

# Converting Colors

XYZ(59.9557, 54.8947, 51.9386)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(59.9557, 54.8947, 51.9386)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(59.7635, 54.6662,  
51.6577)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	ECB6B6
RGB	236, 182, 182
RGB Percent	93%, 71%, 71%
CMY	0.0745, 0.2863, 0.2863
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.23, 0.07
HSL	0°, 59%, 82%
HSV	0°, 23%, 93%
XYZ	59.7635, 54.6662, 51.6577
YIQ	198.1460, 32.1840, 11.4480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

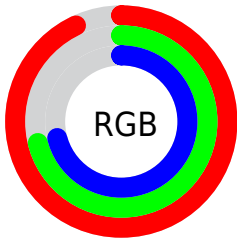
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	236, 182, 182
Decimal	15513270
CIE Lab	78.85, 19.52, 7.55
CIE LCh	79, 20.931, 21.130
Yxy	54.6662, 0.3598, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293703350 (0xFFECB6B6)
YUV	198.1460, -7.9600, 33.1980
Hunter-Lab	73.9366, 14.8938, 10.3311

# Details

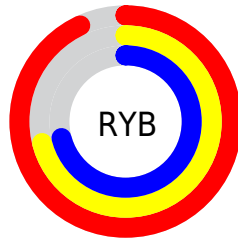
The XYZ color **59.7635, 54.6662, 51.6577** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **64.4263, 75.9898, 90.6290**, and the grayscale version is **53.7997, 56.6015, 61.6390**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.2472, 88.5821, 93.3886**, and **30.4031, 26.8692, 24.3527** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53.0949, 44.9085, 38.3989**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67.6605, 66.2220, 67.3549**.

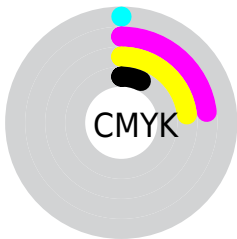
# Distribution



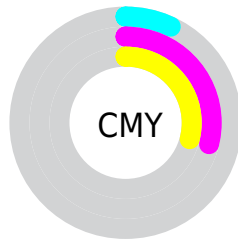
- Red (93%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (7%)




- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (29%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 59.7635, 54.6662, 51.6577 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 59.7635, 54.6662, 51.6577 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 59.7635, 54.6662,  
51.6577

 59.7635, 54.6662,  
51.6577


413.5742,  
404.6454, 410.0330

 43.4768, 39.1345,  
36.3519


 103.5948, 97.0517,  
94.0477

 30.4555, 26.8644,  
24.4143


131.8701,  
124.6744, 121.9689

 20.3344, 17.4714,  
15.4262


164.8723,  
157.0961, 154.9325

 12.7480, 10.5712,  
8.9691

202.9668,  
194.7014, 193.3568

 7.3311, 5.7793,  
4.6245

246.5188,  
237.8745, 237.6605

 3.7182, 2.7113,  
1.9738

295.8938,

 1.5440, 0.9830,

287.0000, 288.2621

0.5391

351.4572,  
342.4621, 345.5801

■ 0.3554, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 59.7635, 54.6662,  
51.6577

■ 59.7635, 54.6662,  
51.6577

■ 53.0949, 44.9085,  
38.3989

■ 67.6605, 66.2220,  
67.3549

■ 47.5889, 36.8516,  
27.4532

■ 76.8384, 79.6518,  
85.6007

■ 43.1801, 30.4003,  
18.6891

■ 87.3523, 95.0364,  
106.5026

■ 39.7953, 25.4472,  
11.9605

■ 88.4022, 96.5729,  
108.5889

■ 37.3519, 21.8717,  
7.1036

■ 35.7550, 19.5348,  
3.9295

■ 34.8895, 18.2681,  
2.2094

■ 34.5924, 17.8334,  
1.6190

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.2490, 54.6662, 63.1164



59.7635, 54.6662, 51.6577



57.1293, 54.6662, 43.4423

# Triad

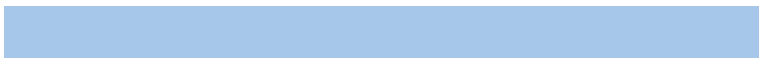
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.7635, 54.6662, 51.6577



45.9897, 54.6662, 46.3005



50.7377, 54.6662, 85.0800

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.7635, 54.6662, 51.6577



64.4263, 75.9898, 90.6290

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.1096, 54.6662, 79.1485



59.7635, 54.6662, 51.6577



44.4658, 54.6662, 56.0671

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.7635, 54.6662, 51.6577



49.1346, 54.6662, 40.6476



44.8646, 54.6662, 68.1469



54.8887, 54.6662, 83.4871



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.7635, 54.6662, 51.6577



54.5826, 54.6662, 40.4091



44.8646, 54.6662, 68.1469



49.4200, 54.6662, 83.8739

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.7650, 54.6687, 51.6588



86.8761, 88.0394, 92.6502



66.4608, 57.3455, 86.9231



18.4520, 18.6347, 19.5466



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.7650, 54.6687, 51.6588



67.7107, 59.9951, 54.5495



65.8365, 66.8117, 53.6827



15.0656, 15.0543, 15.6304



19.0680, 9.8301, 0.8924



1.4973, 0.7720, 0.0701

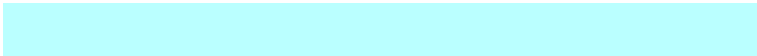


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64.4263, 75.9898, 90.6290



74.0943, 89.1941, 107.9187



57.2327, 61.6027, 88.2312



15.5176, 17.1217, 19.4092



24.8765, 36.3999, 49.4577



1.9534, 2.8583, 3.8836



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 59.7635, 54.6662, 51.6577 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

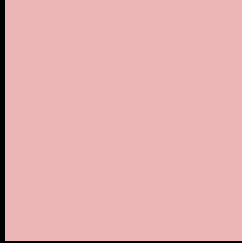
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 59.7635, 54.6662, 51.6577 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 59.7635, 54.6662, 51.6577**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 59.7635, 54.6662, 51.6577.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 59.7635, 54.6662,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

59.7635, 54.6662, 51.6577

### Protanopia

52.5198, 54.9837, 55.9889

### Deuteranopia

56.0533, 54.9470, 51.3676



## Tritanopia

60.9839, 54.5421, 58.3524

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

59.7635, 54.6662, 51.6577

## Protanomaly

54.7170, 54.5182, 54.0935

## Deuteranomaly

57.2634, 54.6228, 51.2412

## Tritanomaly

60.7432, 54.7700, 56.0853

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

59.7635, 54.6662, 51.6577

## Achromatopsia

53.6758, 56.4712, 61.4971

## Achromatomaly

55.5154, 55.5021, 57.6562

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 59.7635, 54.6662, 51.6577 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(236, 182, 182)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(236, 182, 182)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(236, 182, 182) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(236, 182, 182) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 59.7635, 54.6662, 51.6577 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(236, 182, 182) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(236, 182, 182) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(236, 182, 182)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(236, 182, 182); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 182, 182);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 182,  
182) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 59.7635, 54.6662, 51.6577 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(236, 182, 182) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(236,  
182, 182) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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