

# Converting Colors

XYZ(59.7370, 62.0816, 69.3925)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(59.7370, 62.0816, 69.3925)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(59.8744, 62.3014,  
69.1912)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D1CED1
RGB	209, 206, 209
RGB Percent	82%, 81%, 82%
CMY	0.1804, 0.1921, 0.1804
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	300°, 3%, 81%
HSV	300°, 1%, 82%
XYZ	59.8744, 62.3014, 69.1912
YIQ	207.2390, 0.8250, 1.5690

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

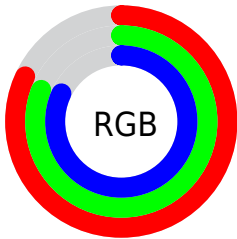
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	209, 206, 209
Decimal	13749969
CIE Lab	83.07, 1.58, -1.13
CIE LCh	83, 1.941, 324.383
Yxy	62.3014, 0.3129, 0.3256
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291940049 (0xFFD1CED1)
YUV	207.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444
Hunter-Lab	78.9312, -2.7260, 3.2782

# Details

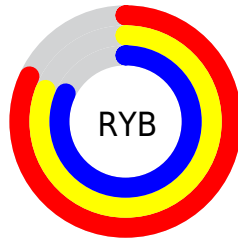
The XYZ color **59.8744, 62.3014, 69.1912** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **59.3970, 63.1806, 67.4603**, and the grayscale version is **59.4579, 62.5544, 68.1217**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **30.6622, 31.7916, 35.5307** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.1743, 52.9007, 67.6253**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.2470, 73.0455, 70.9828**.

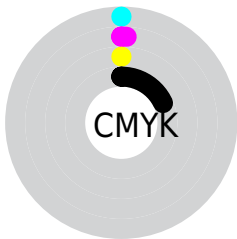
# Distribution



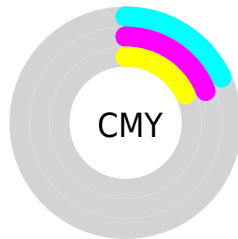
- Red (82%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 59.8744, 62.3014, 69.1912 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 59.8744, 62.3014, 69.1912 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 59.8744, 62.3014,  
69.1912

■ 59.8744, 62.3014,  
69.1912

413.9768,  
433.0296, 476.4172

■ 43.5665, 45.2763,  
50.3947

103.7548,  
108.1610, 119.7249

■ 30.5263, 31.6751,  
35.3538

132.0580,  
137.7643, 152.2992

■ 20.3884, 21.1135,  
23.6498

165.0904,  
172.3291, 190.3032

■ 12.7876, 13.2070,  
14.8642

203.2173,  
212.2398, 234.1554

■ 7.3585, 7.5712,  
8.5786

246.8040,  
257.8808, 284.2743

■ 3.7356, 3.8218,  
4.3743

296.2159,

■ 1.5537, 1.5744,

309.6366, 341.0786

1.8329

351.8184,  
367.8914, 404.9867

■ 0.3619, 0.3402,  
0.4495

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 59.8744, 62.3014,  
69.1912

