

# Converting Colors

XYZ(59.5401, 70.5079, 54.1873)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(59.5401, 70.5079, 54.1873)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(59.6290, 70.5537,  
54.1915)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C8E3B5
RGB	200, 227, 181
RGB Percent	78%, 89%, 71%
CMY	0.2157, 0.1098, 0.2902
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.20, 0.11
HSL	95°, 45%, 80%
HSV	95°, 20%, 89%
XYZ	59.6290, 70.5537, 54.1915
YIQ	213.6830, -1.3260, -20.0300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

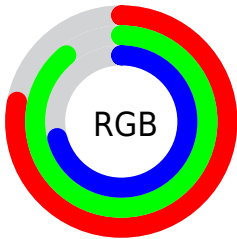
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	181, 227, 208
Decimal	13165493
CIELab	87.27, -17.09, 19.55
CIElCh	87, 25.966, 131.153
Yxy	70.5537, 0.3234, 0.3827
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291355573 (0xFFC8E3B5)
YUV	213.6830, -16.1127, -12.0000
Hunter-Lab	83.9962, -20.2762, 20.5455

# Details

The XYZ color **59.6290, 70.5537, 54.1915** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **56.4042, 52.0056, 79.7420**, and the grayscale version is **63.8105, 67.1336, 73.1085**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.2861, 98.8944, 94.3453**, and **30.5029, 37.1746, 25.9898** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.0823, 67.9439, 42.7480**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.8692, 73.4813, 67.6514**.

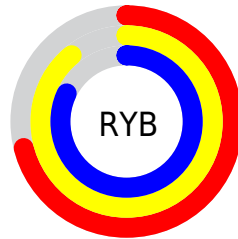
# Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (89%)

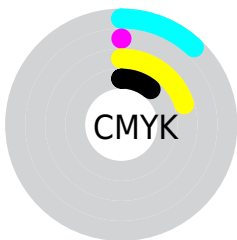
Blue (71%)



Red (71%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (82%)

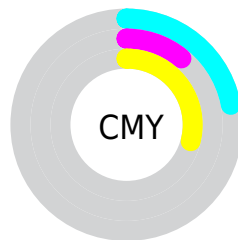


Cyan (12%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (29%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 59.6290, 70.5537, 54.1915 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 59.6290, 70.5537, 54.1915 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 59.6290, 70.5537,  
54.1915

■ 59.6290, 70.5537,  
54.1915

413.0856,  
462.4918, 420.0351

■ 43.3680, 51.9781,  
38.3606

■ 103.4007,  
119.9980, 97.8146

■ 30.3697, 36.9876,  
25.9587

131.6421,  
151.6355, 126.4438

■ 20.2689, 25.1979,  
16.5672

164.6077,  
188.3957, 160.1763

■ 12.7000, 16.2245,  
9.7677

202.6628,  
230.6631, 199.4304

■ 7.2979, 9.6832,  
5.1416

246.1728,  
278.8220, 244.6248

■ 3.6971, 5.1894,  
2.2704

295.5030,

■ 1.5322, 2.3588,

333.2568, 296.1781

0.7146

351.0188,  
394.3519, 354.5086

■ 0.3476, 0.8046,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 59.6290, 70.5537,  
54.1915

