

# Converting Colors

XYZ(59.8617, 51.9769, 63.1769)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(59.8617, 51.9769, 63.1769)  
contains.

|  |    |
|--|----|
| <b>XYZ(59.8472, 52.0763, 63.3974)</b> .....    | 3  |
| <b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....                | 4  |
| <b><i>Details</i></b> .....                    | 6  |
| <b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....                  | 12 |
| <b><i>Previews</i></b> .....                   | 24 |
| <b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> ..... | 28 |
| <b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....               | 31 |

# Color

**XYZ(59.8472, 52.0763,  
63.3974)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                      |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex         | EAAECB                     |
| RGB         | 234, 174, 203              |
| RGB Percent | 92%, 68%, 80%              |
| CMY         | 0.0823, 0.3176, 0.2039     |
| CMYK        | 0.00, 0.26, 0.13, 0.08     |
| HSL         | 331°, 59%, 80%             |
| HSV         | 331°, 26%, 92%             |
| XYZ         | 59.8472, 52.0763, 63.3974  |
| YIQ         | 195.2460, 26.4510, 21.7390 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

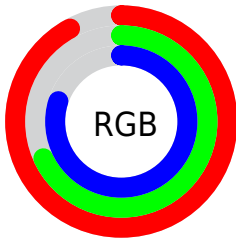
| Format                              | Color   |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| <a href="#">RYB</a>                 | <a href="#">234, 174, 203</a>                 |
| Decimal                             | <a href="#">15380171</a>                      |
| CIELab                              | <a href="#">77.33, 26.28, -6.10</a>           |
| CIELCh                              | <a href="#">77, 26.983, 346.936</a>           |
| Yxy                                 | <a href="#">52.0763, 0.3414,<br/>0.2970</a>   |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | <a href="#">4293570251<br/>(0xFFEAAECB)</a>   |
| YUV                                 | <a href="#">195.2460, 3.8227,<br/>33.9873</a> |
| Hunter-Lab                          | <a href="#">72.1639, 21.7473,<br/>-1.5727</a> |

# Details

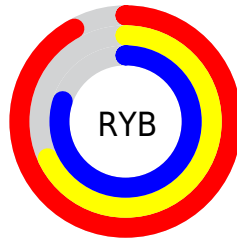
The XYZ color **59.8472, 52.0763, 63.3974** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **57.8999, 72.2534, 68.6555**, and the grayscale version is **51.9865, 54.6939, 59.5616**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.5868, 85.0736, 106.4123**, and **30.6223, 25.3096, 31.7051** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.3293, 43.2566, 54.7244**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66.2680, 62.5206, 72.9270**.

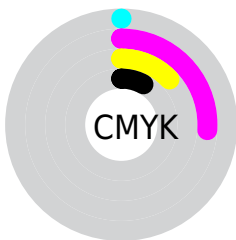
# Distribution



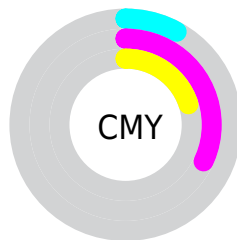
- Red (92%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (8%)




- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (20%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 59.8472, 52.0763, 63.3974 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 59.8472, 52.0763, 63.3974 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 59.8472, 52.0763,  
63.3974

 59.8472, 52.0763,  
63.3974


413.8781,  
394.7311, 455.1579

 43.5445, 37.0659,  
45.7197

 103.7156, 93.2438,  
111.3337

 30.5089, 25.2585,  
31.6776

132.0120,  
120.1696, 142.4295

 20.3752, 16.2698,  
20.8526


165.0369,  
151.8360, 178.8350

 12.7779, 9.7152,  
12.8261

203.1558,  
188.6275, 220.9688

 7.3517, 5.2106,  
7.1796

246.7341,  
230.9283, 269.2494

 3.7313, 2.3713,  
3.4945

296.1369,

 1.5513, 0.8111,

279.1229, 324.0955

1.3524

351.7298,  
333.5957, 385.9255

■ 0.3603, 0.0000,  
0.1041

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 59.8472, 52.0763,  
63.3974

