

# Converting Colors

XYZ(59.6633, 78.7502, 13.3065)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(59.6633, 78.7502, 13.3065)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(59.7364, 78.7922,  
13.2883)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D4F41E
RGB	212, 244, 30
RGB Percent	83%, 96%, 12%
CMY	0.1686, 0.0431, 0.8823
CMYK	0.13, 0.00, 0.88, 0.04
HSL	69°, 91%, 54%
HSV	69°, 88%, 96%
XYZ	59.7364, 78.7922, 13.2883
YIQ	210.0360, 49.6220, -73.3380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

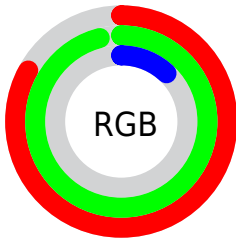
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	30, 244, 62
Decimal	13956126
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	91.14, -33.52, 85.52
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	91, 91.855, 111.404
Yxy	78.7922, 0.3935, 0.5190
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292146206 (0xFFD4F41E)
YUV	210.0360, -88.7577, 1.7224
Hunter-Lab	88.7650, -35.2131, 53.2596

# Details

The XYZ color **59.7364, 78.7922, 13.2883** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFF33**. The color can be described as light washed yellow. A complement of this color would be **18.7828, 8.4863, 86.2409**, and the grayscale version is **61.8271, 65.0469, 70.8361**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.3983, 93.7393, 26.4791**, and **31.1201, 42.7387, 6.6092** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.4941, 78.1780, 12.1681**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61.2434, 79.5208, 15.6627**.

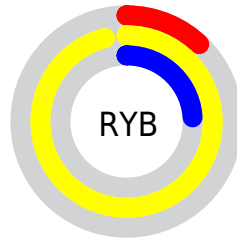
# Distribution



Red (83%)

Green (96%)

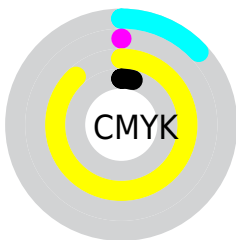
Blue (12%)



Red (12%)

Yellow (96%)

Blue (24%)

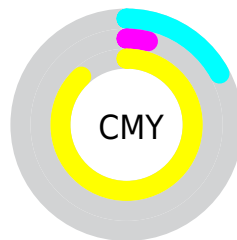


Cyan (13%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (88%)

Black (4%)



Cyan (17%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (88%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 59.7364, 78.7922, 13.2883 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 59.7364, 78.7922, 13.2883 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 59.7364, 78.7922,  
13.2883

■ 59.7364, 78.7922,  
13.2883

413.4758,  
490.8531, 224.0295

■ 43.4548, 58.7250,  
7.4943

■ 103.5557,  
131.6663, 32.5195

■ 30.4382, 42.3918,  
3.6900

■ 131.8242,  
165.2419, 46.7938

■ 20.3212, 29.4082,  
1.4569

■ 164.8190,  
204.0892, 64.7320

■ 12.7383, 19.3898,  
0.1855

■ 202.9055,  
248.5924, 86.7525

■ 7.3244, 11.9523,  
0.0000

■ 246.4491,  
299.1360, 113.2740

■ 3.7139, 6.7112,  
0.0000

295.8151,

■ 1.5416, 3.2821,

356.1044, 144.7150

0.0000

351.3689,  
419.8820, 181.4940

■ 0.3539, 1.2808,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.1262,  
0.0000