■ 59.8744, 62.3014,  
69.1912

■ 55.1743, 52.9007,  
67.6253

■ 65.2470, 73.0455,  
70.9828

■ 51.1153, 44.7831,  
66.2724

■ 71.3117, 85.1744,  
73.0043

■ 47.6712, 37.8952,  
65.1244

■ 73.5643, 89.6794,  
73.7551

■ 44.8120, 32.1772,  
64.1714

■ 73.5646, 89.6795,  
73.7551

42.5053, 27.5640,  
63.4026

73.5648, 89.6796,  
73.7551

40.7154, 23.9845,  
62.8060

73.5650, 89.6797,  
73.7551

39.4024, 21.3590,  
62.3684

73.5653, 89.6798,  
73.7551

38.5209, 19.5963,  
62.0747

73.5655, 89.6800,  
73.7551

38.0163, 18.5874,  
61.9065

73.5657, 89.6801,  
73.7551

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.5496, 62.3014, 69.9636



59.8744, 62.3014, 69.1912



60.0228, 62.3014, 68.0622

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.8744, 62.3014, 69.1912



59.2947, 62.3014, 65.5603



58.4833, 62.3014, 68.7947

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.8744, 62.3014, 69.1912



59.3970, 63.1806, 67.4603

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.4157, 62.3014, 67.6095



59.8744, 62.3014, 69.1912



58.8829, 62.3014, 65.7512

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.8744, 62.3014, 69.1912



59.6871, 62.3014, 65.9732



58.5617, 62.3014, 66.4979



58.7466, 62.3014, 69.7328



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.8744, 62.3014, 69.1912



60.0012, 62.3014, 67.2629



58.5617, 62.3014, 66.4979



58.4370, 62.3014, 68.4116

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.8762, 62.3041, 69.1926

95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000



59.0484, 61.8952, 69.1573



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.8762, 62.3041, 69.1926



93.4445, 96.7890, 108.3648



59.6977, 62.2327, 68.2524



13.0963, 13.5800, 15.1746



23.3069, 11.1954, 38.1250



1.3032, 0.6260, 2.1317



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.5086, 62.1571, 67.2569



92.6342, 96.4649, 104.0977



59.5738, 63.2513, 68.3913



12.9907, 13.5377, 14.6184



16.2124, 8.3578, 0.7589

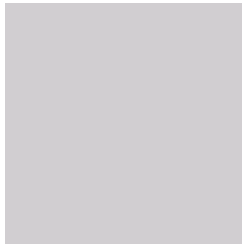


0.9065, 0.4673, 0.0425



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 59.8744, 62.3014, 69.1912 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 59.8744, 62.3014, 69.1912 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

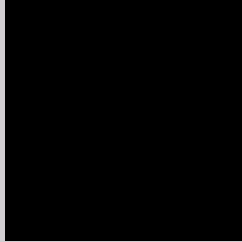
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

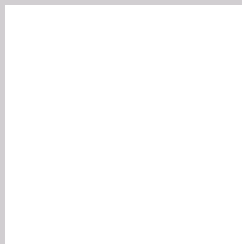


# XYZ 59.8744, 62.3014, 69.1912

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 59.8744, 62.3014, 69.1912.



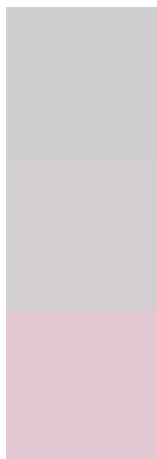
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 59.8744, 62.3014, 69.1912.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

59.8744, 62.3014, 69.1912

### Protanopia

60.1583, 62.4477, 69.2045

### Deuteranopia

63.3385, 61.9692, 69.5957



## Tritanopia

61.3751, 62.2019, 76.4815

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

59.8744, 62.3014, 69.1912

## Protanomaly

60.1583, 62.4477, 69.2045

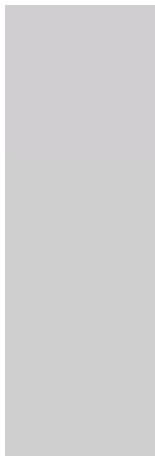
## Deuteranomaly

61.9668, 61.9543, 69.6651

## Tritanomaly

60.8043, 62.3221, 73.7904

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

59.8744, 62.3014, 69.1912

## Achromatopsia

59.3074, 62.3960, 67.9493

## Achromatomaly

59.7104, 62.5896, 68.6084

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 59.8744, 62.3014, 69.1912 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(209, 206, 209) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 206, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 206, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 206, 209) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 59.8744, 62.3014, 69.1912 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 206, 209) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 206, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(209, 206, 209)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(209, 206, 209); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 206, 209);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 206,  
209) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 59.8744, 62.3014, 69.1912 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 206, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209,  
206, 209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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