■ 59.8472, 52.0763,  
63.3974

■ 54.3293, 43.2566,  
54.7244

■ 66.2680, 62.5206,  
72.9270

■ 49.6663, 35.9718,  
46.8777

■ 73.6275, 74.6591,  
83.3355

■ 45.8127, 30.1340,  
39.8297

■ 81.9651, 88.5660,  
94.6485

■ 42.7164, 25.6438,  
33.5495

■ 87.1621, 96.0006,  
105.5044

■ 40.3190, 22.3888,  
28.0035

■ 87.7419, 96.2326,  
108.5580

■ 38.5527, 20.2381,  
23.1544

■ 37.3345, 19.0308,  
18.9592

■ 36.9178, 18.6869,  
17.3112

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.1363, 52.0763, 78.4950



59.8472, 52.0763, 63.3974



59.6497, 52.0763, 48.7918

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.8472, 52.0763, 63.3974



46.6518, 52.0763, 33.5575



43.0027, 52.0763, 80.2003

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.8472, 52.0763, 63.3974



57.8999, 72.2534, 68.6555

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.5670, 52.0763, 65.4245



59.8472, 52.0763, 63.3974



42.5708, 52.0763, 39.3699

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.8472, 52.0763, 63.3974



51.7826, 52.0763, 33.2070



40.4146, 52.0763, 50.4959



47.2796, 52.0763, 89.2756



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.8472, 52.0763, 63.3974



57.8927, 52.0763, 41.2299



40.4146, 52.0763, 50.4959



41.9549, 52.0763, 75.6293

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.8487, 52.0787, 63.3985



87.2329, 87.0075, 98.1505



55.1662, 49.1944, 84.4304



18.3751, 18.1334, 20.5925



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.8487, 52.0787, 63.3985



68.9129, 57.1540, 71.1218



56.9035, 51.2108, 46.9328



15.3688, 15.1754, 17.2272



20.8086, 10.5261, 10.0596



1.6824, 0.8459, 1.0449



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.8487, 52.0787, 63.3985



68.9129, 57.1540, 71.1218



61.4474, 73.2182, 88.7364



15.3688, 15.1754, 17.2272



20.8086, 10.5261, 10.0596



1.6824, 0.8459, 1.0449



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 59.8472, 52.0763, 63.3974 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

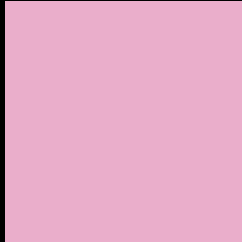
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 59.8472, 52.0763, 63.3974 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

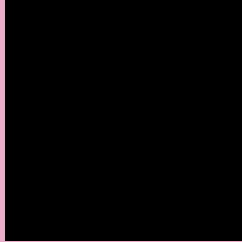
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 59.8472, 52.0763, 63.3974**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 59.8472, 52.0763, 63.3974.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 59.8472, 52.0763,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

59.8472, 52.0763, 63.3974

### Protanopia

51.1627, 52.3224, 70.3535

### Deuteranopia

53.5551, 52.4567, 62.5608



## Tritanopia

58.0983, 51.9242, 55.6755

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

59.8472, 52.0763, 63.3974

## Protanomaly

53.8260, 51.8636, 67.4953

## Deuteranomaly

55.7075, 52.3191, 63.0396

## Tritanomaly

58.7846, 51.9237, 58.5538

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

59.8472, 52.0763, 63.3974

## Achromatopsia

51.8711, 54.5724, 59.4294

## Achromatomaly

54.2579, 53.1732, 60.8298

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 59.8472, 52.0763, 63.3974 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(234, 174, 203)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(234, 174, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(234, 174, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(234, 174, 203) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 59.8472, 52.0763, 63.3974 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(234, 174, 203) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(234, 174, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(234, 174, 203)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(234, 174, 203); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 174, 203);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 174,  
203) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 59.8472, 52.0763, 63.3974 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(234, 174, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(234,  
174, 203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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