110

 12.6520, 8.9152,  
9.7112

202.3584,  
182.7440, 199.0076

 7.2647, 4.6859,  
5.1048

245.8263,  
224.1905, 244.1404

 3.6760, 2.0642,  
2.2491

295.1116,

 1.5205, 0.6444,

271.4730, 295.6277

0.7025

350.5799,  
324.9757, 353.8882

■ 0.3397, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 59.4944, 49.5958,  
54.0142

■ 59.4944, 49.5958,  
54.0142

■ 53.7818, 40.9531,  
43.5310

■ 66.2618, 59.9962,  
65.9323

■ 49.0649, 33.9635,  
34.4236

■ 74.1307, 72.2374,  
79.3350

■ 45.2849, 28.5220,  
26.6330

■ 83.1500, 86.4054,  
94.2733

■ 42.3751, 24.5085,  
20.0946

■ 90.7723, 97.7948,  
108.6998

■ 40.2590, 21.7853,  
14.7375

■ 38.8458, 20.1864,  
10.4823

■ 38.1204, 19.5180,  
7.8283

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.7244, 49.5958, 72.0563



59.4944, 49.5958, 54.0142



57.7295, 49.5958, 39.2644

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.4944, 49.5958, 54.0142



41.6650, 49.5958, 30.3536



41.6579, 49.5958, 87.5225

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.4944, 49.5958, 54.0142



60.4881, 77.2691, 79.4403

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.9306, 49.5958, 72.0295



59.4944, 49.5958, 54.0142



37.9344, 49.5958, 39.2464

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



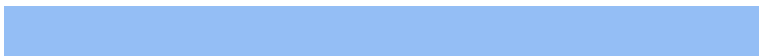
59.4944, 49.5958, 54.0142



47.1438, 49.5958, 27.4725



36.6253, 49.5958, 53.9886



47.1348, 49.5958, 93.7123



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.4944, 49.5958, 54.0142



54.8641, 49.5958, 32.6440



36.6253, 49.5958, 53.9886



40.1760, 49.5958, 83.0892

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.4958, 49.5981, 54.0152



84.6866, 83.6912, 91.8252



59.0289, 48.5372, 91.0519



17.8372, 17.4606, 19.1707



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.4958, 49.5981, 54.0152



61.7964, 48.3835, 51.9094



60.1981, 54.6589, 42.9776



16.7001, 16.5629, 18.1674



20.9729, 10.7326, 4.5659



1.8864, 0.9605, 0.6283



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.4958, 49.5981, 54.0152



61.7964, 48.3835, 51.9094



59.2751, 69.6292, 95.1101



16.7001, 16.5629, 18.1674



20.9729, 10.7326, 4.5659



1.8864, 0.9605, 0.6283



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 59.4944, 49.5958, 54.0142 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

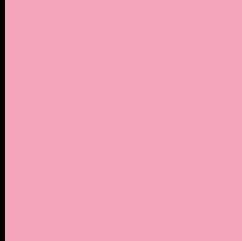
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 59.4944, 49.5958, 54.0142 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 59.4944, 49.5958, 54.0142**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 59.4944, 49.5958, 54.0142.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 59.4944, 49.5958,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

59.4944, 49.5958, 54.0142

### Protanopia

48.4777, 49.8527, 61.7111

### Deuteranopia

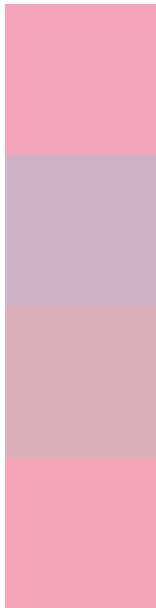
50.7344, 49.6723, 52.8127



## Tritanopia

58.3909, 49.4044, 49.1063

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

59.4944, 49.5958, 54.0142

## Protanomaly

51.6163, 49.0917, 58.9797

## Deuteranomaly

53.4063, 49.2652, 53.1487

## Tritanomaly

58.6977, 49.5271, 50.7219

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

59.4944, 49.5958, 54.0142

## Achromatopsia

49.5206, 52.0996, 56.7364

## Achromatomaly

52.6006, 50.8752, 55.7628

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 59.4944, 49.5958, 54.0142 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(243, 165, 188)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 165, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 165, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 165, 188) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 59.4944, 49.5958, 54.0142 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 165, 188) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 165, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(243, 165, 188)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(243, 165, 188); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 165, 188);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 165,  
188) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 59.4944, 49.5958, 54.0142 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 165, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243,  
165, 188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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