■ 59.6290, 70.5537,  
54.1915

■ 54.0823, 67.9439,  
42.7480

■ 65.8692, 73.4813,  
67.6514

■ 49.1973, 65.6315,  
33.2193

■ 72.8221, 76.7284,  
83.2137

■ 44.9477, 63.6072,  
25.5018

■ 80.5129, 80.3082,  
100.9647

■ 41.3033, 61.8579,  
19.4804

■ 86.1386, 83.1004,  
106.1077

■ 38.2308, 60.3693,  
15.0265

■ 86.7605, 83.4210,  
106.1368

■ 35.6928, 59.1255,  
11.9935

■ 33.6465, 58.1080,  
10.2067

■ 32.0612, 57.3076,  
9.3717

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.8147, 70.5537, 48.3391



59.6290, 70.5537, 54.1915



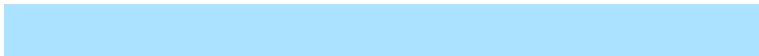
56.5547, 70.5537, 66.4671

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.6290, 70.5537, 54.1915



63.3391, 70.5537, 113.2207



79.2446, 70.5537, 70.5015

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.6290, 70.5537, 54.1915



56.4042, 52.0056, 79.7420

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



78.7900, 70.5537, 88.1979



59.6290, 70.5537, 54.1915



69.3549, 70.5537, 114.7392

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.6290, 70.5537, 54.1915



58.6053, 70.5537, 101.1292



75.0823, 70.5537, 105.0082



76.2893, 70.5537, 56.7581



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.6290, 70.5537, 54.1915



55.9970, 70.5537, 77.4993



75.0823, 70.5537, 105.0082



79.4900, 70.5537, 76.1467

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.6309, 70.5568, 54.1930



89.4563, 97.3897, 96.2878



62.5370, 64.7004, 52.9095



19.0215, 20.7866, 20.3289



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

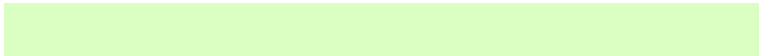


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.6309, 70.5568, 54.1930



74.7112, 90.4778, 64.4475



55.2666, 68.2608, 56.0708



14.7503, 16.3784, 15.2884



18.8226, 33.4849, 5.4712



1.4944, 2.5278, 0.4091



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.4042, 52.0056, 79.7420



69.8421, 62.4921, 102.9888



61.5469, 54.7172, 77.2510



14.3895, 14.3030, 18.1467



13.8861, 6.2245, 42.8527

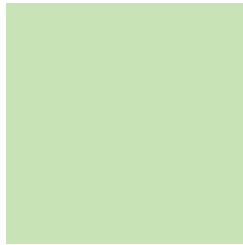


1.1311, 0.5141, 3.1716



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 59.6290, 70.5537, 54.1915 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

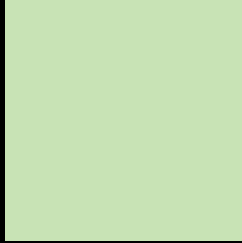
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 59.6290, 70.5537, 54.1915 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

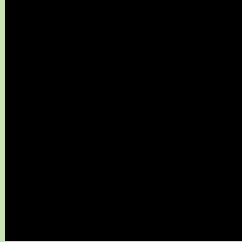
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 59.6290, 70.5537, 54.1915

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 59.6290, 70.5537, 54.1915.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 59.6290, 70.5537,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

59.6290, 70.5537, 54.1915

### Protanopia

65.9622, 70.3061, 51.6888

### Deuteranopia

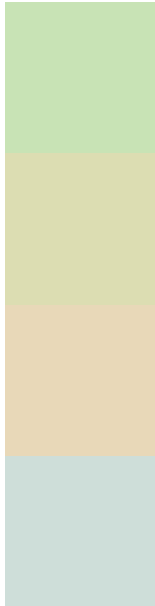
71.5872, 70.1052, 55.6575



## Tritanopia

66.9121, 70.3328, 90.1697

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

59.6290, 70.5537, 54.1915

**Protanomaly**

63.4075, 70.1429, 52.3165

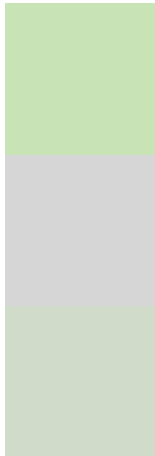
**Deuteranomaly**

66.4863, 69.7282, 55.3021

**Tritanomaly**

64.0993, 70.3741, 75.8508

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

59.6290, 70.5537, 54.1915

**Achromatopsia**

63.9157, 67.2443, 73.2291

**Achromatomaly**

62.2867, 68.4826, 65.8127

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 59.6290, 70.5537, 54.1915 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 227, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 227, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 227, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 227, 181) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 59.6290, 70.5537, 54.1915 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 227, 181) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 227, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 227, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 227, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 227, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 227,  
181) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 59.6290, 70.5537, 54.1915 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 227, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
227, 181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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