

# Converting Colors

XYZ(59.9667, 65.3393, 67.2079)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(59.9667, 65.3393, 67.2079)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(59.9679, 65.3383,  
67.2085)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CCD6CD
RGB	204, 214, 205
RGB Percent	80%, 84%, 80%
CMY	0.2000, 0.1608, 0.1961
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.04, 0.16
HSL	126°, 11%, 82%
HSV	126°, 5%, 84%
XYZ	59.9679, 65.3383, 67.2085
YIQ	209.9840, -3.0710, -4.9190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

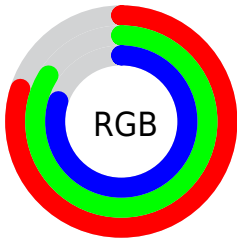
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	204, 213, 214
Decimal	13424333
CIE Lab	84.66, -5.03, 3.26
CIE LCh	85, 5.992, 147.046
Yxy	65.3383, 0.3115, 0.3394
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291614413 (0xFFCCD6CD)
YUV	209.9840, -2.4571, -5.2480
Hunter-Lab	80.8321, -9.0302, 7.2853

# Details

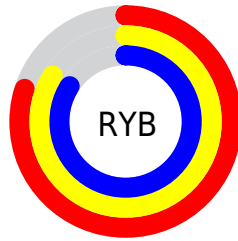
The XYZ color **59.9679, 65.3383, 67.2085** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **61.3371, 62.2877, 71.7441**, and the grayscale version is **61.2667, 64.4573, 70.1940**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **30.5617, 33.5147, 34.1364** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.3168, 61.6482, 55.4516**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.7149, 69.5640, 80.5136**.

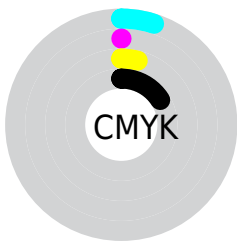
# Distribution



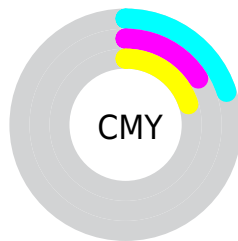
- Red (80%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 59.9679, 65.3383, 67.2085 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 59.9679, 65.3383, 67.2085 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 59.9679, 65.3383,  
67.2085

■ 59.9679, 65.3383,  
67.2085

414.3161,  
444.0067, 469.2083

■ 43.6421, 47.7354,  
48.7914

103.8897,  
112.5361, 116.8626

■ 30.5860, 33.6174,  
34.0896

132.2165,  
142.8998, 148.9367

■ 20.4340, 22.5999,  
22.6845

165.2742,  
178.2860, 186.4003

■ 12.8210, 14.2983,  
14.1576

203.4284,  
219.0789, 229.6718

■ 7.3816, 8.3284,  
8.0904

247.0443,  
265.6631, 279.1698

■ 3.7503, 4.3058,  
4.0642

296.4873,

■ 1.5619, 1.8461,

318.4228, 335.3128

1.6607

352.1228,  
377.7425, 398.5195

■ 0.3674, 0.5156,  
0.3336

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 59.9679, 65.3383,  
67.2085

■ 59.9679, 65.3383,  
67.2085

■ 52.3168, 61.6482,  
55.4516

■ 68.7149, 69.5640,  
80.5136

■ 45.7132, 58.4644,  
45.1826

■ 78.5929, 74.3367,  
95.4157

■ 40.1130, 55.7672,  
36.3434

■ 83.3378, 76.5757,  
104.9959

■ 35.4668, 53.5326,  
28.8706

■ 31.7214, 51.7346,  
22.6960

■ 28.8180, 50.3443,  
17.7456

■ 26.6908, 49.3298,  
13.9378

■ 25.2642, 48.6539,  
11.1813

■ 24.4471, 48.2719,  
9.3706

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.9394, 65.3383, 64.7787



59.9679, 65.3383, 67.2085



59.5677, 65.3383, 70.7632

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.9679, 65.3383, 67.2085



61.9696, 65.3383, 78.7584



64.4221, 65.3383, 67.8438

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.9679, 65.3383, 67.2085



61.3371, 62.2877, 71.7441

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.7074, 65.3383, 71.5228



59.9679, 65.3383, 67.2085



63.2795, 65.3383, 77.9096

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.9679, 65.3383, 67.2085



60.7129, 65.3383, 77.5067



64.2863, 65.3383, 75.2267



63.5123, 65.3383, 65.1362



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.9679, 65.3383, 67.2085



59.6744, 65.3383, 73.3244



64.2863, 65.3383, 75.2267



64.5948, 65.3383, 69.0039

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.9697, 65.3411, 67.2099



93.7507, 99.3726, 106.9219



62.4374, 66.6271, 66.6973



20.0802, 21.2764, 22.9065



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.9697, 65.3411, 67.2099



87.5049, 96.3574, 97.3857



60.5626, 65.5783, 70.3322



12.7972, 14.1499, 14.2029



14.6364, 29.1099, 5.3809



0.9004, 1.7628, 0.4172



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.3371, 62.2877, 71.7441



90.1165, 90.5256, 106.0456



60.7323, 62.0458, 68.5591



13.2144, 13.2183, 15.5864



22.5757, 10.9666, 31.3991



1.3775, 0.6678, 1.9772



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 59.9679, 65.3383, 67.2085 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

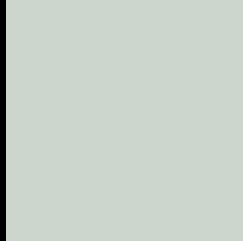
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 59.9679, 65.3383, 67.2085 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

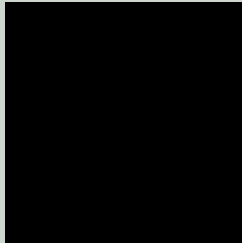
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

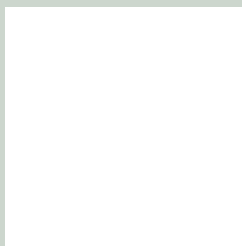
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 59.9679, 65.3383, 67.2085**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 59.9679, 65.3383, 67.2085.



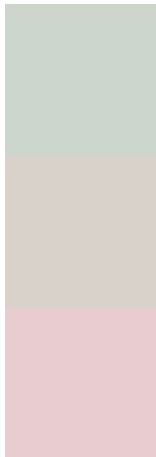
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 59.9679, 65.3383,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

59.9679, 65.3383, 67.2085

### Protanopia

62.4414, 65.1567, 65.7854

### Deuteranopia

66.4596, 65.0144, 68.0777



## Tritanopia

63.1718, 65.5445, 81.9949

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

59.9679, 65.3383, 67.2085

## Protanomaly

61.3447, 64.9452, 66.4292

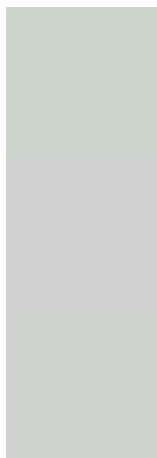
## Deuteranomaly

63.8207, 65.0976, 67.5939

## Tritanomaly

62.0618, 65.4668, 76.3832

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

59.9679, 65.3383, 67.2085

## Achromatopsia

61.2578, 64.4480, 70.1838

## Achromatomaly

60.6919, 64.5525, 68.9356

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 59.9679, 65.3383, 67.2085 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(204, 214, 205) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 214, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 214, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 214, 205) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 59.9679, 65.3383, 67.2085 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 214, 205) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 214, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(204, 214, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 214, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 214, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 214,  
205) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 59.9679, 65.3383, 67.2085 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 214, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204,  
214, 205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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