

# Converting Colors

XYZ(59.5028, 62.8695, 68.1102)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(59.5028, 62.8695, 68.1102)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(59.5505, 62.8821, 68.0303)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	27
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# **Color**

**XYZ(59.5505, 62.8821,  
68.0303)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CFD0CF
RGB	207, 208, 207
RGB Percent	81%, 82%, 81%
CMY	0.1882, 0.1843, 0.1882
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	120°, 1%, 81%
HSV	120°, 0%, 82%
XYZ	59.5505, 62.8821, 68.0303
YIQ	207.5870, -0.2750, -0.5230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

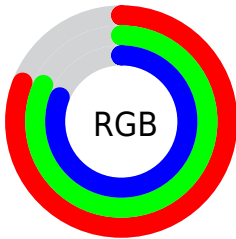
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	207, 208, 208
Decimal	13619407
CIE Lab	83.38, -0.52, 0.37
CIE LCh	83, 0.635, 144.829
Yxy	62.8821, 0.3127, 0.3302
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291809487 (0xFFCFD0CF)
YUV	207.5870, -0.2894, -0.5148
Hunter-Lab	79.2982, -4.7240, 4.6436

# Details

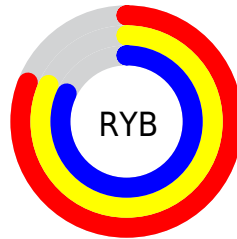
The XYZ color **59.5505, 62.8821, 68.0303** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **59.7127, 62.5913, 68.6118**, and the grayscale version is **59.6904, 62.7989, 68.3880**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **30.4422, 32.1834, 34.7445** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.7402, 59.1323, 55.2532**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.4649, 67.1660, 82.6106**.

# Distribution



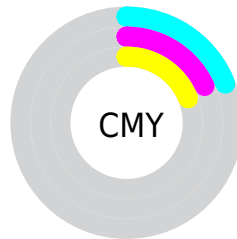
- Red (81%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (19%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 59.5505, 62.8821, 68.0303 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 59.5505, 62.8821, 68.0303 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 59.5505, 62.8821,  
68.0303

■ 59.5505, 62.8821,  
68.0303

412.8003,  
435.1415, 472.2043

■ 43.3045, 45.7458,  
49.4555

103.2874,  
108.9994, 118.0501

■ 30.3197, 32.0453,  
34.6128

131.5090,  
138.7492, 150.3322

■ 20.2306, 21.3961,  
23.0836

164.4532,  
173.4724, 188.0206

■ 12.6720, 13.4138,  
14.4494

202.4853,  
213.5532, 231.5337

■ 7.2785, 7.7141,  
8.2916

245.9707,  
259.3761, 281.2901

■ 3.6848, 3.9126,  
4.1916

295.2748,

■ 1.5254, 1.6248,

311.3256, 337.7083

1.7311

350.7629,  
369.7859, 401.2069

■ 0.3430, 0.3742,  
0.3819

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 59.5505, 62.8821,  
68.0303

