

# Converting Colors

XYZ(59.5605, 52.9956, 23.1629)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(59.5605, 52.9956, 23.1629)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(59.6645, 53.1577,  
23.3355)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFAF73
RGB	255, 175, 115
RGB Percent	100%, 69%, 45%
CMY	0.0000, 0.3137, 0.5490
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 0.55, 0.00
HSL	26°, 100%, 73%
HSV	26°, 55%, 100%
XYZ	59.6645, 53.1577, 23.3355
YIQ	192.0800, 66.9400, -1.7000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

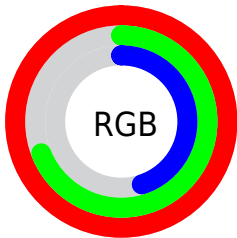
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 220, 115
Decimal	16756595
CIE Lab	77.97, 23.08, 42.33
CIE LCh	78, 48.211, 61.394
Yxy	53.1577, 0.4382, 0.3904
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294946675 (0xFFFFAF73)
YUV	192.0800, -38.0004, 55.1808
Hunter-Lab	72.9093, 18.4821, 32.0601

# Details

The XYZ color **59.6645, 53.1577, 23.3355** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9966**. A complement of this color would be **44.6344, 49.8929, 101.8853**, and the grayscale version is **50.3385, 52.9600, 57.6734**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76.8838, 81.2390, 48.6743**, and **30.4193, 25.9028, 8.3975** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.7108, 47.2828, 15.7523**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64.3326, 59.8122, 33.1597**.

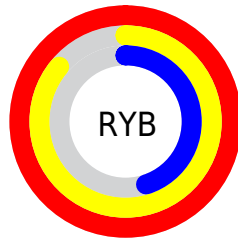
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (69%)

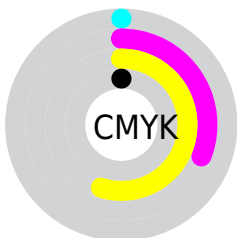
Blue (45%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (86%)

Blue (45%)

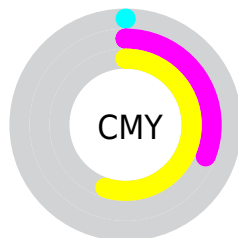


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (55%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (31%)


Yellow (55%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 59.6645, 53.1577, 23.3355 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 59.6645, 53.1577, 23.3355 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 59.6645, 53.1577,  
23.3355


 59.6645, 53.1577,  
23.3355


413.2146,  
398.8899, 282.6211

 43.3967, 37.9287,  
14.6338


 103.4519, 94.8364,  
49.8738

 30.3924, 25.9273,  
8.4190


 131.7023,  
122.0548, 68.5475

 20.2861, 16.7693,  
4.2726


 164.6775,  
154.0385, 91.3822

 12.7127, 10.0701,  
1.7761

202.7430,  
191.1719, 118.7966

 7.3066, 5.4455,  
0.4121

246.2641,  
233.8393, 151.2091

 3.7026, 2.5109,  
0.0000

295.6062,

 1.5353, 0.8821,

282.4252, 189.0384

0.0000

351.1346,  
337.3139, 232.7028

■ 0.3497, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 59.6645, 53.1577,  
23.3355

■ 59.6645, 53.1577,  
23.3355

■ 55.7108, 47.2828,  
15.7523

■ 64.3326, 59.8122,  
33.1597

■ 52.4236, 42.1466,  
10.2229


■ 69.7509, 67.2690,  
45.3853


■ 49.7539, 37.7153,  
6.5339

■ 75.9572, 75.5596,  
60.1614

■ 47.6418, 33.9476,  
4.4224

■ 82.9851, 84.7109,  
77.6240

 46.7401, 32.2605,  
3.7634

 90.8663, 94.7488,  
97.8993

95.0499, 99.9999,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67.5431, 53.1577, 34.9201



59.6645, 53.1577, 23.3355



50.0871, 53.1577, 20.0674

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.6645, 53.1577, 23.3355



34.5494, 53.1577, 59.1461



60.5180, 53.1577, 114.1378

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.6645, 53.1577, 23.3355



44.6344, 49.8929, 101.8853

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.9651, 53.1577, 126.4254



59.6645, 53.1577, 23.3355



36.6360, 53.1577, 89.1841

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.6645, 53.1577, 23.3355



36.2828, 53.1577, 36.4981



42.3696, 53.1577, 116.1263



68.0773, 53.1577, 86.3105



# Rectangle

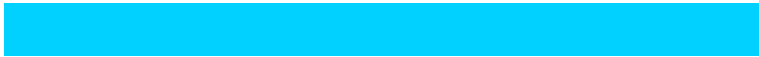
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.6645, 53.1577, 23.3355



44.2251, 53.1577, 21.8684



42.3696, 53.1577, 116.1263



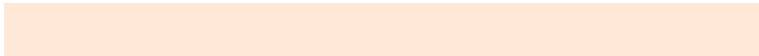
57.3961, 53.1577, 120.5506

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.6658, 53.1603, 23.3365



82.1719, 83.6626, 75.5699



57.4108, 37.5379, 56.8433



17.2679, 17.4930, 15.3708



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.6658, 53.1603, 23.3365



55.3179, 46.6829, 15.0478



76.4849, 86.7986, 28.9429



18.6495, 19.2672, 18.8803



24.5640, 17.1392, 2.0135

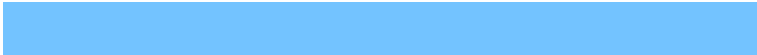


2.4975, 1.8804, 0.2313



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.6344, 49.8929, 101.8853



38.8581, 43.0430, 100.8678



32.6671, 25.9582, 97.8961



17.8647, 19.1010, 22.9952



14.9299, 14.7693, 51.4985



1.5622, 1.6550, 5.0504



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 59.6645, 53.1577, 23.3355 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 59.6645, 53.1577, 23.3355 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

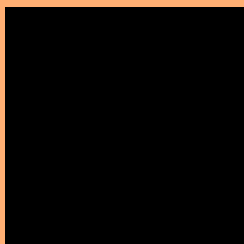
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 59.6645, 53.1577, 23.3355**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 59.6645, 53.1577, 23.3355.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 59.6645, 53.1577,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

59.6645, 53.1577, 23.3355

### Protanopia

49.1612, 53.2467, 26.0989

### Deuteranopia

54.3821, 53.1354, 23.0127



## Tritanopia

63.7685, 52.9721, 50.5797

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

59.6645, 53.1577, 23.3355

## Protanomaly

52.2527, 52.6185, 24.8551

## Deuteranomaly

56.1791, 53.1399, 23.2157

## Tritanomaly

61.8887, 52.8201, 38.8317

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

59.6645, 53.1577, 23.3355

## Achromatopsia

50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028

## Achromatomaly

52.2841, 52.2452, 42.4506

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 59.6645, 53.1577, 23.3355 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 175, 115)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 175, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 175, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 175, 115) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 59.6645, 53.1577, 23.3355 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 175, 115) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 175, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 175, 115)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 175, 115); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 175, 115);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 175,  
115) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 59.6645, 53.1577, 23.3355 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 175, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
175, 115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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