

# Converting Colors

XYZ(59.9304, 45.6549, 48.1939)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(59.9304, 45.6549, 48.1939)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(59.9666, 45.6945,  
48.3072)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF94B3
RGB	255, 148, 179
RGB Percent	100%, 58%, 70%
CMY	0.0000, 0.4196, 0.2980
CMYK	0.00, 0.42, 0.30, 0.00
HSL	343°, 100%, 79%
HSV	343°, 42%, 100%
XYZ	59.9666, 45.6945, 48.3072
YIQ	183.5270, 53.8210, 32.3250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

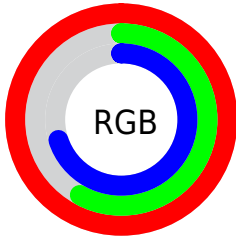
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 148, 179
Decimal	16749747
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	73.35, 43.72, 1.51
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	73, 43.749, 1.975
Yxy	45.6945, 0.3895, 0.2968
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294939827 (0xFFFF94B3)
YUV	183.5270, -2.2318, 62.6818
Hunter-Lab	67.5977, 40.0531, 4.9481

# Details

The XYZ color **59.9666, 45.6945, 48.3072** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **61.4293, 83.1987, 83.3464**, and the grayscale version is **45.2916, 47.6503, 51.8912**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77.8283, 70.4439, 88.0923**, and **30.6231, 21.4265, 22.2604** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.6851, 37.8731, 38.0945**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66.3721, 55.3784, 60.0828**.

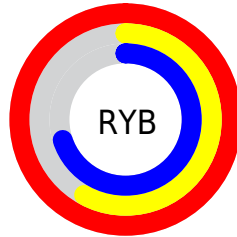
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (58%)

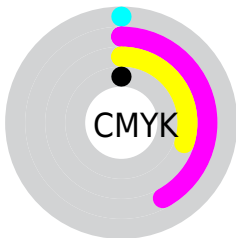
Blue (70%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (70%)

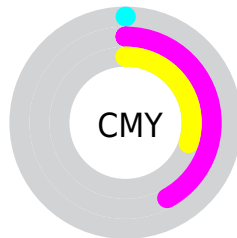


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (42%)


Yellow (30%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 59.9666, 45.6945, 48.3072 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 59.9666, 45.6945, 48.3072 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 59.9666, 45.6945,  
48.3072


 59.9666, 45.6945,  
48.3072


414.3114,  
369.5791, 396.5523

 43.6411, 32.0048,  
33.7085

 103.8878, 83.7616,  
89.0319

 30.5851, 21.3652,  
22.3942

 132.2143,  
108.9078, 115.9950

 20.4334, 13.3912,  
13.9458


165.2717,  
138.6416, 147.9167

 12.8206, 7.6985,  
7.9446

203.4255,  
173.3475, 185.2155

 7.3813, 3.9026,  
3.9723

247.0410,  
213.4098, 228.3099

 3.7501, 1.6192,  
1.6101

296.4836,

 1.5617, 0.3705,

259.2129, 277.6184

0.2980

352.1186,  
311.1412, 333.5597

■ 0.3673, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 59.9666, 45.6945,  
48.3072

■ 59.9666, 45.6945,  
48.3072

■ 54.6851, 37.8731,  
38.0945

■ 66.3721, 55.3784,  
60.0828

■ 50.4562, 31.7870,  
29.3735

■ 73.9600, 67.0280,  
73.4827

■ 47.2057, 27.3033,  
22.0710

■ 82.7887, 80.7469,  
88.5681

■ 44.8474, 24.2666,  
16.1060

■ 92.9119, 96.6292,  
105.3962

■ 43.2788, 22.4902, 95.0500, 100.0000,  
11.3874 108.9000

■ 42.4716, 21.7527,  
8.4157

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.8508, 45.6945, 72.4468



59.9666, 45.6945, 48.3072



57.2356, 45.6945, 30.5130

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.9666, 45.6945, 48.3072



36.0554, 45.6945, 21.7623



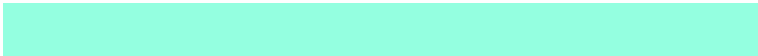
36.8413, 45.6945, 97.3370

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.9666, 45.6945, 48.3072



61.4293, 83.1987, 83.3464

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.0467, 45.6945, 75.7456



59.9666, 45.6945, 48.3072



31.6321, 45.6945, 32.3758

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.9666, 45.6945, 48.3072



42.9232, 45.6945, 18.2758



30.2547, 45.6945, 51.2285



43.9432, 45.6945, 105.2796



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.9666, 45.6945, 48.3072



53.2019, 45.6945, 23.2749



30.2547, 45.6945, 51.2285



34.9367, 45.6945, 91.1726

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.9678, 45.6967, 48.3081



81.8093, 79.2181, 86.9160



59.0422, 44.0744, 100.0031



17.0764, 16.2792, 17.8678



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.9678, 45.6967, 48.3081



55.6343, 39.2643, 39.9746



60.8494, 51.9254, 34.8353



18.2258, 18.0736, 19.8060



22.2481, 11.3885, 4.6908



2.2112, 1.1268, 0.6935



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.9678, 45.6967, 48.3081



55.6343, 39.2643, 39.9746



59.5734, 72.1355, 105.3914



18.2258, 18.0736, 19.8060



22.2481, 11.3885, 4.6908



2.2112, 1.1268, 0.6935



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 59.9666, 45.6945, 48.3072 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 59.9666, 45.6945, 48.3072 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

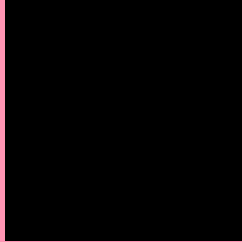
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 59.9666, 45.6945, 48.3072**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 59.9666, 45.6945, 48.3072.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 59.9666, 45.6945,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

59.9666, 45.6945, 48.3072

### Protanopia

44.9035, 45.9011, 59.9192

### Deuteranopia

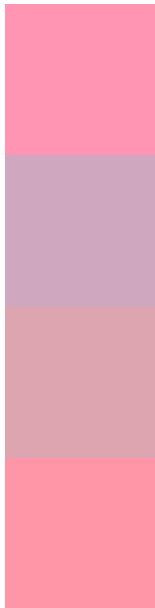
46.7894, 45.9953, 46.4563



## Tritanopia

58.0962, 45.6245, 39.9268

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

59.9666, 45.6945, 48.3072

## Protanomaly

49.1387, 45.0322, 55.3924

## Deuteranomaly

50.8068, 45.2605, 47.1326

## Tritanomaly

58.8473, 45.7107, 42.7672

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

59.9666, 45.6945, 48.3072

## Achromatopsia

45.5594, 47.9320, 52.1980

## Achromatomaly

49.5847, 46.2049, 50.5610

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 59.9666, 45.6945, 48.3072 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 148, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 148, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 148, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 148, 179) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 59.9666, 45.6945, 48.3072 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 148, 179) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 148, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 148, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 148, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 148, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 148,  
179) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 59.9666, 45.6945, 48.3072 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 148, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
148, 179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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