■ 59.7364, 78.7922,  
13.2883

■ 59.7364, 78.7922,  
13.2883

■ 58.4941, 78.1780,  
12.1681

■ 61.2434, 79.5208,  
15.6627

■ 58.2273, 78.0440,  
11.9951

■ 63.0605, 80.3733,  
19.5523

■ 65.2271, 81.3684,  
25.1572

■ 67.7756, 82.5191,  
32.6463

70.7342, 83.8366,  
42.1680

74.1285, 85.3313,  
53.8560

77.9819, 87.0124,  
67.8326

82.3160, 88.8887,  
84.2110

87.1511, 90.9683,  
103.0970

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81.7691, 78.7922, 11.2690



59.7364, 78.7922, 13.2883



45.1118, 78.7922, 28.1591

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.7364, 78.7922, 13.2883



50.3288, 78.7922, 229.7259



128.3341, 78.7922, 106.3761

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.7364, 78.7922, 13.2883



18.7828, 8.4863, 86.2409

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



115.5263, 78.7922, 192.9538



59.7364, 78.7922, 13.2883



68.4073, 78.7922, 284.7478

# Square

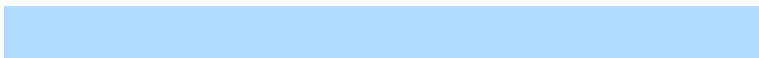
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.7364, 78.7922, 13.2883



40.5137, 78.7922, 141.4858



92.4104, 78.7922, 268.6200



124.6746, 78.7922, 47.0484



# Rectangle

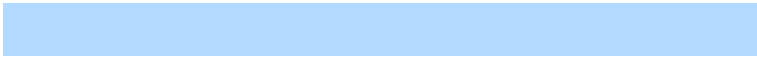
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.7364, 78.7922, 13.2883



40.0184, 78.7922, 51.1093



92.4104, 78.7922, 268.6200



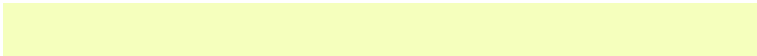
125.7298, 78.7922, 133.4161

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.7382, 78.7958, 13.2899



82.5980, 94.6086, 61.8815



39.0857, 22.4097, 3.4948



17.3824, 20.1200, 12.1945



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.7382, 78.7958, 13.2899



64.3334, 86.2501, 13.2572



38.8299, 68.0171, 12.3115



17.6569, 19.1807, 17.5692



31.7516, 42.4813, 6.5262



2.8554, 3.7671, 0.5766



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.7828, 8.4863, 86.2409



18.8545, 7.6348, 95.0877



32.4250, 15.5191, 86.8793



15.8118, 16.0456, 20.8063



9.3535, 3.7962, 46.7778

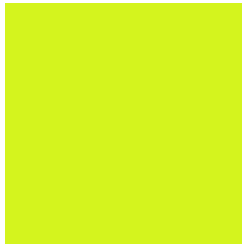


0.8902, 0.3688, 4.1145



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 59.7364, 78.7922, 13.2883 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 59.7364, 78.7922, 13.2883 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 59.7364, 78.7922, 13.2883**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 59.7364, 78.7922, 13.2883.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 59.7364, 78.7922,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

59.7364, 78.7922, 13.2883

### Protanopia

71.3400, 78.5749, 20.8576

### Deuteranopia

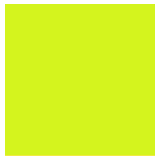
76.4429, 77.9902, 55.8244



## Tritanopia

76.9055, 78.5197, 97.4887

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

59.7364, 78.7922, 13.2883



## Protanomaly

66.3483, 78.1847, 17.0631



## Deuteranomaly

68.0033, 77.0349, 31.3637



## Tritanomaly

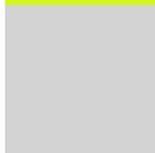
66.8544, 76.9151, 47.8817

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

59.7364, 78.7922, 13.2883



## Achromatopsia

61.2578, 64.4480, 70.1838



## Achromatomaly

58.0961, 68.1358, 36.8776

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 59.7364, 78.7922, 13.2883 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(212, 244, 30)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(212, 244, 30)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 244, 30) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(212, 244, 30) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 59.7364, 78.7922, 13.2883 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(212, 244, 30) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(212, 244, 30) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(212, 244, 30)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(212, 244, 30); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 244, 30);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 244,  
30) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 59.7364, 78.7922, 13.2883 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(212, 244, 30) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(212,  
244, 30) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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