

# Converting Colors

XYZ(59.5692, 55.8726, 79.7458)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(59.5692, 55.8726, 79.7458)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(59.4422, 55.7536,  
79.5801)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D6BCE2
RGB	214, 188, 226
RGB Percent	84%, 74%, 89%
CMY	0.1608, 0.2627, 0.1137
CMYK	0.05, 0.17, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	281°, 40%, 81%
HSV	281°, 17%, 89%
XYZ	59.4422, 55.7536, 79.5801
YIQ	200.1060, 3.2980, 17.3300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

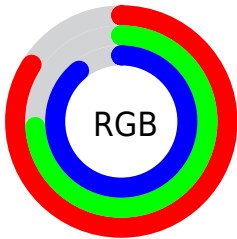
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	214, 188, 226
Decimal	14073058
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	79.47, 16.06, -15.55
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	79, 22.352, 315.936
Yxy	55.7536, 0.3052, 0.2862
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292263138 (0xFFD6BCE2)
YUV	200.1060, 12.7657, 12.1850
Hunter-Lab	74.6683, 11.4313, -10.9223

# Details

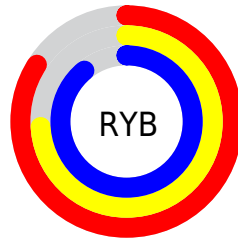
The XYZ color **59.4422, 55.7536, 79.5801** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **60.0950, 70.3044, 57.9825**, and the grayscale version is **54.8889, 57.7474, 62.8869**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.6407, 93.1814, 107.7636**, and **30.3127, 27.6391, 42.2653** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.9500, 45.7934, 78.0006**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66.7850, 67.2776, 81.4183**.

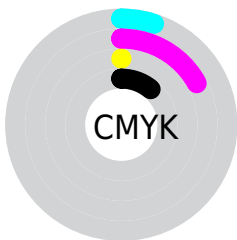
# Distribution



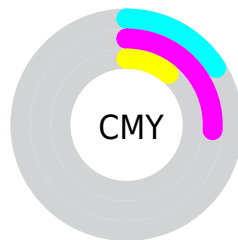
- Red (84%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 59.4422, 55.7536, 79.5801 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 59.4422, 55.7536, 79.5801 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 59.4422, 55.7536,  
79.5801

■ 59.4422, 55.7536,  
79.5801

412.4064,  
408.7623, 513.1860

■ 43.2169, 40.0054,  
58.8487

■ 103.1310, 98.6442,  
134.5813

■ 30.2506, 27.5428,  
42.0722

131.3253,  
126.5554, 169.6882

■ 20.1779, 17.9813,  
28.8318

164.2400,  
159.2898, 210.4240

■ 12.6334, 10.9365,  
18.7091

202.2404,  
197.2317, 257.2073

■ 7.2519, 6.0242,  
11.2856

245.6919,  
240.7654, 310.4566

■ 3.6678, 2.8598,  
6.1427

294.9598,

■ 1.5160, 1.0590,

290.2755, 370.5905

2.8619

350.4095,  
346.1463, 438.0274

■ 0.3367, 0.0000,  
1.0245

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 59.4422, 55.7536,  
79.5801

■ 59.4422, 55.7536,  
79.5801

■ 52.9500, 45.7934,  
78.0006

■ 66.7850, 67.2776,  
81.4183

■ 47.2672, 37.3191,  
76.6644

■ 75.0073, 80.4244,  
83.5225

■ 42.3564, 30.2568,  
75.5601

■ 83.8854, 94.7437,  
85.8185

■ 38.1751, 24.5231,  
74.6738

■ 86.2951, 95.9860,  
85.9313

■ 34.6763, 20.0260,  
73.9901

■ 88.8005, 97.2776,  
86.0485

■ 31.8068, 16.6611,  
73.4919

■ 90.7276, 98.2711,  
86.1387

■ 29.5049, 14.3064,  
73.1587

■ 27.6913, 12.8057,  
72.9646

■ 27.1736, 12.4227,  
72.9180

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.3985, 55.7536, 87.7256



59.4422, 55.7536, 79.5801



61.8173, 55.7536, 66.9161

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.4422, 55.7536, 79.5801



55.1183, 55.7536, 39.7387



45.1151, 55.7536, 67.7524

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.4422, 55.7536, 79.5801



60.0950, 70.3044, 57.9825

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.0496, 55.7536, 54.8929



59.4422, 55.7536, 79.5801



50.6565, 55.7536, 39.8965

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.4422, 55.7536, 79.5801



59.2271, 55.7536, 44.6137



47.0264, 55.7536, 45.0806



47.2109, 55.7536, 80.2664



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.4422, 55.7536, 79.5801



62.0531, 55.7536, 58.1844



47.0264, 55.7536, 45.0806



44.8591, 55.7536, 63.2998

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.4439, 55.7560, 79.5813



89.6507, 91.3775, 107.5203



55.1308, 57.5088, 80.1470



19.0316, 19.3086, 22.9738



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.4439, 55.7560, 79.5813



75.2035, 68.7379, 103.9118



62.1395, 57.2538, 74.8181



13.8520, 13.7073, 17.3034



15.6304, 7.1531, 41.6052



1.1748, 0.5429, 2.8881



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.7746, 56.3079, 62.3646



75.7653, 69.6187, 77.2287



57.7840, 69.0242, 61.8900



13.8847, 13.7715, 15.1629



18.5965, 9.5056, 4.5408



1.3286, 0.6747, 0.5235



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 59.4422, 55.7536, 79.5801 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

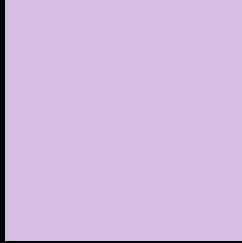
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 59.4422, 55.7536, 79.5801 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

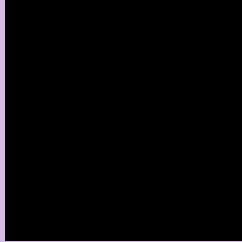
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 59.4422, 55.7536, 79.5801

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 59.4422, 55.7536, 79.5801.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 59.4422, 55.7536,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

59.4422, 55.7536, 79.5801

### Protanopia

55.1741, 55.7469, 83.4535

### Deuteranopia

57.0688, 55.8320, 79.0030



## Tritanopia

56.6353, 55.5667, 66.1330

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

59.4422, 55.7536, 79.5801

## Protanomaly

56.5457, 55.4985, 81.8608

## Deuteranomaly

57.9535, 55.9632, 78.9817

## Tritanomaly

57.5751, 55.6281, 70.6535

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

59.4422, 55.7536, 79.5801

## Achromatopsia

54.8990, 57.7580, 62.8985

## Achromatomaly

56.4254, 57.0624, 68.3618

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 59.4422, 55.7536, 79.5801 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(214, 188, 226) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(214, 188, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 188, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(214, 188, 226) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 59.4422, 55.7536, 79.5801 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

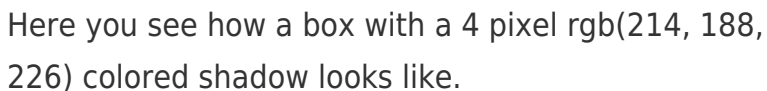
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(214, 188, 226) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(214, 188, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(214, 188, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 188, 226); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 188, 226); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 188, 226) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 59.4422, 55.7536, 79.5801 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(214, 188, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(214,  
188, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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