■ 59.5505, 62.8821,  
68.0303

■ 51.7402, 59.1323,  
55.2532

■ 68.4649, 67.1660,  
82.6106

■ 44.9861, 55.8879,  
44.2052

■ 78.5186, 71.9952,  
99.0559

■ 39.2444, 53.1299,  
34.8133

■ 81.8471, 73.5941,  
104.4990

■ 34.4664, 50.8348,  
26.9979

■ 30.5993, 48.9772,  
20.6725

■ 27.5852, 47.5294,  
15.7425

■ 25.3597, 46.4604,  
12.1025

■ 23.8492, 45.7348,  
9.6319

■ 22.9661, 45.3106,  
8.1878

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.6560, 62.8821, 67.7793



59.5505, 62.8821, 68.0303



59.5032, 62.8821, 68.3993

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.5505, 62.8821, 68.0303



59.7436, 62.8821, 69.2290



60.0091, 62.8821, 68.1487

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.5505, 62.8821, 68.0303



59.7127, 62.5913, 68.6118

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.0327, 62.8821, 68.5366



59.5505, 62.8821, 68.0303



59.8793, 62.8821, 69.1612

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.5505, 62.8821, 68.0303



59.6146, 62.8821, 69.0922



59.9851, 62.8821, 68.9074



59.9208, 62.8821, 67.8474



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.5505, 62.8821, 68.0303



59.5109, 62.8821, 68.6630



59.9851, 62.8821, 68.9074



60.0249, 62.8821, 68.2732

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.5523, 62.8848, 68.0317

95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000



59.8294, 63.0216, 68.0435



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.5523, 62.8848, 68.0317



93.7102, 99.3564, 106.7084



59.6117, 62.9086, 68.3445



13.1310, 13.9146, 14.9588



14.0582, 28.1162, 4.6860



0.7861, 1.5721, 0.2620



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.7127, 62.5913, 68.6118



94.2418, 98.3838, 108.6306



59.6531, 62.5674, 68.2979



13.2003, 13.7879, 15.2093



23.3063, 11.1951, 38.1250

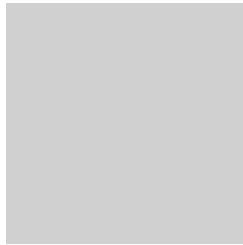


1.3032, 0.6260, 2.1317



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 59.5505, 62.8821, 68.0303 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

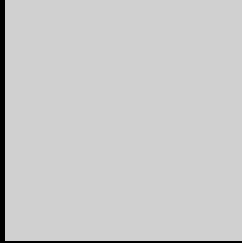
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 59.5505, 62.8821, 68.0303 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

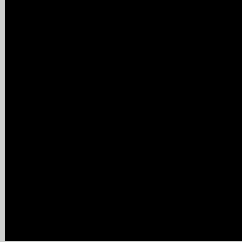
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

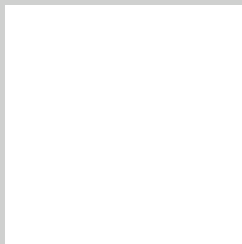


**XYZ 59.5505, 62.8821, 68.0303**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 59.5505, 62.8821, 68.0303.



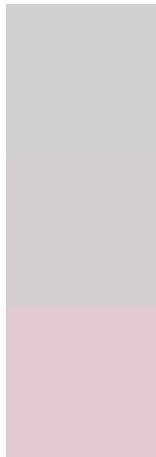
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 59.5505, 62.8821,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

59.5505, 62.8821, 68.0303

### Protanopia

60.6048, 63.0789, 67.3738

### Deuteranopia

63.9504, 62.6582, 68.3982



## Tritanopia

61.5506, 62.9718, 78.0180

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

59.5505, 62.8821, 68.0303

## Protanomaly

60.0317, 62.7835, 67.3469

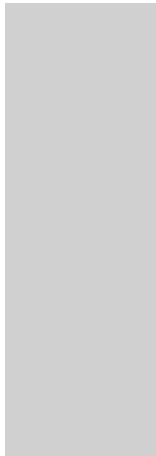
## Deuteranomaly

62.4932, 62.9554, 68.5324

## Tritanomaly

60.8496, 63.0453, 74.6075

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

59.5505, 62.8821, 68.0303

## Achromatopsia

59.9535, 63.0757, 68.6895

## Achromatomaly

59.9535, 63.0757, 68.6895

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 59.5505, 62.8821, 68.0303 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(207, 208, 207) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(207, 208, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(207, 208, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(207, 208, 207) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 59.5505, 62.8821, 68.0303 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(207, 208, 207) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(207, 208, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(207, 208, 207)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(207, 208, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 208, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 208,  
207) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 59.5505, 62.8821, 68.0303 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(207, 208, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(207,  
208, 207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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