

# Converting Colors

XYZ(59.6835, 55.4762, 63.9237)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(59.6835, 55.4762, 63.9237)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(59.7024, 55.5984,  
64.0848)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E2BACB
RGB	226, 186, 203
RGB Percent	89%, 73%, 80%
CMY	0.1137, 0.2706, 0.2039
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.10, 0.11
HSL	335°, 41%, 81%
HSV	335°, 18%, 89%
XYZ	59.7024, 55.5984, 64.0848
YIQ	199.8980, 18.3830, 13.7670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

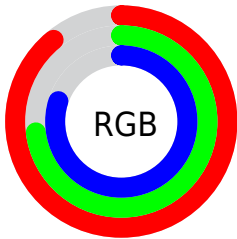
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	226, 186, 203
Decimal	14858955
CIE Lab	79.38, 17.07, -3.15
CIE LCh	79, 17.355, 349.537
Yxy	55.5984, 0.3328, 0.3099
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293049035 (0xFFE2BACB)
YUV	199.8980, 1.5293, 22.8915
Hunter-Lab	74.5643, 12.4343, 1.2379

# Details

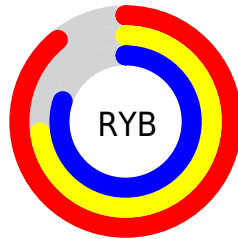
The XYZ color **59.7024, 55.5984, 64.0848** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **58.9569, 69.4366, 70.6202**, and the grayscale version is **54.8213, 57.6762, 62.8094**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.0421, 91.9843, 107.5640**, and **30.3899, 27.4910, 32.1383** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53.8284, 46.2254, 54.8033**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66.4625, 66.5343, 74.3035**.

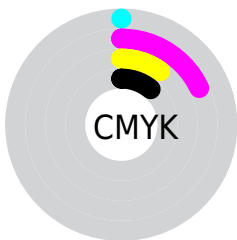
# Distribution



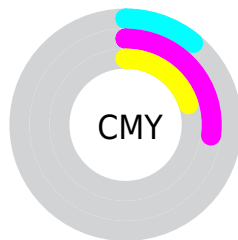
- Red (89%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (11%)




- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (20%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 59.7024, 55.5984, 64.0848 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 59.7024, 55.5984, 64.0848 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 59.7024, 55.5984,  
64.0848

 59.7024, 55.5984,  
64.0848


413.3523,  
408.1763, 457.7117

 43.4273, 39.8810,  
46.2727


 103.5066, 98.4172,  
112.3337

 30.4165, 27.4458,  
32.1109


131.7665,  
126.2873, 143.6076

 20.3046, 17.9083,  
21.1807


164.7521,  
158.9772, 180.2059

 12.7262, 10.8842,  
13.0636


202.8287,  
196.8712, 222.5471

 7.3160, 5.9890,  
7.3411

246.3616,  
240.3537, 271.0497

 3.7086, 2.8384,  
3.5947

295.7163,

 1.5386, 1.0480,

289.8091, 326.1323

1.4057

351.2581,  
345.6219, 388.2135

■ 0.3519, 0.0000,  
0.1462

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 59.7024, 55.5984,  
64.0848

■ 59.7024, 55.5984,  
64.0848

■ 53.8284, 46.2254,  
54.8033

■ 66.4625, 66.5343,  
74.3035

■ 48.7971, 38.3359,  
46.4271

■ 74.1398, 79.0927,  
85.4831

■ 44.5689, 31.8549,  
38.9273

■ 82.7700, 93.3395,  
97.6506

■ 41.0984, 26.6976,  
32.2719

■ 85.1721, 94.9080,  
108.4265

■ 38.3360, 22.7702,  
26.4267

■ 85.1743, 94.9089,  
108.4378

■ 36.2254, 19.9661,  
21.3543

■ 34.7010, 18.1606,  
17.0135

■ 33.6744, 17.1833,  
13.3539

■ 33.4773, 17.0141,  
12.5949

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.1014, 55.5984, 73.8461



59.7024, 55.5984, 64.0848



59.4056, 55.5984, 54.3514

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.7024, 55.5984, 64.0848



50.6381, 55.5984, 44.2118



48.6196, 55.5984, 76.3211

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.7024, 55.5984, 64.0848



58.9569, 69.4366, 70.6202

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.7854, 55.5984, 67.1754



59.7024, 55.5984, 64.0848



47.9149, 55.5984, 48.9319

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.7024, 55.5984, 64.0848



54.0692, 55.5984, 43.5784



46.5332, 55.5984, 57.1230



51.6386, 55.5984, 81.4078



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.7024, 55.5984, 64.0848



58.1755, 55.5984, 49.1380



46.5332, 55.5984, 57.1230



47.8498, 55.5984, 73.5756

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.7040, 55.6009, 64.0860



89.9584, 91.6699, 101.4899



57.4887, 54.1183, 79.3680



19.1070, 19.3800, 21.5057



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.7040, 55.6009, 64.0860



75.7142, 68.6364, 79.9249



58.3549, 55.9685, 54.1848



13.9477, 13.7967, 15.4949



19.1553, 9.7291, 7.4835



1.3718, 0.6920, 0.7509



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.7040, 55.6009, 64.0860



75.7142, 68.6364, 79.9249



60.4557, 68.8851, 82.0619



13.9477, 13.7967, 15.4949



19.1553, 9.7291, 7.4835

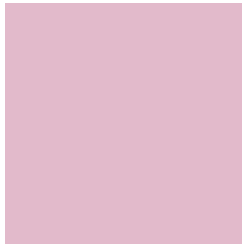


1.3718, 0.6920, 0.7509



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 59.7024, 55.5984, 64.0848 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

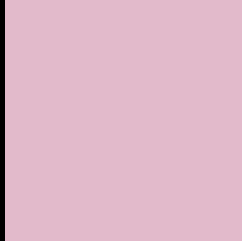
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 59.7024, 55.5984, 64.0848 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

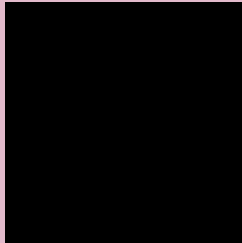
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 59.7024, 55.5984, 64.0848**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 59.7024, 55.5984, 64.0848.



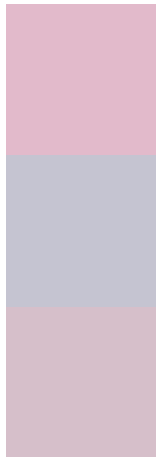
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 59.7024, 55.5984,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

59.7024, 55.5984, 64.0848

### Protanopia

54.2745, 55.9536, 68.2612

### Deuteranopia

57.0230, 55.8220, 63.6464



## Tritanopia

59.4656, 55.5036, 62.8374

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

59.7024, 55.5984, 64.0848

## Protanomaly

56.1245, 55.6142, 66.8080

## Deuteranomaly

57.7717, 55.5649, 63.5573

## Tritanomaly

59.5836, 55.5508, 63.4591

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

59.7024, 55.5984, 64.0848

## Achromatopsia

54.8990, 57.7580, 62.8985

## Achromatomaly

56.3522, 56.8026, 63.2523

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 59.7024, 55.5984, 64.0848 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(226, 186, 203)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(226, 186, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(226, 186, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(226, 186, 203) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 59.7024, 55.5984, 64.0848 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(226, 186, 203) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(226, 186, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(226, 186, 203)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(226, 186, 203); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 186, 203);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 186,  
203) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 59.7024, 55.5984, 64.0848 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(226, 186, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(226,  
186, 203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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