

# Converting Colors

XYZ(59.5176, 28.9352, 97.0559)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(59.5176, 28.9352, 97.0559)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(59.5229, 28.9457,  
97.0576)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF13FF
RGB	255, 19, 255
RGB Percent	100%, 7%, 100%
CMY	0.0000, 0.9254, 0.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.93, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	300°, 100%, 54%
HSV	300°, 93%, 100%
XYZ	59.5229, 28.9457, 97.0576
YIQ	116.4680, 64.9000, 123.4280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

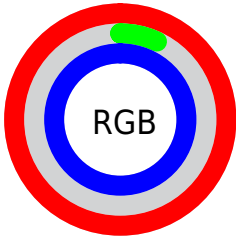
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 19, 255
Decimal	16716799
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	60.73, 97.03, -60.18
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	61, 114.177, 328.191
Yxy	28.9457, 0.3208, 0.1560
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294906879 (0xFFFF13FF)
YUV	116.4680, 68.2963, 121.4926
Hunter-Lab	53.8012, 103.3311, -69.2986

# Details

The XYZ color **59.5229, 28.9457, 97.0576** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF00FF**. The color can be described as light washed magenta. A complement of this color would be **36.1469, 71.7058, 12.5528**, and the grayscale version is **16.5317, 17.3926, 18.9406**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64.7586, 39.4173, 98.8029**, and **32.0704, 15.3687, 54.0995** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.2900, 28.4800, 96.9800**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.2104, 30.3209, 97.2868**.

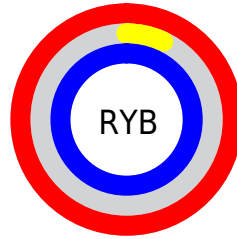
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (7%)

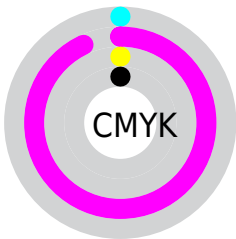
Blue (100%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (7%)

Blue (100%)

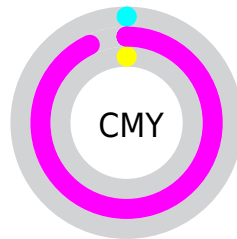


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (93%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (93%)


Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 59.5229, 28.9457, 97.0576 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 59.5229, 28.9457, 97.0576 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 59.5229, 28.9457,  
97.0576

 59.5229, 28.9457,  
97.0576

412.6999,  
296.9587, 571.8831

 43.2822, 19.0397,  
73.2424

 103.2476, 57.9908,  
159.1242


 30.3021, 11.6990,  
53.6811


 131.4622, 77.8987,  
198.2126


 20.2172, 6.5391,  
37.9554

 164.3989,  
101.9095, 243.2292

 12.6622, 3.1756,  
25.6465

 202.4229,  
130.4074, 294.5924

 7.2717, 1.2241,  
16.3360

 245.8997,  
163.7768, 352.7209

 3.6805, 0.0812,  
9.6053

295.1945,

 1.5230, 0.0000,

202.4023, 418.0332

5.0359

350.6728,  
246.6681, 490.9477

■ 0.3414, 0.0000,  
2.2092

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.6797

■ 59.5229, 28.9457,  
97.0576

■ 59.5229, 28.9457,  
97.0576

■ 59.2900, 28.4800,  
96.9800

■ 60.2104, 30.3209,  
97.2868

■ 61.4819, 32.8637,  
97.7106

■ 63.4299, 36.7597,  
98.3600

■ 66.1307, 42.1614,  
99.2602

69.6503, 49.2007,  
100.4334

74.0477, 57.9954,  
101.8992

79.3762, 68.6524,  
103.6754

85.6849, 81.2699,  
105.7783

93.0197, 95.9394,  
108.2232

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.2867, 28.9457, 172.0125



59.5229, 28.9457, 97.0576



66.9461, 28.9457, 34.1630

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.5229, 28.9457, 97.0576



28.4211, 28.9457, 0.0000



9.2655, 28.9457, 87.9188

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.5229, 28.9457, 97.0576



36.1469, 71.7058, 12.5528

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



7.7299, 28.9457, 29.0111



59.5229, 28.9457, 97.0576



16.1276, 28.9457, 0.2853

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.5229, 28.9457, 97.0576



45.4280, 28.9457, 0.5372



9.7076, 28.9457, 5.1052



15.0611, 28.9457, 164.1522



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.5229, 28.9457, 97.0576



64.4277, 28.9457, 12.2894



9.7076, 28.9457, 5.1052



8.3506, 28.9457, 64.4718

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.5233, 28.9467, 97.0578



76.3475, 62.5950, 102.6658



18.5524, 7.8254, 95.1404



15.8725, 12.4599, 21.8184



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.5233, 28.9467, 97.0578



59.2900, 28.4800, 96.9800



45.9897, 23.5332, 25.7905



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.5233, 28.9467, 97.0578



59.2900, 28.4800, 96.9800



40.5454, 73.4653, 35.7153



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 59.5229, 28.9457, 97.0576 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

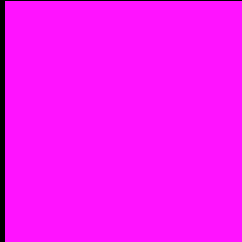
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 59.5229, 28.9457, 97.0576 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 59.5229, 28.9457, 97.0576**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 59.5229, 28.9457, 97.0576.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 59.5229, 28.9457,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

59.5229, 28.9457, 97.0576

### Protanopia

32.6394, 29.5462, 98.5904

### Deuteranopia

30.2817, 29.2826, 86.4942



## Tritanopia

42.9571, 28.7408, 17.4708

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

59.5229, 28.9457, 97.0576



## Protanomaly

35.6487, 22.9160, 97.1521



## Deuteranomaly

33.4330, 22.0965, 88.8891



## Tritanomaly

46.3424, 26.4922, 36.3892

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

59.5229, 28.9457, 97.0576



## Achromatopsia

16.6002, 17.4647, 19.0191



## Achromatomaly

25.8538, 16.8904, 38.4567

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 59.5229, 28.9457, 97.0576 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 19, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 19, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 19, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 19, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 59.5229, 28.9457, 97.0576 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 19, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 19, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 19, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 19, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 19, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 19,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 59.5229, 28.9457, 97.0576 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 19, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 19,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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